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SOUTH CAROLINA
LABOR MARKET REVIEW
1988

SOUTH CAROLINA EMPLOYMENT SECURITY COMMISSION

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Prepared in affiliation with the Employment and Training Administration and the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section

GEOGRAPHY AND AREA STATISTICS I

EMPLOYMENT SECURITY PROGRAMS II

POPULATION III

LABOR FORCE IV

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT V

UNEMPLOYMENT PROFILES VI

JOB SERVICE ACTIVITIES VII

INCOME VIII

EDUCATION IX

PROJECTIONS X

APPENDIX

GLOSSARY A-1

CONTACTS FOR INFORMATION ON SOUTH CAROLINA A-5

SMALL BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CENTERS A-8

LABOR MARKET INFORMATION BY UNIT RESPONSIBLE AND TOPIC A-9

MAP OF JOB SERVICE LOCAL OFFICES A-11

JOB SERVICE LOCAL OFFICE DIRECTORY A-12

INTRODUCTION

The South Carolina Employment Security Commission's Labor Market Information Division's major function is to provide timely statistics on the labor market for the state, counties, and sub-state areas.

The roots of the Labor Market Information Division go back to April 16, 1937, when an agency Research and Statistics section was established. According to the agency's 1937 Annual Report, "the new branch immediately began formulating a program of research with the view of making continuous studies of factors which affect the administration of the South Carolina Unemployment Compensation Act and the solvency of the unemployment trust fund."

Over the ensuing years, the division compiled statistics from the employment and wage records received, prepared numerous reports and studies, and developed statistical data to guide the future trends of Unemployment Compensation. The division began collecting new, more timely employment data in 1949, when it became a cooperating representative in the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) monthly survey on establishment employment (BLS-790 program). This new endeavor has resulted in many new, improved data resources over the years, such as hours and earnings information, labor force data, and labor turnover.

During its existence, the LMI Division has responded to a variety of legislative mandates requiring labor market statistics and analysis, most recently the Comprehensive Employment and Training Act (1973) and the Job Training Partnership Act (1982).

The LMI Division is responsible for a wide range of labor market statistical analyses and research. Supportive services are provided to the agency's operational divisions, and labor market information is developed for use by individuals, private industry, and the government sector.

The LMI Division annually publishes the South Carolina Labor Market Review (LMR) as a comprehensive source of a wide variety of labor market information.

The LMR can be used by planners in all areas of public and private economic and human resource development, as well as individuals seeking information on the state's economy and labor market. Included in the LMR is information on such topics as programs available through Employment Security; characteristics of the population and labor force; analyses of employment and unemployment; income and education patterns; and current projections on the population, labor force, industries, and occupations.

The Appendix section of this report contains a list of specific types of information available through the Labor Market Information Division. Also provided in the Appendix is a glossary of commonly used terms and acronyms related to labor market programs and data.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The South Carolina Labor Market Review was prepared by the staff of the Labor Market Information (LMI) Division of the South Carolina Employment Security Commission, under the direction of David L. Laird.

Production of the South Carolina Labor Market Review was coordinated by Brenda McDuffie of the Economic Analysis Unit.

Please direct comments, questions, or requests for further information concerning this report to Joe Ward, Economic Analysis Unit Supervisor, at (803) 737-2660.

GEOGRAPHY AND AREA STATISTICS

A LOOK AT "THE PALMETTO STATE"

The "Palmetto State," as South Carolina is known, is one of the southeastern Atlantic Coast states. The state has a triangular shape. Located on the northern boundary is the state of North Carolina, on the southwestern boundary is Georgia, and on the southeast is the Atlantic Ocean. The state has a generally mild, humid climate throughout the year, with four distinct seasons. Winter brings an average snowfall accumulation in the northwestern part of the state of 2 inches, which dwindles to an average of 0.1 inch in the southeastern part of the state. Monthly precipitation usually averages from 3.82 inches in the north central region to 5.76 inches in the mountainous areas. Temperatures average 45^{0}F in mid-winter and around 85^{0}F-90^{0}F in mid-summer.

South Carolina consists of 46 counties and has a population of 3,425,000 according to 1987 preliminary population estimates. The state has a land area of 30,203 square miles, which includes a 186-mile coastline. The state is relatively densely populated, with an average of 113 persons per square mile as compared to the national average of 69 persons per square mile. The population in South Carolina is increasing at a much faster rate than the nation. From 1980 to 1987, South Carolina realized a 9.7 percent increase in its population, while the nation only saw a 7.4 percent increase. South Carolina is also comparatively younger than the nation; the median age in the state is 30.4 years, while that for the nation is 31.7 years.

South Carolina has seven Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA's), as designated by the Census Bureau according to their size and commuting patterns. With a population of 570,210, the Greenville-Spartanburg MSA (comprised of Greenville, Spartanburg, and Pickens counties) is the largest of the MSA's. This MSA is located in the northwestern-most area of the state and is highly industrialized. The Charleston MSA (Charleston, Berkeley, and Dorchester counties) is second largest, with 430,462. This area is on the state's central coast and is a major center for commercial shipping. The third largest MSA is Columbia (Richland and Lexington counties) with 409,925. Located in the heart of the state, this area includes the state capital and is the center of state governmental affairs.

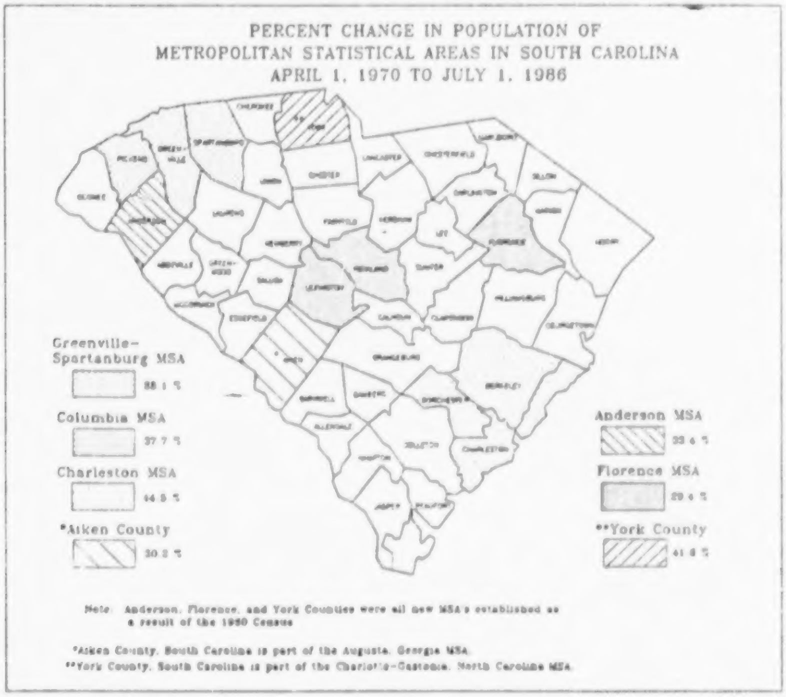
Until the 1980 Census was initiated, Greenville- Spartanburg, Charleston, and Columbia were the only MSA's in the state. After 1980 Census figures were tabulated, the areas of Anderson County (population 133,235) and Florence County (population 110,163) also were designated as MSA's. The Anderson MSA is located adjacent to Greenville in the highly industrialized northwestern section of the state. The Florence MSA is situated in the eastern segment of the state, which is a major agricultural region.

South Carolina also has two other counties that are part of MSA's crossing state lines. With a population of 105,625, Aiken County is part of the Augusta, Georgia-South Carolina MSA. York County, with a population of 106,720, is part of the Charlotte-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina MSA.

POPULATION OF METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS
SOUTH CAROLINA
APRIL 1, 1970 to JULY 1, 1986

Areas	Population 1970	1980	1986	% Change 1970-1986
Aiken County	91,023	105,630	118,500	30.2
Anderson MSA* (Anderson County)	105,474	133,235	140,700	33.4
Charleston MSA (Berkeley, Charleston, Dorchester counties)	336,125	430,346	485,600	44.5
Columbia MSA (Lexington, Richland counties)	322,880	409,955	444,700	37.7
Florence MSA* (Florence County)	89,636	110,163	116,000	29.4
Greenville-Spartanburg MSA (Greenville, Spartanburg, Pickens counties)	473,454	570,211	606,400	28.1
York County*	85,216	106,720	120,800	41.8
Total MSA's	1,503,808	1,866,260	2,032,700	35.2
Total State	2,590,713	3,122,737	3,376,000	30.2

*These counties were determined to be MSA's as a result of the 1980 Census.



PERCENT CHANGE IN POPULATION OF METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS IN SOUTH CAROLINA APRIL 1, 1970 TO JULY 1, 1986

Greenville-Spartanburg MSA
28.1 %
Columbia MSA
37.7 %
Charleston MSA
44.5 %
*Aiken County
30.2 %
Anderson MSA
33.4 %
Florence MSA
29.4 %
**York County
41.8 %

Note: Anderson, Florence, and York Counties were all new MSA's established as a result of the 1980 Census

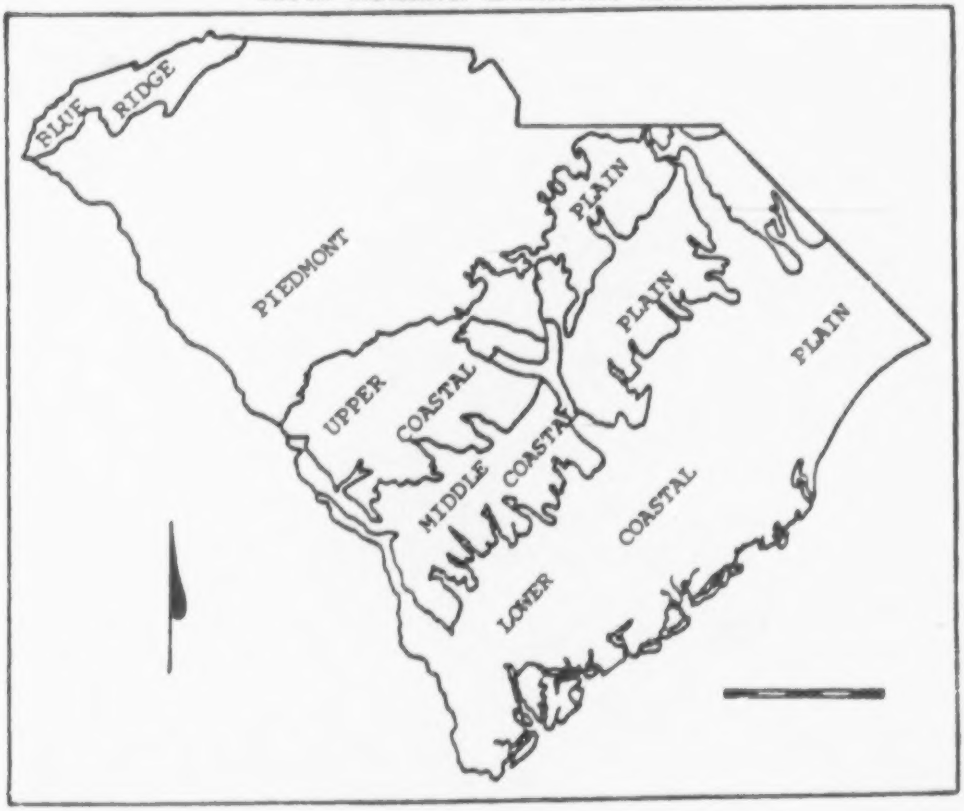
*Aiken County, South Carolina is part of the Augusta, Georgia MSA.

**York County, South Carolina is part of the Charlotte-Gastonia, North Carolina MSA.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

There are three geographic divisions in South Carolina. In the northwestern corner, known as the Appalachian region, the Blue Ridge Mountains give the state its highest elevations. The Piedmont at the base of the mountains is a region of rolling hills and valleys which descend to the broad, flat Coastal Plain (lowland) area. The Coastal Plain region which comprises about two thirds of the state, extends to the Atlantic Coast. Here the land disperses into many small offshore islands.

SOUTH CAROLINA GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS



The Palmetto State offers many geographical assets to its residents and visitors. Only 250 miles separate the mountains and the seashore, making both very accessible to vacationers. The state also has many streams, rivers, ponds, lakes, and reservoirs available to those who enjoy water recreation. The variety of the land types and fertile soil gives the state prime potential for industrial and agricultural pursuits. Much of the land is already devoted to forestry and pulpwood growing.

Quick, easy travel within and through the Palmetto State is facilitated by the network of interstate highways, which include I-20, I-26, I-77, I-95, and I-85. Towns and cities around these transportation routes are growing at a fast pace and are continuing the state's evolutionary process from rural communities to urbanized areas.

SOUTH CAROLINA'S RANKING AMONG THE 50 STATES

Item	Rank	S.C.	U.S.
Total population, July 1, 1987, est.	24	3,425,000	243,400,000
Total population, 1980 Census	24	3,121,820	226,546,000
Percent change in population, 1980-1987, est.	15	9.7%	7.4%
Projected population 1990	25	3,549,000	249,891,000
Percent of population 65 and older, 1986	39	10.5%	12.1%
Birth rate per 1,000 population, 1985	24	15.6%	15.8%
Land area (square miles)	40	30,203	3,539,289
Population density (per square mile of land area), 1987, est.	20	113	69
Total area (square miles)	40	31,113	3,618,700
Percent high school graduates (25 years old and older), 1980	49	53.7%	66.5%
Public school teachers' salaries, 1984, avg.	44	$17,500	$20,500
Public school teachers' salaries, 1987, avg.	34	$23,190	$26,551
Per capita personal income, 1987	42	$11,858	$15,340
Percent of persons below poverty level, 1979	9	16.6%	12.4%
New housing units started, 1985	19	32,200	1,736,300
Civilian labor force, 1987	26	1,632,000	119,865,000
Unemployment rate, 1987	30	5.6%	6.2%

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

EMPLOYMENT SECURITY PROGRAMS

LABOR MARKET INFORMATION: WORKING HARD TO KEEP SOUTH CAROLINA INFORMED

For over 50 years, labor market information, or LMI, has been a household term around the S. C. Employment Security Commission. But just what is LMI? Who uses it? How is it used?

According to the United States Department of Labor, labor market information "describes the dynamics of employment opportunities and the work force. It is obtained by measuring and evaluating the various factors that influence the supply of and demand for workers in a specific geographic area." More simply speaking, LMI includes data that help to measure changes taking place in the world of work.

There are three major components of labor market information:
(1) Labor force information - data on employment, unemployment, and characteristics of the population;
(2) Occupational information - characteristics of occupations and jobs; and
(3) Placement assistance information - used in job search activities.

The Labor Market Information Division of the South Carolina Employment Security Commission is the primary producer of labor market data in our state. In fact, the majority of all state and local labor market data in the country are developed by the 54 state employment security agencies. Much of the data are produced through statistical programs they operate in coordination with agencies of the U. S. Department of Labor.

At the state level, data are collected on such items as employment, unemployment, hours worked, wages earned, and occupational projections. Experienced labor market analysts and statisticians in the state analyze and distribute the data that are collected. These data are also supplemented with additional statistical information, such as that provided by the Census Bureau.

At the national level, labor market data are developed by the U. S. Department of Labor. Much of this national information is used for program management purposes and in the allocation of federal funds. At both the state and local level, public and private sector employers are among the biggest users of LMI. Employers need to be aware of such things as local demographics; labor force characteristics; area labor supply and demand; local wage rates; and changes occurring in the state, local, and national economies. In response to these needs, LMI plays an important role in keeping business and industry planners aware of their environment in order to thrive in a world of intense competition.

Job seekers represent another important LMI user group. This group includes students or recent graduates planning lifetime careers, new residents or those considering relocation, adults wishing to change careers, and dislocated workers who must seek jobs in new industries. These people all have different needs; however, they all require some type of labor market information to make their job search activities successful.

Counselors, planners, and administrators in schools, vocational education, rehabilitation, correctional agencies, and many other settings also can utilize LMI in their daily work activities. These individuals need to keep abreast of local job opportunities and economic changes in order to effectively serve their clients.

In South Carolina, there are numerous regular publications that provide various types of labor market and economic data. These are listed and described in the annual South Carolina Labor Market Information Directory. In addition, experienced analysts are available to discuss specific LMI data needs at any time.

For more information, contact the LMI Division of the South Carolina Employment Security Commission, P. O. Box 995, Columbia, SC 29202; (803) 737-2660.

THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE AND EMPLOYMENT SERVICE PROGRAMS: WORKING TOGETHER TO KEEP SOUTH CAROLINIANS AT WORK

The responsibility for employment security is both a state and federal endeavor. The Employment Service (ES) and Unemployment Insurance (UI) programs operate in accordance with federal regulations and procedures, and must meet minimum federal standards and guidelines. These regulations provide a level of consistency among states. The bond that relates the two programs is the requirement by all states that Unemployment Insurance claimants be available to work, and that they register with the Employment Service. UI recipients are thus exposed to the job market each time they file for benefits. Of course, the Employment Service is open to all citizens and employers in South Carolina, not just UI claimants.

The principal source of funding for UI is the Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund under Titles III and XI of the Social Security Act of 1935. These titles created the present system of Unemployment Insurance and the UI Trust Fund. Under this system both a federal and a state tax are levied against employers covered by the legislation. The federal portion is used to pay the administrative costs of the Employment Service and Unemployment Insurance programs.

The first ES/UI local office in South Carolina was opened in 1938. By the end of that year, there were 19 local offices throughout the state. Today ES/UI services are available at 32 fulltime offices covering all 46 counties. In the program year just completed, over 118,000 jobs were filled by ES offices in the state. Also, over $103 million dollars were paid out in benefits by UI offices.

The ES program provides the only labor market intermediary that is free of charge to all job seekers and employers. The data provided by the ES local offices constitutes the most accessible, centralized, and systematic source of local labor market information available.

The ES and UI programs have performed noble tasks for the people of South Carolina and the nation. With the continued support and cooperation of business and government leaders, these two programs in partnership will continue to help keep South Carolinians, as well as all Americans, from suffering the indignities of unemployment.

More detailed information on recent Unemployment Insurance and Employment Service activities in the state can be found in Sections VI and VII. A listing of local offices across the state is provided in the Appendix.

In addition to the Unemployment Insurance and traditional labor exchange activities, the following programs are also available through the South Carolina Employment Security Commission.

SPECIAL APPLICANT GROUPS

YOUTHS

Any applicant under 22 years of age qualifies for special youth services. This group of youths usually needs special assistance due to lack of experience, education not directly related to existing job opportunities, or lack of a definite vocational goal.

Under the Employment Service Cooperative School Program, high school seniors and dropouts are furnished intensive counseling, testing, referral, and placement services. Placements are made in summer, part-time, and permanent positions.

OLDER WORKERS

Recognizing that some older workers (45 and over) experience difficulties when changing jobs or entering the labor force for the first time, local office staff help members of this group obtain suitable services, training, or employment. Cooperation with other agencies serving older people is also maintained.

VETERANS

The Employment Security Comission has continued to provide special consideration to those who have served in the armed forces. Its program is designed to aid veterans in returning to the civilian lifestyle and the labor force. Assistance is available in the form of counseling, testing, training, and placement to eligible veterans under the Servicemen's Readjustment Benefit Act of 1966 and the Vietnam Era Veteran's Readjustment Assistance Act of 1974.

HANDICAPPED INDIVIDUALS

Special services are also provided to applicants with physical and/or mental handicaps that substantially limit one or more of life's activities. This program seeks to provide handicapped persons with equal opportunity for employment and equal pay in competition with other applicants, employment at the highest skill permitted by their physical or mental abilities and other occupational qualifications, satisfactory adjustments to their chosen occupations and work situations, and employment that will not endanger others or aggravate their own disabilities.

MIGRANT SEASONAL FARM WORKERS (MSFW'S)

Special attention is directed toward making available to these applicants the full range of counseling, testing, training, and job referral services on a qualitatively equivalent and quantitatively proportionate basis as are provided to nonfarm workers. The agency endeavors to shift the seasonal work force from areas of supply to areas of demand. The Monitor Advocate monitors services rendered to this group to ensure that they receive equity of access and that an effective complaint system for all applicants is available.

SPECIAL EMPLOYABILITY PROGRAMS

TARGETED JOBS TAX CREDIT (TJTC)

The South Carolina Employment Security Commission is responsible for the overall organization, management, and monitoring of TJTC. The purpose of the program is to provide jobs for persons who have the most difficulty in securing employment by giving employers a tax credit for hiring them.

WORK INCENTIVE PROGRAM (WIN)

The Work Incentive Program was authorized by the 1967 amendments to the Social Security Act and subsequently by the 1971 amendments. It is a joint, statewide effort by the Employment Security Commission and the Department of Social Services to provide Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) welfare recipients services necessary to prepare them for productive employment. Local Social Service representatives have the responsibility to arrange for social, medical, and child care services, while Job Service is charged with providing appraisals, employability planning, work and training assignments, job placement, and follow-up services. Under the 1971 amendments to the Social Security Act, effective July 1, 1972, all nonexempt AFDC welfare recipients are required to register with Job Service for WIN training and employment. Under Universal WIN Registration, effective October 1, 1986, DSS assumed responsibility for the WIN registration requirement.

JOB TRAINING PARTNERSHIP ACT (JTPA)

The Employment Security Commission contracts with the Governor's Office, Division of Employment and Training; Charleston County; and Greenville County for all JTPA training programs, except Job Corps. The agency's Job Corps activities are funded directly by the Job Corps Regional Office, U. S. Department of Labor. Also, the Employment Security Commission is the administering agent for all JTPA matters for Richland County and the consortium of Cherokee, Spartanburg, and Union counties.

The Employment Security Commission provides the following contractual services for the classroom training, on-the-job training, and work experience programs operated by other contracting state agencies throughout the state: (1) outreach recruitment, (2) eligibility certification, (3) assessment counseling, and (4) initial orientation to JTPA. Participants in the JTPA program have access to all of the services performed by the agency.

The agency contracts with the Governor's Office, Division of Employment and Training, disbursing needs-based and participant support payments.

The Labor Market Information (LMI) Division of the Employment Security Commission is a provider of data used in JTPA planning and funds allocation. One of the major responsibilities of LMI is the development of primary statistics on labor force, employment, unemployment, and unemployment rates for the state, counties, and substate areas. The unemployment rates are used for the allocation of federal funds under JTPA and other legislative mandates.

SOUTH CAROLINA OCCUPATIONAL INFORMATION COORDINATING COMMITTEE (SCOICC)

The South Carolina Occupational Information Coordinating Committee exists to improve the school-to-work transition for young South Carolinians--the work force on whom our state's economic future must depend.

The SCOICC was first authorized by the 1976 Amendments to the 1963 Vocational Education Act, and operates today under the Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Act and the Job Training Partnership Act.

Nine state agencies -- all involved in one way or another with the school-to-work transition--are brought together in the consortium that is the SCOICC:

Statutory Members
- Employment Security Commission
- Office of Vocational Rehabilitation
- Department of Vocational Education
- Office of the Governor
- State Development Board

Other Members
- State Board of Technical and Comprehensive Education
- Commission on Higher Education
- State Budget and Control Board, Research and Statistical Services Division
- Department of Social Services

The South Carolina Employment Security Commission is the fiscal agent for SCOICC and its Executive Director, Robert E. David, is SCOICC Chairman.

This consortium's task is not to compile information; rather, it is to coordinate the compilation and use of the information to best meet the needs of those preparing for the workplace.

A major function of SCOICC is the operation of SCOIS--the South Carolina Occupational Information System. SCOIS is a computerized method of delivering up-to-date career, educational, and occupational information quickly and efficiently to the people who need it most.

PREP is an activity book designed to help students assess their interests and abilities as they relate to the world of work. Over 3,000 copies of PREP have been distributed to SCOIS users.

SCOIS Video Overview is an 11-minute video presentation developed by the South Carolina Employment Security Commission to explain SCOIS. Its purpose is to provide an awareness of SCOIS and its use in effective career planning. It is also designed to familiarize government leaders, decision makers, and general audiences with the SCOIS program.

Campus Voice is an appealing magazine devoted to educationl and career planning. It is given free each year to the state's graduating high school seniors. Featured in the magazine is a special section on the outlook for jobs.

The Network is a newsletter sent out three times a year to keep guidance counselors and others abreast of SCOIS activities.

Kaleidoscope of Careers is a career information video product available free to SCOIS users. It presents a video and narrative overview of 200 occupations with visual presentations of people performing in the various occupations. Kaleidoscope of Careers is directed toward career exploration at the upper elementary and middle school levels.

Picking Your Path is a free career guidance video designed for elementary school children. With assistance from a puppet and a "fun" computer, various career fields are illustrated by people in their workplace who discuss what they do and how they chose their career.

It's a New World is a career information video featuring six occupations in scientific and technical fields. The purpose of this video, designed for the middle school level, is to illustrate the importance of math and science in occupations.

SCOIS is a program that reaches a large, growing number of people, and continues to have a positive impact on South Carolina's economic well-being. For more information, contact Ms. Carol Kososki, SCOICC Director, at (803) 737-2733.

THE PERMANENT MASS LAYOFF & PLANT CLOSING (PMLPC) PROGRAM

The Permanent Mass Layoff and Plant Closing program is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics as a standardized approach to identifying and describing the impact of major permanent job cutbacks. Its major features include the following:

(1) the identification of major layoffs and closings through Unemployment Insurance (UI) initial claims filed against the separating employer, with at least 50 initial claims filed against an establishment in a three-week period qualifying as a major layoff;

(2) the use of automated files on businesses and UI claimants to obtain most of the basic demographic and economic characteristics of the firms and individuals;

(3) employer contact to obtain specific information on the nature of the layoff, with all collected information kept strictly confidential;

(4) assessment of the continuing impact of the permanent layoff or plant closing on affected individuals through determination of their monthly UI claims status; and

(5) the identification of the exhaustion of UI benefits by affected workers.

Data collected through the PMLPC program may prove useful to the JTPA program in identifying and planning training for individuals in areas adversely affected by permanent mass layoffs. These data may also be useful in meeting many UI information needs (including legislative) on both the state and national levels. See section VI for detailed information obtained from the PMLPC program.

POPULATION

POPULATION HIGHLIGHTS

The 1980 Census showed South Carolina with a population of 3,121,700. This was a 21.0 percent increase from the 1970 figure. Dorchester County recorded the largest percent gain in population, 83.0 percent, from 1970 to 1980, while Chester County experienced the smallest gain, 1.1 percent. The only county to experience a decrease in population was McCormick, dropping two percent. In 1980 the Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA's) in South Carolina accounted for 60 percent of the total state population.

South Carolina's estimated population in July 1986 was 3,376,000, an 8.2 percent increase over 1980. Berkeley County reported the largest estimated percent gain, 31.0 percent, while McCormick County recorded the only loss, 6.4 percent. The population of all MSA's in South Carolina increased 8.9 percent over the six-year period. They continued to account for approximately 60 percent of the total state population.

Based on 1980 Census data, almost 7 out of 10 persons in South Carolina were white. Dorchester County registered the largest gain in white population from 1970 to 1980 (107 percent). The largest gain in black population was recorded in Richland County (42 percent).

Women accounted for 51 percent of the total state population in 1980; this percentage did not change with the 1986 estimates. Females represented 51 percent of the white population, while they accounted for almost 53 percent of the black population in 1980.

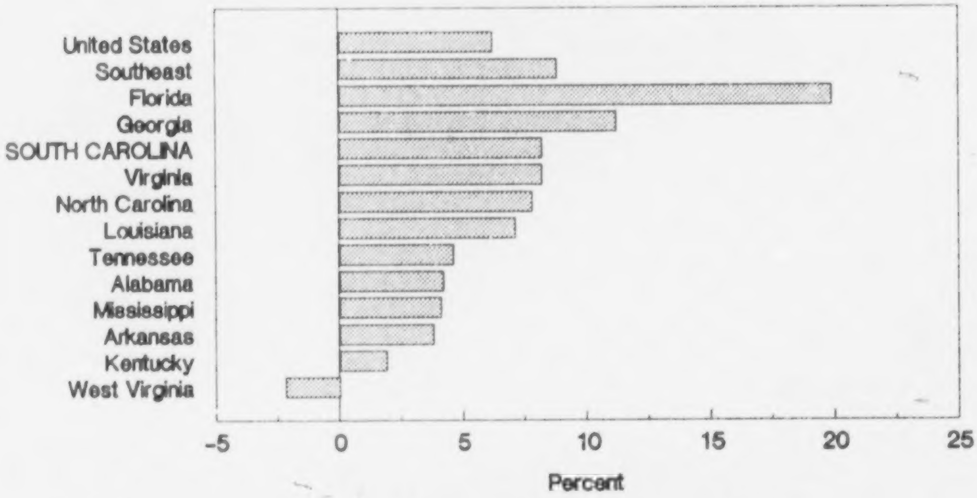
The age group 45 years and older accounted for 28.0 percent of the total state population in 1980. This percentage remained constant through 1986. The age group 21 years and under represented 39.0 percent of the state population in 1980. The age group 65 years and older represented 9.2 percent of the 1980 state population. By 1986, this age group represented 10.5 percent of South Carolinians. The median age of the population of South Carolina in 1980 was 28 years; by 1986, the estimated median age increased to 30 years. Whites had a higher median age (30.2 years) than blacks (23.8 years). Newberry County had the highest median age in 1980 at 32.3 years. The county with the lowest median age was Beaufort with 24.5 years.

RESIDENT POPULATION
UNITED STATES AND SOUTHEASTERN STATES
1980 AND 1986

AREA	1980 CENSUS	1986 ESTIMATE	CHANGE	
			NUMBER	PERCENT
UNITED STATES	226,504,800	240,523,000	14,018,200	6.2
SOUTHEAST	52,648,700	57,275,000	4,626,300	8.8
Alabama	3,890,100	4,052,000	161,900	4.2
Arkansas	2,285,500	2,372,000	86,500	3.8
Florida	9,740,000	11,675,000	1,939,000	19.9
Georgia	5,464,300	6,104,000	639,700	11.2
Kentucky	3,661,400	3,729,000	67,600	1.9
Louisiana	4,204,000	4,501,000	297,000	7.1
Mississippi	2,520,600	2,625,000	104,400	4.1
North Carolina	5,874,400	6,333,000	458,600	7.8
SOUTH CAROLINA	**3,121,700**	**3,376,000**	**254,300**	**8.2**
Tennessee	4,590,800	4,803,000	212,200	4.6
Virginia	5,346,300	5,787,000	440,700	8.2
West Virginia	1,961,000	1,918,000	-43,000	-2.2

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

PERCENT CHANGE IN RESIDENT POPULATION UNITED STATES AND SOUTHEASTERN STATES
1980 - 1986



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

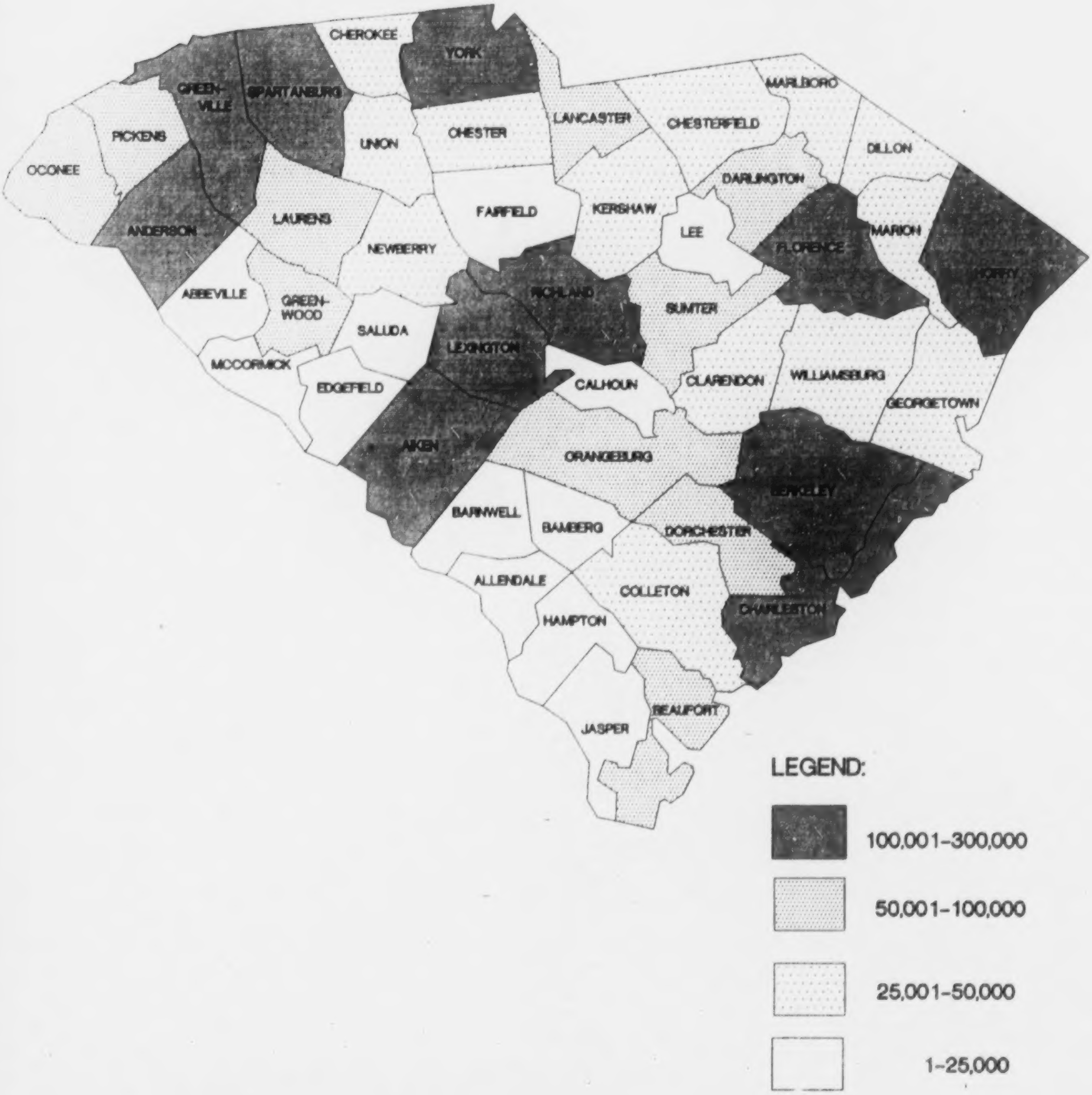
ESTIMATES OF THE POPULATION OF SOUTH CAROLINA COUNTIES
JULY 1, 1986

COUNTY	1980 CENSUS	JULY 1, 1986 ESTIMATE	1980-1986 CHANGE NUMBER	PERCENT
Abbeville	22,627	22,600	--	--
Aiken	105,630	118,500	12,900	12.2
Allendale	10,700	10,600	-100	-0.9
Anderson	133,235	140,700	7,500	5.6
Bamberg	18,118	18,200	100	0.5
Barnwell	19,868	21,000	1,100	5.5
Beaufort	65,364	83,100	17,700	27.1
Berkeley	94,745	123,700	29,000	30.6
Calhoun	12,206	12,200	--	--
Charleston	276,573	286,300	9,700	3.5
Cherokee	40,983	41,100	100	0.2
Chester	30,148	30,700	500	1.7
Chesterfield	38,161	38,600	400	1.0
Clarendon	27,464	28,200	700	2.5
Colleton	31,776	34,600	2,800	8.8
Darlington	62,717	64,300	1,600	2.6
Dillon	31,083	32,300	1,200	3.9
Dorchester	59,028	75,600	16,600	28.1
Edgefield	17,528	18,000	500	2.9
Fairfield	20,700	21,200	500	2.4
Florence	110,163	116,000	5,900	5.4
Georgetown	42,461	47,000	45,000	10.6
Greenville	287,896	306,300	18,400	6.4
Greenwood	55,859	58,000	2,200	3.9
Hampton	18,159	18,800	700	3.9
Horry	101,419	130,600	29,200	28.8
Jasper	14,504	15,000	500	3.4
Kershaw	39,015	42,600	3,600	9.2
Lancaster	53,361	55,000	1,600	3.0
Laurens	52,214	53,500	1,300	2.5
Lee	18,929	18,800	-100	-0.5
Lexington	140,353	170,100	29,700	21.2
McCormick	7,797	7,300	-500	-6.4
Marion	34,179	34,500	400	1.2
Marlboro	31,634	31,700	100	0.3
Newberry	31,242	32,100	800	2.6
Oconee	48,611	53,100	4,500	9.3
Orangeburg	82,276	87,300	5,100	6.2
Pickens	79,292	87,500	8,200	10.3
Richland	269,602	274,600	5,000	1.9
Saluda	16,141	17,100	1,000	6.2
Spartanburg	203,023	212,600	9,600	4.7
Sumter	88,243	95,000	6,700	7.6
Union	30,764	30,300	-500	-1.6
Williamsburg	38,226	38,200	--	--
York	106,720	120,800	14,100	13.2
TOTAL	3,121,737	3,376,000	254,000	8.2

--: Less than 100.

SOURCE: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

SOUTH CAROLINA'S POPULATION DISTRIBUTION BY COUNTY 1986


CHEROKEE
YORK
GREEN-VILLE
SPARTANBURG
MARLBORO
PICKENS
UNION
CHESTER
LANCASTER
CHESTERFIELD
DILLON
OCONEE
DARLINGTON
LAURENS
FAIRFIELD
KERSHAW
LEE
MARION
ANDERSON
NEWBERRY
FLORENCE
HORRY
ABBEVILLE
GREEN-WOOD
RICHLAND
SUMTER
SALUDA
LEXINGTON
MCCORMICK
EDGEFIELD
CALHOUN
CLARENDON
WILLIAMSBURG
GEORGETOWN
AIKEN
ORANGEBURG
BERKELEY
BARNWELL
BAMBERG
DORCHESTER
ALLENDALE
COLLETON
CHARLESTON
HAMPTON
BEAUFORT
JASPER
LEGEND:
100,001-300,000
50,001-100,000
25,001-50,000
1-25,000

SOURCE: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

POPULATION OF SOUTH CAROLINA METROPOLITAN STATISTISTICAL AREAS 1/
April 1, 1980 & July 1, 1986

	POPULATION		CHANGE		PERCENT OF STATE POP.	
AREAS:	1980	1986	NET	PERCENT	1980	1986
AIKEN COUNTY 2/	105,630	118,500	12,870	12.2	3.4	3.5
ANDERSON COUNTY 3/	133,235	140,700	7,465	5.6	4.3	4.2
Anderson County	133,235	140,700	7,465	5.6	4.3	4.2
CHARLESTON MSA	430,346	485,600	55,254	12.8	13.8	14.4
Charleston County	276,573	286,300	9,727	3.5	8.9	8.5
Berkeley County	94,745	123,700	28,955	30.6	3.0	3.7
Dorchester County	59,028	75,600	16,572	28.1	1.9	2.2
COLUMBIA MSA	409,955	444,700	34,745	8.5	13.1	13.2
Richland County	269,602	274,600	4,998	1.9	8.6	8.1
Lexington County	140,353	170,100	29,747	21.2	4.5	5.0
FLORENCE MSA 3/	110,163	116,000	5,837	5.3	3.5	3.4
Florence County	110,163	116,000	5,837	5.3	3.5	3.4
G'VILLE-SPARTANBURG MSA	570,211	606,400	36,189	6.3	18.3	18.0
Greenville County	287,896	306,300	18,404	6.4	9.2	9.1
Spartanburg County	203,023	212,600	9,577	4.7	6.5	6.3
Pickens County	79,292	87,500	8,208	10.4	2.5	2.6
YORK COUNTY 4/	106,720	120,800	14,080	13.2	3.4	3.6
TOTAL MSA'S	1,866,260	2,032,700	166,440	8.9	59.8	60.2
TOTAL STATE POPULATION	3,121,737	3,376,000	254,263	8.1	100.0	100.0

1/ Under the 1980 standards, an area qualifies for recognition as an MSA in one of two ways: If there is a city of 50,000 population or an urbanized area of 50,000 with a total metropolitan population of at least 100,000.

2/ Aiken County, South Carolina, is part of the Augusta, Georgia, MSA.

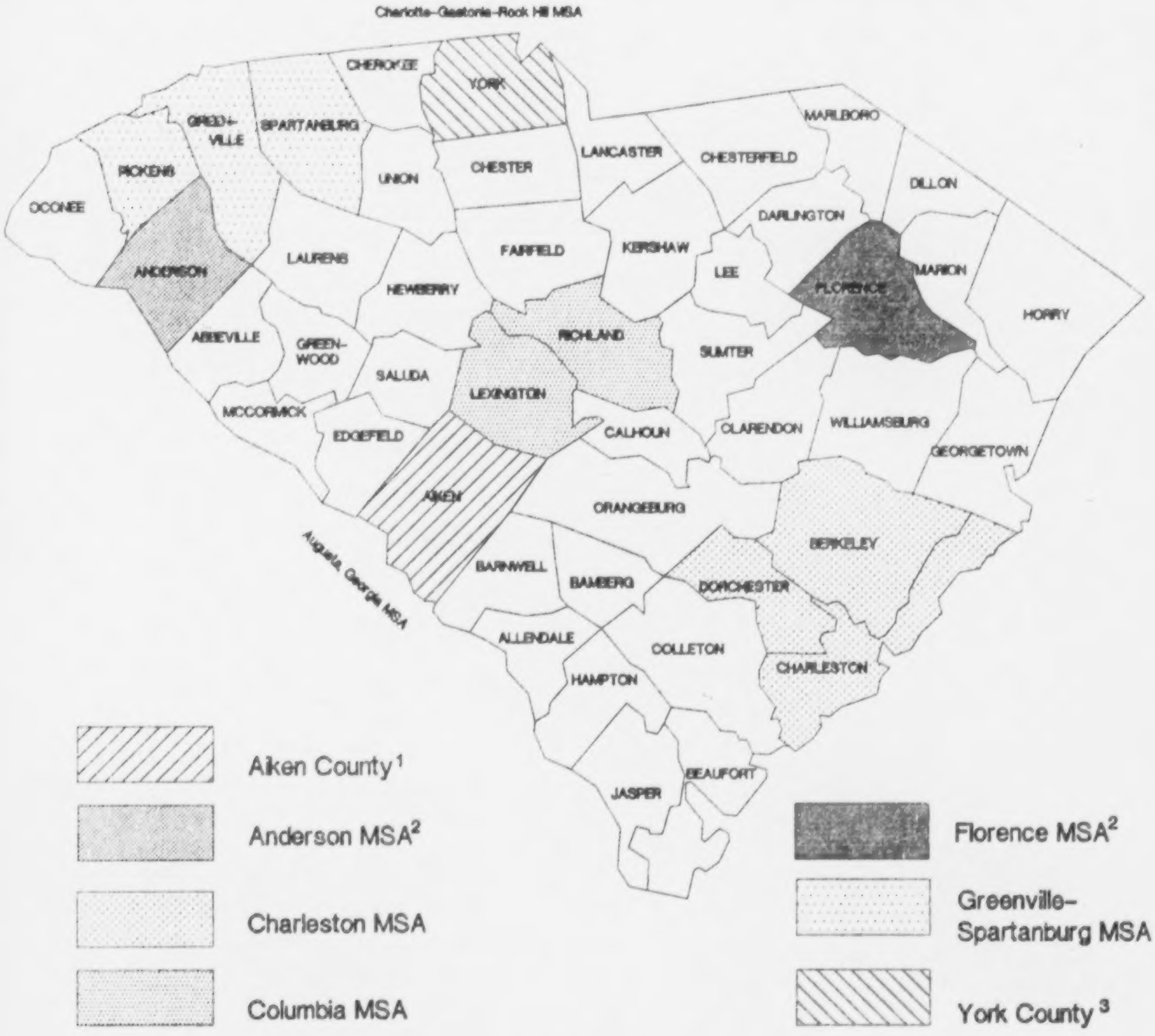
3/ A new MSA for South Carolina as a result of the 1980 Census.

4/ York County, South Carolina, is part of the Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding

SOURCE: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

SOUTH CAROLINA'S METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS


Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA
CHEROKEE
YORK
MARLBORO
GREEN-VILLE
SPARTANBURG
LANCASTER
CHESTERFIELD
DILLON
PICKENS
UNION
CHESTER
OCONEE
DARLINGTON
ANDERSON
LAURENS
FAIRFIELD
KERSHAW
LEE
FLORENCE
MARION
NEWBERRY
HORRY
RICHLAND
ABBEVILLE
GREEN-WOOD
SALUDA
SUMTER
LEXINGTON
MCCORMICK
EDGEFIELD
CALHOUN
CLARENDON
WILLIAMSBURG
GEORGETOWN
AIKEN
ORANGEBURG
Augusta, Georgia MSA
BERKELEY
BARNWELL
BAMBERG
DORCHESTER
ALLENDALE
COLLETON
CHARLESTON
HAMPTON
BEAUFORT
JASPER
Aiken County¹
Anderson MSA²
Charleston MSA
Columbia MSA
Florence MSA²
Greenville-Spartanburg MSA
York County³

1/ Aiken County, South Carolina, is part of the Augusta, Georgia, MSA.
2/ A new MSA for South Carolina as a result of the 1980 Census.
3/ York County, South Carolina, is part of the Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

RANK AND ESTIMATED POPULATION OF INCORPORATED PLACES OF 5,000 OR MORE IN SOUTH CAROLINA
1986

1986 RANK	INCORPORATED PLACE	COUNTY	APRIL 1, 1980 CENSUS	JULY 1, 1986 ESTIMATE	PERCENT CHANGE 1980-86
1	Columbia City	Richland	101,202	93,020	-8.1
2	Charleston City	Charleston	69,770	68,900	-1.3
3	North Charleston City	Tri-County 1/	62,509	61,430	-1.7
4	Greenville City	Greenville	58,242	58,370	0.2
5	Spartanburg City	Spartanburg	43,826	44,210	0.9
6	Rock Hill City	York	36,394	41,930	15.2
7	Florence City	Florence	29,844	31,670	6.1
8	Sumter City	Sumter	26,841	28,740	7.1
9	Anderson City	Anderson	27,549	28,680	4.1
10	Myrtle Beach City	Horry	19,702	27,980	42.0
11	Goose Creek City	Berkeley	17,811	25,020	40.5
12	Greenwood City	Greenwood	21,613	22,230	2.9
13	Mount Pleasant Town	Charleston	17,735	22,070	24.4
14	Hilton Head Island Town	Beaufort	11,239	18,420	63.9
15	Aiken City	Aiken	14,978	18,290	22.1
16	Summerville Town	Dorchester	11,985	17,170	43.3
17	Easley City	Pickens	14,264	17,080	19.7
18	North Augusta City	Aiken	13,593	16,290	19.8
19	Orangeburg City	Orangeburg	14,933	15,420	3.3
20	Hanahan City	Berkley	13,224	13,710	3.7
21	Gaffney City	Cherokee	13,453	13,560	0.8
22	Conway City	Horry	10,240	13,530	32.1
23	Greer City	Dual-County 2/	10,525	13,040	23.9
24	Simpsonville Town	Greenville	9,037	12,640	39.9
25	West Columbia City	Lexington	11,087	11,240	1.4
26	Cayce City	Lexington	11,701	11,020	-5.8
27	Georgetown City	Georgetown	10,144	10,740	5.9
28	Laurens City	Laurens	10,587	10,570	-0.2
29	Union City	Union	10,523	10,210	-3.0
30	Lancaster City	Lancaster	9,709	10,110	4.1
31	Newberry Town	Newberry	9,866	9,970	1.1
32	Clinton City	Laurens	9,969	9,770	-2.0
33	Hartsville City	Darlington	8,880	9,380	5.6
34	Bennettsville City	Marlboro	9,549	9,360	-2.0
35	Beaufort City	Beaufort	8,634	9,190	6.4
36	Mauldin City	Greenville	8,152	9,000	10.4
37	York City	York	6,412	8,660	35.1
38	Seneca Town	Oconee	7,588	8,200	8.1
39	Darlington City	Darlington	7,989	8,110	1.5
40	Marion City	Marion	7,700	7,660	-0.5
41	Camden City	Kershaw	7,462	7,350	-1.5
42	North Myrtle Beach Town	Horry	3,960	7,280	83.8
43	Dillon City	Dillon	7,065	7,100	0.5
44	Walterboro City	Colleton	6,485	7,050	8.7
45	Irmo Town	Dual-County 3/	3,957	7,030	77.7
46	Clemson City	Dual-County 4/	8,366	7,020	-16.1
47	Chester City	Chester	6,820	6,980	2.3
48	Lake City City	Florence	6,731	6,760	0.4
49	Cheraw Town	Chesterfield	5,654	6,070	7.4
50	Abbeville City	Abbeville	5,833	6,030	3.4
51	Barnwell City	Barnwell	5,572	5,960	7.0
52	Fort Mill Town	York	4,162	5,960	43.2
53	Mullins City	Marion	6,068	5,900	-2.8
54	Forest Acres City	Richland	6,063	5,620	-7.3
55	Belton City	Anderson	5,312	5,370	-1.1
56	Moncks Corner Town	Berkeley	4,179	5,330	27.5

1/: Berkeley, Charleston, and Dorchester counties.
2/: Greenville and Spartanburg counties.
3/: Lexington and Richland counties.
4/: Anderson and Pickens counties.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

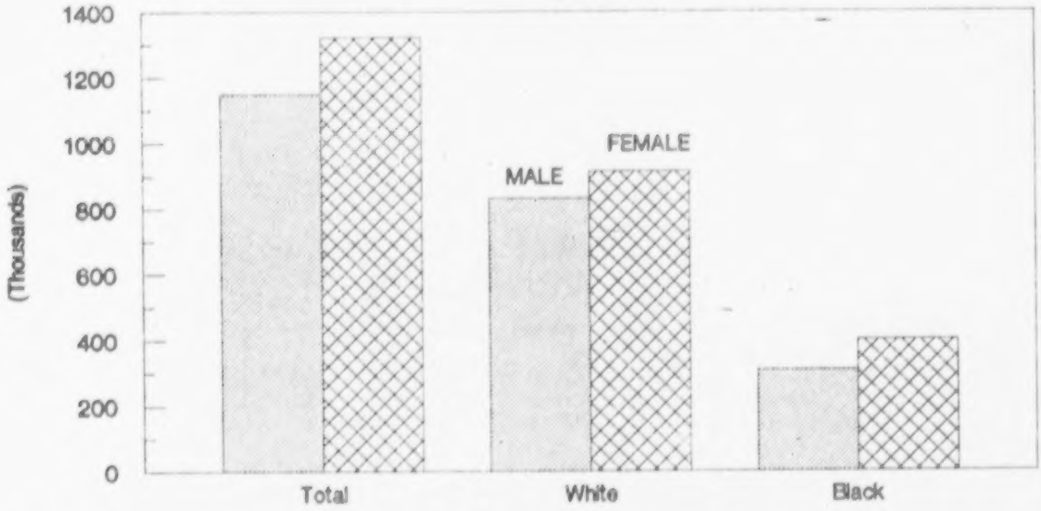
SOUTH CAROLINA POPULATION BY SEX AND AGE
1980 - 1986
(In Thousands)

AGE GROUP	1980 CENSUS	JULY 1, 1986 ESTIMATE	1980-86 PERCENT CHANGE	% OF TOTAL	
				1980	1986
TOTAL	3,122	3,376	8.2	100.0	100.0
Under 5 Years	239	255	6.7	7.6	7.5
5-14 Years	520	513	-1.3	16.6	15.2
15-24 Years	631	594	-5.9	20.2	17.6
25-34 Years	517	605	17.0	16.6	17.9
35-44 Years	351	456	29.9	11.2	13.5
45-54 Years	299	312	4.3	9.6	9.2
55-64 Years	279	287	2.9	8.9	8.5
65-74 Years	190	226	18.9	6.1	6.7
75 Years and over	98	129	31.6	3.1	3.8
5-17 Years	703	682	-3.0	22.5	20.2
Under 18 Years	942	937	-0.5	30.2	27.7
18 Years and over	2,180	2,439	11.9	69.8	72.2
21 Years and over	1,979	2,269	14.6	63.4	67.2
65 Years and over	287	355	23.7	9.2	10.5
Median Age	28.1	30.1	--	--	--
MALE	1,518	1,643	8.2	100.0	100.0
Under 5 Years	122	130	6.5	8.0	7.9
5-14 Years	265	262	-1.1	17.4	15.9
15-24 Years	323	304	-5.9	21.3	18.5
25-34 Years	256	302	18.0	16.9	18.4
35-44 Years	172	224	30.2	11.3	13.6
45-54 Years	142	149	4.9	9.3	9.1
55-64 Years	128	132	3.1	8.4	8.0
65-74 Years	79	98	24.0	5.2	6.0
75 Years and over	32	43	34.4	2.1	2.6
5-17 Years	359	349	-2.8	23.6	21.2
Under 18 Years	481	479	-0.4	31.7	29.1
18 Years and over	1,037	1,164	12.2	68.3	70.8
21 Years and over	933	1,076	15.3	61.5	65.5
65 Years and over	111	140	26.1	7.3	8.5
Median Age	26.7	28.9	--	--	--
FEMALE	1,604	1,734	8.1	100.0	100.0
Under 5 Years	117	125	6.8	7.3	7.2
5-14 Years	255	251	-1.6	15.9	14.5
15-24 Years	308	290	-5.8	19.2	16.7
25-34-Years	261	303	16.1	16.3	17.5
35-44 Years	179	232	29.6	11.2	13.4
45-54 Years	157	163	3.8	9.8	9.4
55-64 Years	151	155	2.6	9.4	8.9
65-74 Years	111	128	15.3	6.9	7.4
75 Years and over	66	86	30.3	4.1	5.0
5-17 Years	345	333	-3.5	21.5	19.2
Under 18 Years	462	458	-0.9	28.8	26.4
18 Years and over	1,143	1,275	11.5	71.3	73.5
21 Years and over	1,045	1,193	14.2	65.1	68.8
65 Years and over	176	215	22.1	11.0	12.4
Median Age	29.4	31.4	--	--	--

NOTE: Includes Armed Forces residing in the state.

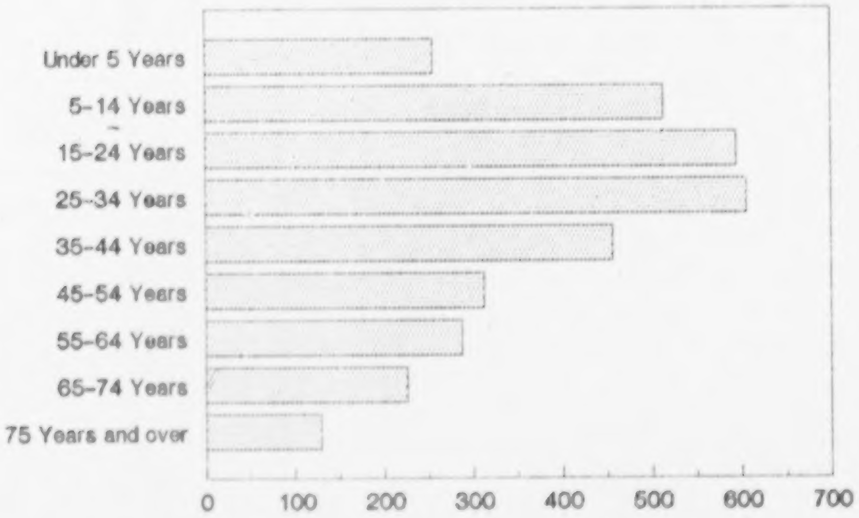
SOURCE: U. S. Department Commerce, Bureau of the Census

CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONAL POPULATION BY SEX AND RACE
SOUTH CAROLINA
1986



SOURCE: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

SOUTH CAROLINA POPULATION BY AGE GROUP
1986



SOURCE: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

ESTIMATES OF THE POPULATION OF SOUTH CAROLINA COUNTIES & COMPONENTS OF CHANGE
APRIL 1, 1980 - JULY 1, 1986

			1980-1986 COMPONENTS OF CHANGE			
COUNTY	APRIL 1, 1980 CENSUS	JULY 1, 1986 CENSUS	TOTAL	BIRTHS	DEATHS	NET MIGRA-TION
Abbeville	22,627	22,600	--	2,000	13,000	-800
Aiken	105,630	118,500	12,900	11,000	5,800	7,700
Allendale	10,700	10,600	-100	1,300	700	-600
Anderson	133,235	140,700	7,500	11,600	7,000	3,000
Bamberg	18,118	18,200	100	1,800	1,000	-700
Barnwell	19,868	21,000	1,100	2,000	1,200	200
Beaufort	65,364	83,100	17,700	8,900	2,900	11,700
Berkeley	94,745	123,700	29,000	13,100	33,000	19,100
Calhoun	12,206	12,200	--	1,200	700	-600
Charleston	276,573	286,300	9,700	33,500	12,600	- 11,200
Cherokee	40,983	41,100	100	3,700	2,200	-1400
Chester	30,148	30,700	500	3,300	1,900	-900
Chesterfield	38,161	38,600	400	3,500	2,200	-900
Clarendon	27,464	28,200	700	2,900	1,500	-600
Colleton	31,776	34,600	2,800	3,400	2,100	1,600
Darlington	62,717	64,300	1,600	5,500	3,600	-400
Dillon	31,083	32,300	1,200	3,400	1,800	-400
Dorchester	59,028	75,600	16,600	7,400	2,600	11,800
Edgefield	17,528	18,000	500	1,800	900	-400
Fairfield	20,700	21,200	500	2,000	1,400	-100
Florence	110,163	116,000	5,900	11,400	6,200	700
Georgetown	42,461	47,000	45,000	4,700	2,200	2,000
Greenville	287,896	306,300	18,400	27,100	14,500	5,800
Greenwood	55,859	58,000	2,200	5,200	3,300	200
Hampton	18,159	18,800	700	2,200	1,000	-400
Horry	101,419	130,600	29,200	11,900	5,600	22,800
Jasper	14,504	15,000	500	1,800	900	-500
Kershaw	39,015	42,600	3,600	3,800	2,000	1,800
Lancaster	53,361	55,000	1,600	4,800	2,600	-500
Laurens	52,214	53,500	1,300	4,700	3,200	-200
Lee	18,929	18,800	-100	1,900	900	-1,100
Lexington	140,353	170,100	29,700	13,300	5,800	22,200
McCormick	7,797	7,300	-500	800	400	-900
Marion	34,179	34,500	400	3,600	2,000	-1,200
Marlboro	31,634	31,700	100	3,300	1,900	-1,300
Newberry	31,242	32,100	800	2,900	2,100	--
Oconee	48,611	53,100	4,500	4,300	2,800	3,000
Orangeburg	82,276	87,300	5,100	9,000	4,800	900
Pickens	79,292	87,500	8,200	6,200	3,400	5,500
Richland	269,602	274,600	5,000	26,000	13,700	-7,300
Saluda	16,141	17,100	1,000	1,600	1,000	400
Spartanburg	203,023	212,600	9,600	18,700	11,400	2,300
Sumter	88,243	95,000	6,700	10,900	4,300	100
Union	30,764	30,300	-500	2,500	1,900	-1,100
Williamsburg	38,226	38,200	--	4,100	2,100	-2,000
York	106,720	120,800	14,100	10,500	5,500	9,100
TOTAL	3,121,737	3,376,000	255,000	321,000	162,000	97,000

--: Less than 100
NOTE: Detail may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: S. C. Division of Research and Statistical Services from data supplied by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

SOUTH CAROLINA POPULATION BY RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN BY COUNTY
1980

COUNTY	TOTAL	WHITE	BLACK	AMERICAN INDIAN, ESKIMO, ALEUT.	ASIAN AND PACIFIC ISLANDER	OTHER	SPANISH ORIGIN 1/
Abbeville	22,627	15,103	7,456	14	36	18	190
Aiken	105,630	78,965	26,152	117	209	182	632
Allendale	10,700	3,951	6,690	4	31	24	209
Anderson	133,235	109,823	22,895	113	250	154	898
Bamberg	18,118	7,696	10,371	6	38	7	93
Barnwell	19,868	11,564	8,236	21	22	25	177
Beaufort	65,364	42,454	21,504	129	444	833	1,953
Berkeley	94,745	68,741	23,362	172	1,796	656	1,462
Calhoun	12,206	5,484	6,702	1	12	7	117
Charleston	276,573	178,132	95,251	411	1,892	1,288	3,897
Cherokee	40,983	32,800	7,988	38	85	72	337
Chester	30,148	18,455	11,630	27	31	5	177
Chesterfield	38,161	25,641	12,456	37	13	14	531
Clarendon	27,464	11,650	15,778	5	25	6	482
Colleton	31,776	17,141	14,436	147	33	19	416
Darlington	62,717	37,448	25,152	16	40	61	581
Dillon	31,083	17,570	13,018	412	71	12	310
Dorchester	59,028	43,010	14,865	379	336	171	784
Edgefield	17,528	8,753	8,725	15	15	20	309
Fairfield	20,700	8,580	12,083	9	9	19	214
Florence	110,163	68,508	41,306	97	139	113	913
Georgetown	42,461	23,332	19,030	20	45	34	465
Greenville	287,896	235,210	50,842	285	878	698	2,017
Greenwood	55,859	40,904	16,714	39	123	67	351
Hampton	18,159	8,577	9,545	7	14	16	208
Horry	101,419	78,185	22,443	115	350	326	1,247
Jasper	14,504	6,176	8,289	14	11	14	160
Kershaw	39,015	26,734	12,163	23	44	51	309
Lancaster	53,361	40,317	12,923	48	41	32	388
Laurens	52,214	36,956	15,165	27	44	22	355
Lee	18,929	7,320	11,586	12	10	1	265
Lexington	140,353	125,463	13,856	192	639	203	924
McCormick	7,797	3,044	4,729	12	6	6	138
Marion	34,179	16,276	17,775	53	49	26	273
Marlboro	31,634	16,462	14,649	489	25	9	258
Newberry	31,242	21,272	9,884	18	43	25	338
Oconee	48,611	43,656	4,837	43	38	37	381
Orangeburg	82,276	35,775	46,082	150	197	72	1,120
Pickens	79,292	72,974	5,849	77	261	131	538
Richland	269,602	161,130	104,050	431	2,231	1,893	4,446
Saluda	16,141	10,424	5,702	5	13	6	106
Spartanburg	203,023	159,872	40,870	136	540	443	1,471
Sumter	88,243	48,277	38,966	102	467	431	1,314
Union	30,764	21,627	9,057	24	37	6	358
Williamsburg	38,226	14,374	23,806	11	22	13	815
York	106,720	81,418	23,755	1,254	179	114	740
TOTAL	3,121,737	2,147,224	948,623	5,757	11,834	8,382	33,667

1/: Persons of Spanish origin may be of any race.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

SOUTH CAROLINA POPULATION BY SEX AND RACE BY COUNTY
1980

COUNTY	TOTAL		WHITE		BLACK	
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
Abbeville	10,865	11,762	7,331	7,772	3,501	3,955
Aiken	51,436	54,189	38,784	40,181	12,394	13,758
Allendale	5,080	5,620	1,899	2,052	3,149	3,541
Anderson	63,912	69,323	53,037	56,786	10,636	12,259
Bamberg	8,545	9,573	3,718	3,978	4,806	5,565
Barnwell	9,507	10,361	5,587	5,977	3,882	4,354
Beaufort	34,856	30,508	23,233	19,221	10,795	10,709
Berkeley	47,749	46,978	34,994	33,747	11,489	11,873
Calhoun	5,833	6,373	2,688	2,796	3,136	3,566
Charleston	140,513	136,461	93,512	84,620	44,974	50,277
Cherokee	19,627	21,357	15,796	17,004	3,718	4,270
Chester	14,256	15,892	8,759	9,696	5,463	6,167
Chesterfield	18,440	19,721	12,520	13,121	5,888	6,568
Clarendon	13,124	14,340	5,687	5,963	7,425	8,353
Colleton	15,253	16,523	8,350	8,791	6,810	7,626
Darlington	29,916	32,801	18,121	19,327	11,739	13,413
Dillon	14,674	16,409	8,384	9,186	6,049	6,969
Dorchester	28,840	29,921	21,446	21,564	6,995	7,870
Edgefield	8,531	8,997	4,247	4,506	4,256	4,469
Fairfield	9,993	10,707	4,127	4,453	5,850	6,233
Florence	52,220	57,943	33,008	35,500	19,049	22,257
Georgetown	20,527	21,934	11,520	11,812	8,961	10,069
Greenville	138,346	149,567	113,587	121,623	23,841	27,001
Greenwood	27,307	30,540	19,508	21,396	7,684	9,030
Hampton	8,650	9,509	4,183	4,394	4,451	5,094
Horry	49,382	52,037	38,380	39,805	10,649	11,794
Jasper	6,958	7,546	3,068	3,108	3,872	4,417
Kershaw	18,882	20,133	13,150	13,584	5,678	6,485
Lancaster	25,778	27,583	19,703	20,614	6,031	6,892
Laurens	25,083	27,131	17,863	19,093	7,181	7,984
Lee	9,025	9,904	3,533	3,787	5,486	6,100
Lexington	68,906	71,447	61,855	63,608	6,560	7,296
McCormick	3,752	4,045	1,473	1,571	2,269	2,460
Marion	15,832	18,347	7,688	8,588	8,086	9,689
Marlboro	15,018	16,616	7,952	8,510	6,830	7,819
Newberry	15,094	16,148	10,348	10,924	4,704	5,180
Oconee	23,808	24,803	21,493	22,163	2,266	2,571
Orangeburg	38,558	43,718	17,220	18,555	21,149	24,933
Pickens	39,751	39,541	36,637	36,337	2,840	3,009
Richland	132,711	137,024	79,616	81,514	50,762	53,288
Saluda	7,873	8,277	5,109	5,315	2,752	2,950
Spartanburg	96,767	105,094	77,350	82,522	18,849	22,021
Sumter	43,075	45,168	24,211	24,066	18,454	20,512
Union	14,558	16,193	10,290	11,337	4,235	4,822
Williamsburg	18,096	20,130	6,905	7,469	11,171	12,635
York	51,106	55,614	39,291	42,127	11,028	12,727
TOTAL	1,518,013	1,603,807	1,057,161	1,090,063	447,793	500,830

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

SOUTH CAROLINA POPULATION BY AGE GROUP AND COUNTY
APRIL 1, 1980

COUNTY	UNDER 5 YEARS	5 TO 9 YEARS	10 TO 14 YEARS	15 TO 19 YEARS	20 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 29 YEARS
Abbeville	1,604	1,809	1,923	2,207	2,064	1,732
Aiken	8,105	8,737	9,223	10,078	8,889	8,589
Allendale	924	964	1,063	1,031	832	842
Anderson	9,724	10,740	10,922	12,162	10,903	10,529
Bamberg	1,409	1,496	1,660	2,165	1,891	1,317
Barnwell	1,770	1,888	1,819	1,882	1,632	1,617
Beaufort	5,534	4,625	4,305	9,013	10,051	6,617
Berkeley	9,307	9,445	9,099	9,427	9,956	9,234
Calhoun	994	1,015	1,093	1,314	1,023	962
Charleston	20,713	19,911	21,207	29,863	38,283	27,798
Cherokee	9,957	3,593	3,829	3,681	3,322	3,333
Chester	2,255	2,594	2,703	2,847	2,396	2,346
Chesterfield	3,041	3,212	3,612	3,760	3,013	3,075
Clarendon	2,260	2,289	2,671	3,048	2,420	2,157
Colleton	2,425	2,734	3,026	3,319	2,451	2,512
Darlington	5,346	5,761	5,673	6,238	5,142	5,275
Dillon	3,057	2,955	3,037	3,328	2,666	2,474
Dorchester	4,993	5,378	5,874	5,993	5,136	5,334
Edgefield	1,446	1,489	1,692	1,692	1,463	1,467
Fairfield	1,589	1,827	1,957	2,175	1,734	1,617
Florence	9,235	9,677	9,941	10,624	9,699	9,661
Georgetown	3,894	3,923	4,062	4,174	3,651	3,568
Greenville	20,090	21,962	23,103	27,598	27,689	25,168
Greenwood	4,044	4,532	4,852	5,310	5,001	4,530
Hampton	1,583	1,675	1,704	1,701	1,438	1,428
Horry	8,349	7,918	8,327	9,697	10,038	8,989
Jasper	1,368	1,301	1,479	1,536	1,202	1,114
Kershaw	2,990	3,162	3,564	3,785	3,249	3,184
Lancaster	3,925	4,684	4,843	4,983	4,488	4,323
Laurens	3,475	4,082	4,431	5,142	4,428	4,154
Lee	1,748	1,666	1,808	2,189	1,743	1,553
Lexington	10,377	12,127	12,915	12,864	12,619	12,427
McCormick	615	658	779	814	690	600
Marion	3,200	3,119	3,128	3,336	2,832	2,840
Marlboro	2,719	2,970	3,137	3,303	2,622	2,315
Newberry	2,018	2,405	2,382	2,947	2,656	2,197
Oconee	3,552	3,888	4,124	4,230	4,064	3,918
Orangeburg	6,378	6,954	7,355	9,588	8,151	6,502
Pickens	5,127	5,612	6,093	9,187	10,759	6,469
Richland	18,133	19,109	19,005	31,719	37,572	29,188
Saluda	1,230	1,303	1,467	1,534	1,263	1,204
Spartanburg	13,600	15,859	17,148	18,762	16,984	16,865
Sumter	7,828	7,653	8,198	9,429	9,801	7,760
Union	2,176	2,362	2,575	2,827	2,533	2,388
Williamsburg	3,581	3,710	3,887	3,935	3,226	3,092
York	7,828	8,870	9,448	10,797	10,073	8,873
TOTAL	238,516	253,643	266,179	317,234	313,738	273,137

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

SOUTH CAROLINA POPULATION BY AGE GROUP AND COUNTY
APRIL 1, 1980 (CONT'D.)

COUNTY	30 TO 34 YEARS	35 TO 39 YEARS	40 TO 49 YEARS	50 TO 64 YEARS	65 AND OVER	MEDIAN AGE
Abbeville	1,571	1,285	2,176	3,435	2,821	29.9
Aiken	7,851	6,705	11,146	16,279	10,023	29.5
Allendale	830	576	866	1,491	1,281	28.2
Anderson	10,386	8,808	14,612	20,101	14,348	30.8
Bamberg	1,214	924	1,546	2,491	2,005	26.6
Barnwell	1,475	1,159	1,771	2,744	2,111	27.8
Beaufort	4,376	2,976	4,653	7,911	5,303	24.5
Berkeley	8,431	6,752	9,008	9,485	4,583	25.1
Calhoun	879	723	1,070	1,722	1,411	28.4
Charleston	21,748	16,016	24,384	35,609	21,442	26.4
Cherokee	3,084	2,633	4,247	6,024	4,280	29.7
Chester	2,071	1,696	3,017	4,673	3,550	29.8
Chesterfield	2,951	2,344	3,722	5,404	4,027	28.9
Clarendon	1,929	1,427	2,396	3,889	2,978	27.4
Colleton	2,267	1,810	3,111	4,575	3,546	28.8
Darlington	4,917	3,757	6,118	8,544	5,946	28.0
Dillon	2,095	1,645	2,692	4,206	2,928	25.9
Dorchester	5,281	4,429	6,306	6,368	3,669	26.9
Edgefield	1,309	996	1,684	2,501	1,789	28.3
Fairfield	1,449	1,014	1,883	3,014	2,441	28.2
Florence	8,935	7,004	11,117	14,788	9,482	28.0
Georgetown	3,135	2,428	3,801	5,954	3,871	27.1
Greenville	23,153	19,160	30,751	41,848	27,391	29.7
Greenwood	4,427	3,674	5,974	8,918	6,585	30.7
Hampton	1,333	992	1,636	2,589	2,044	28.2
Horry	7,796	5,929	10,594	14,387	9,395	28.5
Jasper	980	768	1,387	1,834	1,535	26.5
Kershaw	3,013	2,414	4,048	5,771	3,835	29.3
Lancaster	4,196	3,386	5,695	7,656	5,182	29.4
Laurens	3,836	3,231	5,425	7,995	6,015	30.5
Lee	1,207	1,004	1,627	2,519	1,865	25.9
Lexington	13,136	10,926	15,643	17,738	9,581	28.7
McCormick	523	409	691	1,160	858	27.9
Marion	2,572	1,852	3,026	4,839	3,435	27.5
Marlboro	2,271	1,813	2,805	4,346	3,333	27.3
Newberry	2,162	1,876	2,982	5,159	4,458	32.3
Oconee	3,711	3,162	5,648	7,023	5,291	30.7
Orangeburg	5,717	4,473	7,387	11,412	8,359	27.0
Pickens	5,839	4,819	8,019	10,324	7,044	27.1
Richland	22,499	15,264	23,612	33,092	20,542	26.5
Saluda	1,087	994	1,578	2,468	2,022	30.3
Spartanburg	15,932	13,229	21,983	30,149	21,350	30.5
Sumter	6,573	5,146	8,657	10,403	6,795	25.7
Union	2,260	1,755	3,321	4,895	3,659	31.1
Williamsburg	2,674	1,941	3,182	5,324	3,674	26.2
York	8,523	6,842	11,399	14,822	9,245	28.6
TOTAL	243,604	192,166	308,396	427,879	287,328	28.1

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF SOUTH CAROLINA POPULATION 65 YEARS AND OLDER BY COUNTY
1980

COUNTY	TOTAL POPULATION 65+	NUMBER EMPLOYED	MEDIAN INCOME FOR HOUSEHOLDER	NUMBER BELOW POVERTY	NUMBER LIVING ALONE	NUMBER HOME OWNERS
Abbeville	2,821	375	$10,817	682	818	1,491
Aiken	10,023	962	10,579	2,245	2,854	5,176
Allendale	1,281	197	6,980	468	393	607
Anderson	14,348	1,811	10,034	3,565	4,045	7,253
Bamberg	2,005	259	7,993	563	510	1,030
Barnwell	2,111	247	10,039	618	605	985
Beaufort	5,303	540	18,110	1,040	1,182	2,967
Berkeley	4,583	502	9,405	1,337	1,027	2,482
Calhoun	1,411	219	9,860	392	338	754
Charleston	21,442	3,003	12,226	4,778	5,547	9,638
Cherokee	4,280	521	8,755	938	1,124	2,108
Chester	3,550	395	9,835	626	949	1,916
Chesterfield	4,027	580	9,021	1,386	1,230	2,074
Clarendon	2,978	341	7,941	1,143	710	1,454
Colleton	3,546	566	9,720	1,069	945	1,955
Darlington	5,946	847	8,889	1,713	1,455	2,775
Dillon	2,928	432	8,549	861	750	1,258
Dorchester	3,669	429	10,046	942	842	1,860
Edgefield	1,789	233	8,635	645	484	876
Fairfield	2,441	273	10,000	674	671	1,175
Florence	9,482	1,137	9,394	2,633	2,508	4,444
Georgetown	3,871	499	9,034	1,239	1,072	2,097
Greenville	27,391	3,604	10,308	5,912	7,770	13,060
Greenwood	6,585	784	9,698	1,307	1,859	3,228
Hampton	2,044	258	7,671	739	650	1,040
Horry	9,395	1,138	11,234	2,054	2,290	4,745
Jasper	1,535	186	6,721	581	377	816
Kershaw	3,835	472	9,889	1,134	1,002	2,070
Lancaster	5,182	609	9,905	1,152	1,325	2,591
Laurens	6,015	762	9,492	1,244	1,551	2,937
Lee	1,865	172	8,571	641	562	960
Lexington	9,581	1,272	10,670	1,724	2,281	4,677
McCormick	858	87	8,184	328	279	435
Marion	3,435	469	9,046	1,032	978	1,690
Marlboro	3,333	359	9,523	1,030	859	1,536
Newberry	4,458	580	9,934	1,157	1,301	2,399
Oconee	5,291	631	9,722	1,387	1,635	2,721
Orangeburg	8,359	1,170	8,780	2,478	2,201	4,093
Pickens	7,044	857	10,559	1,281	1,764	3,564
Richland	20,542	2,859	13,254	3,477	5,077	8,667
Saluda	2,022	218	8,255	648	521	1,035
Spartanburg	21,350	2,751	10,159	4,538	5,776	10,268
Sumter	6,795	859	8,291	2,191	1,709	3,048
Union	3,659	481	9,643	909	1,138	1,957
Williamsburg	3,674	557	10,012	1,337	1,038	1,943
York	9,245	1,186	10,883	1,897	2,525	4,562
TOTAL	287,328	36,689	$10,155	69,735	76,527	140,417

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

LABOR FORCE

LABOR FORCE

The labor force is made up of both the employed and the unemployed that are 16 years old or older. To be counted as employed, one must work for pay or profit or be temporarily absent from a job to which she or he will return. To be counted as unemployed, one must have no job, be available for work, and be actively seeking work.

South Carolina's economy showed moderate improvement in 1987, following a trend of continued recovery from the latest recession. Total employment rose by 47,000 from 1986 to 1987. The unemployment rate dropped to 5.6 percent, the lowest annual average level since 1979.

January's unemployment rate was 6.3 percent with 100,300 individuals without jobs. This was the highest unemployment reached during 1987. Unemployment dropped during the first half of the year on the strength of agriculture, construction, and tourism activities. The jobless rate fell to 5.6 percent in May before experiencing the normal seasonal increase in June. The rate began to taper off during late summer, ending the year at 5.1 percent in December.

SOUTH CAROLINA LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT & UNEMPLOYMENT
ANNUAL AVERAGES 1970, 1980, 1984, 1985, 1986 & 1987
(numbers in thousands)

	1970	1980	1984	1985	1986	1987	NET CHANGE 1986-1987
LABOR FORCE	1,005.0	1,388.0	1,481.0	1,561.0	1,593.0	1,632.0	+39.0
EMPLOYMENT	957.0	1,293.0	1,376.0	1,454.0	1,494.0	1,541.0	+47.0
UNEMPLOYMENT	48.0	96.0	105.0	107.0	99.0	91.0	-8.0
PERCENT	4.8	6.9	7.1	6.9	6.2	5.6	***

SOURCE: S.C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

AGE, RACE, AND SEX

In 1987, over half of South Carolina's labor force was comprised of males, and the vast majority (72%) of the labor force participants were white. White males represented the largest race/sex component, comprising just over 41 percent of the total. Youth between the ages of 16 and 19 accounted for slightly more than seven percent of the state's labor force.

Among the unemployed, women outnumbered men 58 percent to 42 percent, while blacks outnumbered whites 59 percent to 41 percent. Black females represented the largest race/sex component of the unemployed, comprising 38 percent of the total jobless in the state. Twenty-one percent of the unemployed were youth 16 to 19 years of age.

Black youth recorded the highest unemployment rate among labor force groups in 1987, at 31.3 percent. The unemployment rate was higher among women (7.2%) than men (4.3%), and the rate for blacks (12.3%) was more than triple the rate of whites. Black females, at 15.4 percent, experienced the highest unemployment rate of all race/sex groups.

LABOR FORCE STATUS OF SOUTH CAROLINA'S CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONAL POPULATION
16 YEARS OLD AND OVER
1987

	CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONAL POPULATION	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE
TOTAL	2,495,000	1,632,000	1,541,000	91,000	5.6
Men	1,181,000	888,000	851,000	38,000	4.3
Women	1,314,000	743,000	690,000	53,000	7.2
Both Sexes 16-19	238,000	115,000	97,000	19,000	16.1
WHITE	1,772,000	1,181,000	1,144,000	37,000	3.1
Men	861,000	670,000	651,000	19,000	2.8
Women	911,000	510,000	492,000	18,000	3.5
Both Sexes 16-19	145,000	80,000	72,000	–8,000	9.5
BLACK	705,000	439,000	385,000	54,000	12.3
Men	313,000	212,000	193,000	19,000	8.9
Women	392,000	227,000	192,000	35,000	15.4
Both Sexes 16-19	91,000	35,000	24,000	11,000	31.3

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

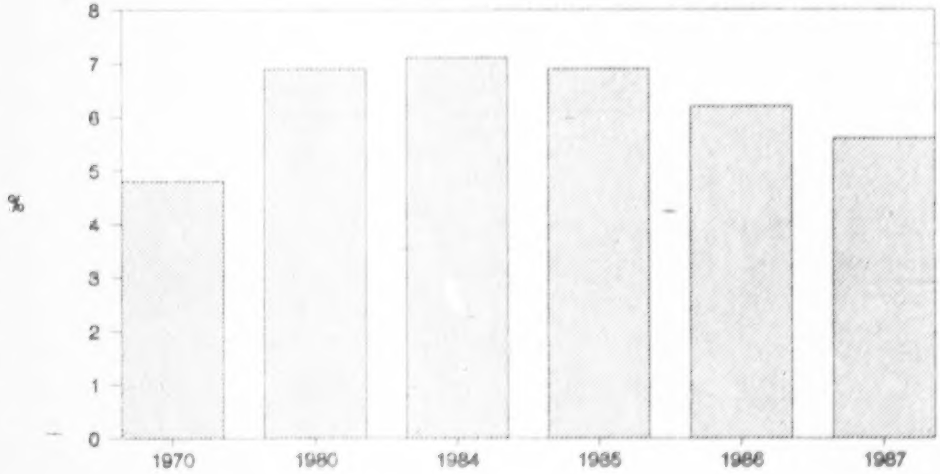
DISTRIBUTION OF CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONAL POPULATION BY LABOR FORCE STATUS
16 YEARS OLD AND OVER
SOUTH CAROLINA
1987

	CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONAL POPULATION	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT
TOTAL	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Men	47.3	54.5	55.2	41.8
Women	52.7	45.5	44.8	58.2
Both Sexes 16-19	9.5	7.0	6.3	20.9
WHITE	71.0	72.4	74.2	40.7
Men	34.5	41.1	42.3	20.9
Women	36.5	31.3	31.9	19.8
Both Sexes 16-19	5.8	4.9	4.7	8.8
BLACK	28.2	26.9	25.0	59.3
Men	12.5	13.0	12.5	20.9
Women	15.7	13.9	12.5	38.4
Both Sexes 16-19	3.6	2.1	1.6	12.1

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

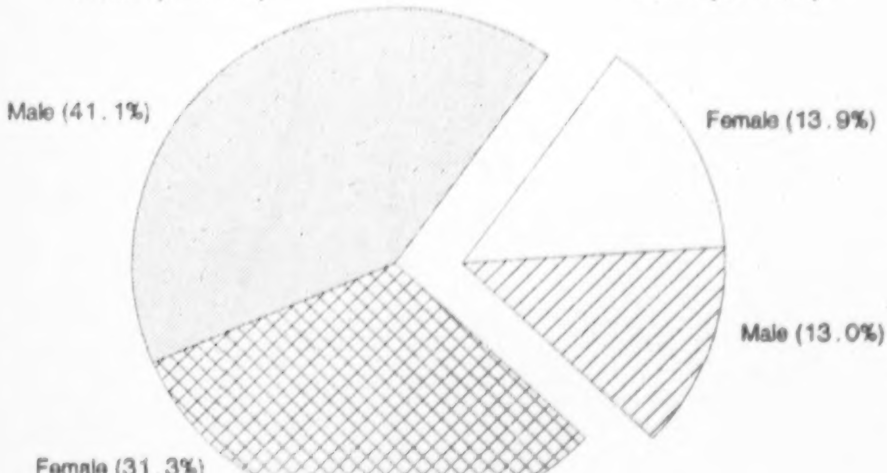
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

SOUTH CAROLINA'S UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
ANNUAL AVERAGES
(1970, 1980, 1984, 1985, 1986 & 1987)



SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission,
Labor Market Information Division

DISTRIBUTION OF SOUTH CAROLINA'S CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
1987



SOURCE: U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

DURATION AND REASON FOR UNEMPLOYMENT

Forty-three percent of the unemployed in 1987 were jobless for less than five weeks. Thirty percent were without jobs from 5 to 14 weeks, and only 8 percent were unemployed for one year or more.

Forty-four percent of the unemployed in 1987 were job losers, while only 12 percent left their jobs voluntarily. Forty-four percent of the unemployed were new and/or reentrants to the job market. Many of these entrants were housewives and other secondary labor force participants who entered the labor market seeking jobs to supplement family incomes.

UNEMPLOYED PERSONS BY DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA
BY SEX & RACE - 1987

	PERCENT OF UNEMPLOYED BY DURATION					
	TOTAL	LESS THAN 5 WEEKS	5-14 WEEKS	15 WEEKS & OVER	27 WEEKS & OVER	52 WEEKS & OVER
TOTAL	100	43	30	27	14	8
Men	100	41	29	30	17	11
Women	100	45	30	25	12	7
White	100	50	27	23	13	8
Black	100	38	32	30	16	9

UNEMPLOYED PERSONS BY REASON OF UNEMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA
BY SEX & RACE - 1987

	PERCENT OF UNEMPLOYED BY REASON				
	TOTAL	JOB LOSERS	JOB LEAVERS	REENTRANTS	NEW ENTRANTS
TOTAL	100	44	12	28	16
Men	100	58	13	16	13
Women	100	34	12	37	18
White	100	41	19	30	10
Black	100	46	8	27	20

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

LABOR FORCE PARTICIPATION

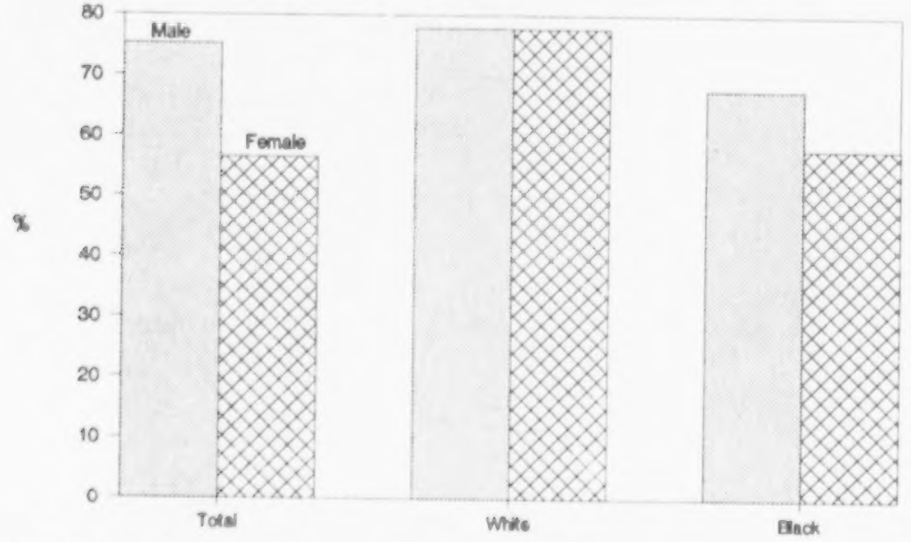
The individuals participating in South Carolina's labor force, whether employed or unemployed, represented 65.4 percent of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old or over in 1987. The 1986 proportion was lower, at 64.9 percent. Of the eligible male population, 75.2 percent participated in the labor force, compared to 75.3 percent in 1986. Female participation increased from 55.9 percent in 1986 to 56.5 percent in 1987. Both white and black participation was up from the 1986 levels. Among white youth, participation was up from 54.5 percent to 55.2 percent; however, black teen participation showed no change from 1986.

SOUTH CAROLINA LABOR FORCE INDICATORS
1980 - 1987

	LABOR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATES							
	1987	1986	1985	1984	1983	1982	1981	1980
TOTAL	65.4	64.9	64.3	62.3	62.8	64.8	62.9	62.6
Men	75.2	75.3	75.2	74.7	74.3	76.7	75.5	75.6
Women	56.5	55.9	54.9	51.8	53.4	55.0	52.2	51.2
Men 20+	78.1	78.2	77.7	77.3	77.5	79.9	78.6	78.6
Women 20+	57.4	56.6	55.7	52.6	55.1	56.5	53.9	52.7
Both Sexes 16-19	48.3	48.5	49.1	46.3	42.5	45.4	43.1	44.3
WHITE	66.6	66.3	65.1	63.5	64.3	65.8	63.4	64.0
Men	77.8	77.7	76.8	77.3	76.2	78.0	77.1	77.7
Women	56.0	56.0	54.6	51.3	54.0	55.2	51.2	51.5
Men 20+	INA	INA	78.7	78.8	78.2	INA	79.4	79.8
Women 20+	INA	INA	54.8	51.2	54.5	INA	51.9	51.8
Both Sexes 16-19	55.2	54.5	53.4	59.0	52.0	53.3	49.2	52.6
BLACK	62.3	61.4	62.0	59.7	60.1	62.6	61.7	59.1
Men	67.7	68.6	70.2	68.6	70.1	73.3	71.4	70.2
Women	57.9	55.6	55.7	53.0	52.6	54.5	54.3	50.5
Men 20+	INA	INA	74.6	73.4	75.6	INA	76.2	75.4
Women 20+	INA	INA	57.8	55.5	56.7	INA	58.4	54.3
Both Sexes 16-19	38.5	38.5	43.0	35.6	30.4	34.8	33.4	31.8

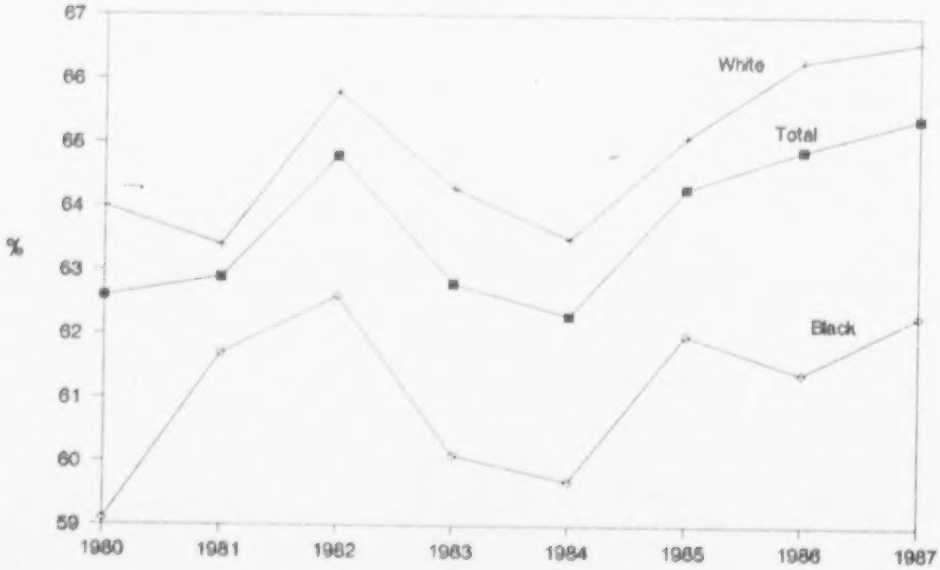
INA: Information Not Available

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics



SOUTH CAROLINA'S LABOR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATES 1987

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics



SOUTH CAROLINA'S LABOR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATES 1980 - 1987

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

EMPLOYMENT-TO-POPULATION RATIOS

The employment-to-population ratio indicates whether or not the economy is generating sufficient jobs to provide employment for a constant proportion of the population. In other words, by relating employment to population, one can evaluate the magnitude of job growth. In 1987, almost 62 percent of South Carolina's population 16 years old and over was employed. This was up 0.8 percentage point from the 1986 level. This indicates that the economy's capacity to generate jobs was able to keep pace with growth in the working-age population. The employment-to-population ratios for whites and blacks were up from the 1986 levels. Both men and women experienced increases. Following the pattern of the labor force participation ratio, the employment-to-population ratios for teenagers were up slightly.

SOUTH CAROLINA LABOR FORCE INDICATORS
1980 - 1987

	EMPLOYMENT/POPULATION RATIO							
	1987	1986	1985	1984	1983	1982	1981	1980
TOTAL	61.7	60.9	59.9	57.8	56.5	57.8	57.6	58.2
Men	72.0	71.5	70.6	70.5	67.9	68.4	70.0	71.0
Women	52.5	51.6	50.7	47.1	47.2	49.0	47.1	47.2
Men 20+	75.5	74.7	73.5	73.3	71.9	72.2	73.4	74.0
Women 20+	53.8	53.0	52.1	47.8	49.2	51.0	49.5	49.0
Both Sexes 16-19	40.7	39.2	38.8	37.2	31.2	34.3	34.2	38.6
WHITE	64.5	63.7	62.4	60.2	59.4	60.6	59.9	60.9
Men	75.7	75.0	73.8	74.3	70.8	71.8	73.7	74.5
Women	54.0	53.5	52.1	47.6	49.6	50.8	47.7	48.4
Men 20+	INA	INA	75.8	75.8	73.3	INA	76.0	76.7
Women 20+	INA	INA	52.7	48.0	50.5	INA	49.0	49.0
Both Sexes 16-19	49.6	47.8	47.4	49.5	42.2	45.7	41.6	47.6
BLACK	54.6	53.8	53.3	53.1	51.1	51.8	52.4	52.0
Men	61.8	62.1	61.0	61.8	61.5	60.3	60.9	61.6
Women	48.9	47.4	47.6	46.3	43.3	45.5	46.0	44.5
Men 20+	INA	INA	66.8	66.9	68.4	INA	65.7	67.0
Women 20+	INA	INA	50.7	50.0	47.5	INA	50.8	48.8
Both Sexes 16-19	26.6	26.4	25.6	22.9	17.1	18.3	22.0	23.5

INA: Information Not Available

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

FULL- AND PART-TIME STATUS OF CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

Over 87 percent of South Carolina's labor force in 1987 was participating on a full-time basis. Men recorded a higher rate of full-time involvement than women (92% vs. 82%), while blacks (89%) recorded a higher rate of full-time participation than whites (87%).

In most cases, unemployment rates among the part-time labor force participants were higher than those of the full-time labor force. The exception was among teenagers (full-time rate 17.0%; part-time rate 15.3%).

FULL-TIME & PART-TIME STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE IN SOUTH CAROLINA
BY SEX, AGE, & RACE
1987
(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS)

	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	BOTH SEXES 16-19	WHITE	BLACK
FULL-TIME LABOR FORCE	1,426.0	819.0	607.0	58.0	1,028.0	389.0
Employed	1,352.0	788.0	565.0	49.0	998.0	344.0
Full-time	1,274.0	758.0	517.0	38.0	960.0	305.0
Part-time for Economic Reasons	78.0	30.0	48.0	11.0	38.0	39.0
Unemployed (looking for full-time work)	74.0	31.0	43.0	10.0	29.0	45.0
Percent of Full-time Labor Force	5.2	3.8	7.1	17.0	2.9	11.6
PART-TIME LABOR FORCE	206.0	69.0	136.0	57.0	153.0	51.0
Employed on Voluntary Part-time Basis	189.0	63.0	126.0	48.0	145.0	42.0
Unemployed (looking for part-time work)	17.0	6.0	10.0	9.0	8.0	9.0
Percent of Part-time Labor Force	8.0	9.1	7.5	15.3	4.9	17.7

SOURCE: U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

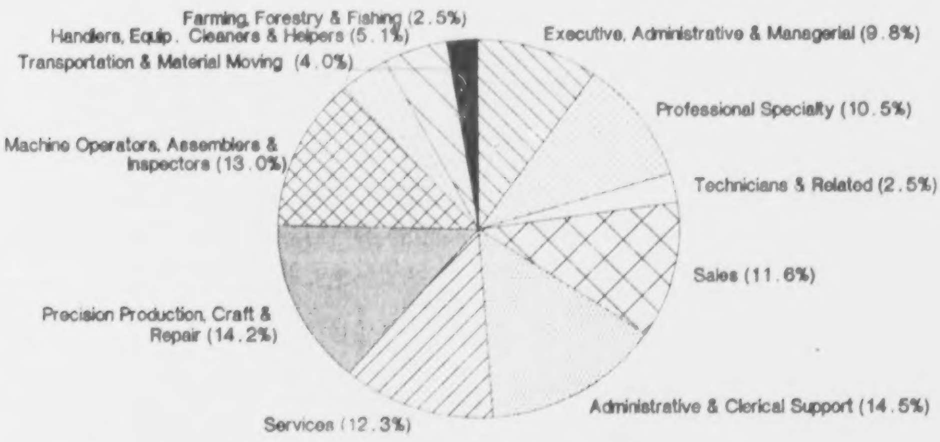
OCCUPATIONS

The occupational mix of South Carolina's employment was led in 1987 by administrative support occupations, including clerical, and precision production, craft, and repair, each of which accounted for over 14 percent of total jobs. Following closely were machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors (13.0%); services (12.3%); and sales (11.6%). Among the employed men, over 23 percent were found in precision production, craft, and repair occupations. The next highest occupations among men were executive, administrative, and managerial (11.9%); and sales (12.0%). Women were employed mostly in administrative support, including clerical (26.6%); services (18.7%); and machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors (15.0%). With respect to race, whites were scattered over all occupational groups, with the largest concentrations in administrative support, including clerical (16.1%); and precision production, craft, and repair (16.0%). Following closely was the sales group at 14.1 percent. On the other hand, black employment was centered mainly in machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors (25.2%); and services (22.2%). Teenagers were most often found in service occupations (30.5%), followed by handlers, equipment cleaners, and helpers (14.4%); and sales (18.4%).

Unemployment rates varied widely among the occupational groups. The category of services recorded the highest rate, at 9.1 percent. The lowest jobless rate was found among executive, administrative, and managerial; and professional specialty occupations, each with one percent or less.

TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 1987

PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY OCCUPATIONAL GROUP



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

OCCUPATIONAL DISTRIBUTION OF EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA IN 1987

	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY SEX		
OCCUPATION	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN
TOTAL EMPLOYED	1,541,000	851,000	690,000
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE & MANAGERIAL	9.8	11.9	7.1
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALITY	10.5	8.6	12.9
TECHNICIANS & RELATED SUPPORT	2.5	2.4	2.6
SALES	11.6	12.0	11.1
ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT, INC. CLERICAL	14.5	4.8	26.6
SERVICES	12.3	7.1	18.7
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT & REPAIR	14.2	23.8	2.4
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS & INSPECTORS	13.0	11.4	15.0
TRANSPORTATION & MATERIAL MOVING	4.0	6.7	0.7
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS & HELPERS	5.1	7.4	2.3
FARMING, FORESTRY & FISHING	2.5	4.1	0.6

	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY RACE & AGE		
OCCUPATION	WHITE	BLACK	AGE 16-19
TOTAL EMPLOYED	1,144,000	385,000	97,000
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE & MANAGERIAL	12.3	2.5	0.9
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALITY	12.4	4.8	1.5
TECHNICIANS & RELATED SUPPORT	2.9	1.3	0.9
SALES	14.1	4.1	18.4
ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT, INC. CLERICAL	16.1	10.0	10.3
SERVICES	8.9	22.2	30.5
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT & REPAIR	16.0	9.0	5.5
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS & INSPECTORS	8.8	25.2	7.5
TRANSPORTATION & MATERIAL MOVING	3.0	6.9	5.1
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS & HELPERS	3.7	9.4	14.4
FARMING, FORESTRY & FISHING	1.8	4.7	5.0

EXPERIENCED LABOR FORCE STATUS BY OCCUPATION IN 1987 1/

OCCUPATION	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
TOTAL EMPLOYED	1,541,000	76,000	4.7
EXECUTIVE, ADMINISTRATIVE & MANAGERIAL	150,000	1,000	0.8
PROFESSIONAL SPECIALITY	162,000	2,000	1.0
TECHNICIANS & RELATED SUPPORT	38,000	1,000	2.3
SALES	178,000	8,000	4.5
ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT, INC. CLERICAL	224,000	5,000	2.3
SERVICES	189,000	19,000	9.1
PRECISION PRODUCTION, CRAFT & REPAIR	219,000	8,000	3.7
MACHINE OPERATORS, ASSEMBLERS & INSPECTORS	201,000	20,000	9.0
TRANSPORTATION & MATERIAL MOVING	62,000	2,000	3.8
HANDLERS, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS & HELPERS	79,000	6,000	7.1
FARMING, FORESTRY & FISHING	39,000	3,000	6.5

1/ Excludes persons with no previous full-time experience.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and S.C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

UNEMPLOYMENT RATES IN SOUTH CAROLINA BY AGE, RACE AND SEX

	1987	1986	1985	1984	1983	1982	1981	1980	1975
TOTAL	5.6	6.2	6.8	7.1	10.0	10.8	8.4	6.9	8.8
Men	4.3	5.0	6.2	5.5	8.6	10.8	7.3	6.2	7.6
Women	7.2	7.7	7.6	9.0	11.7	10.9	9.8	7.7	10.2
Men 20+	INA	4.5	5.3	5.1	7.2	9.7	6.8	5.7	6.6
Women 20+	INA	6.4	6.3	7.6	10.7	9.7	8.2	7.1	8.6
Both Sexes 16-19	16.1	18.5	20.9	19.7	26.4	24.4	20.9	13.5	22.4
WHITE	3.1	3.9	4.2	5.3	7.6	8.0	5.5	4.9	7.3
Men	2.8	3.5	3.9	3.9	7.0	8.0	4.6	4.2	6.1
Women	3.5	4.5	4.7	7.2	8.2	8.0	6.8	5.9	9.0
Men 20+	INA	INA	3.6	3.8	6.2	INA	4.3	3.9	5.4
Women 20+	INA	INA	4.0	6.3	7.3	INA	5.5	5.4	7.7
Both Sexes 16-19	9.5	12.5	11.1	11.6	18.8	14.3	14.9	9.2	15.6
BLACK	12.3	12.4	13.9	11.2	15.0	17.2	15.1	11.9	13.2
Men	8.9	9.5	13.1	9.8	12.3	17.8	14.7	12.0	12.6
Women	15.4	15.1	14.6	12.5	17.7	16.6	15.4	11.9	13.9
Men 20+	INA	INA	10.6	8.6	9.6	INA	13.7	11.1	10.0
Women 20+	INA	INA	12.0	10.0	16.2	INA	13.2	10.7	10.2
Both Sexes 16-19	31.3	30.8	39.2	34.5	43.5	47.5	35.5	25.7	40.0

INA: Information Not Available

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and S. C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

UNEMPLOYMENT RATES FOR YOUTH 1/
SOUTH CAROLINA & THE UNITED STATES
1978 - 1987

SOUTH CAROLINA

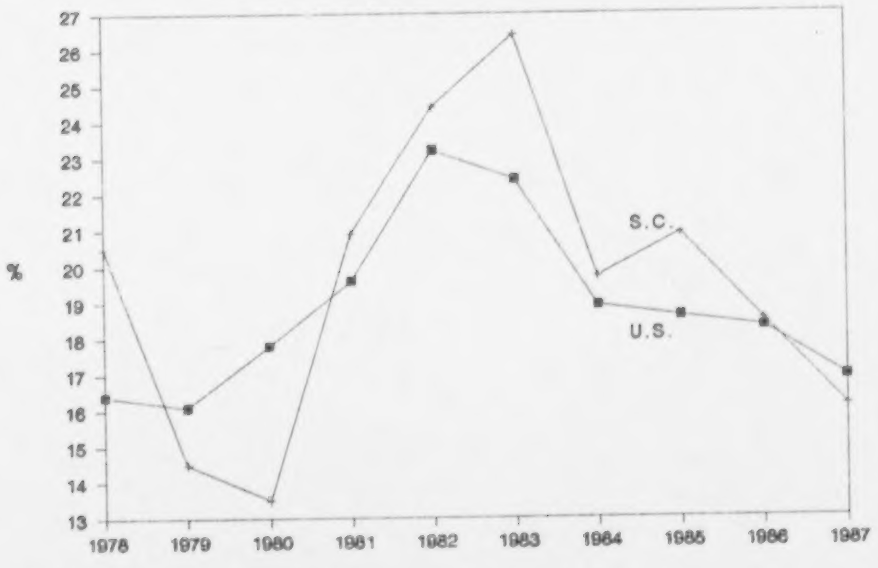
	1987	1986	1985	1984	1983	1982	1981	1980	1979	1978
TOTAL	16.1	18.5	20.9	19.7	26.4	24.4	20.9	13.5	14.5	20.5
WHITE	9.5	12.5	11.1	11.6	18.8	14.3	14.9	9.2	13.3	18.6
BLACK	31.3	30.8	39.2	34.5	43.5	47.5	35.5	25.7	20.0	25.8

UNITED STATES

	1987	1986	1985	1984	1983	1982	1981	1980	1979	1978
TOTAL	16.9	18.3	18.6	18.9	22.4	23.2	19.6	17.8	16.1	16.4
WHITE	14.4	15.6	15.7	16.0	19.3	20.4	17.3	15.5	13.9	13.9
BLACK	34.7	39.3	40.2	42.7	48.5	48.0	37.8	35.4	33.2	35.9

1/ 16-19 Years of Age

SOURCE: U.S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and S.C Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division



UNEMPLOYMENT RATES FOR YOUTH
SOUTH CAROLINA & THE UNITED STATES
1978 - 1987

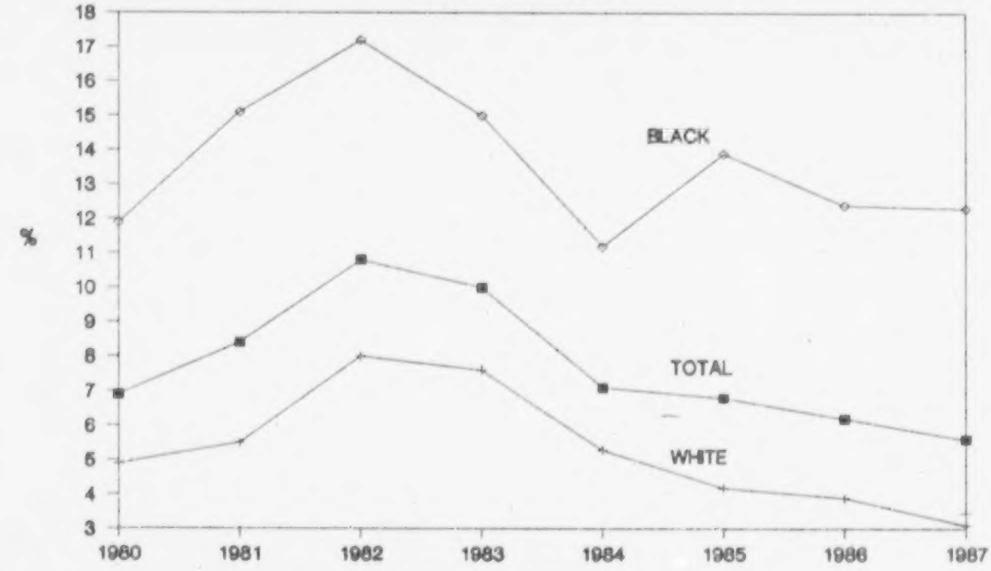
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

MONTHLY UNEMPLOYMENT RATES FOR SOUTH CAROLINA
1978 - 1987

	1987	1986	1985	1984	1983	1982	1981	1980	1979	1978
JANUARY	6.3	6.9	7.4	8.4	13.0	10.4	8.2	5.7	5.2	6.4
FEBRUARY	6.3	6.7	7.5	7.6	12.6	10.1	8.3	5.8	5.1	6.3
MARCH	6.1	6.4	7.3	7.3	12.1	10.1	8.4	5.6	5.0	5.9
APRIL	5.6	6.1	6.9	6.9	11.0	9.9	7.8	5.5	4.7	5.9
MAY	5.6	5.9	6.8	6.7	10.6	10.9	8.2	6.2	4.5	5.5
JUNE	5.7	6.3	7.0	6.9	10.2	11.2	8.7	7.9	5.1	6.2
JULY	5.8	6.6	7.3	7.4	9.8	11.5	8.8	8.4	5.1	6.3
AUGUST	5.4	6.1	6.7	6.9	9.1	11.3	8.2	7.3	5.0	5.6
SEPTEMBER	5.1	5.8	6.3	6.5	8.4	10.6	8.1	7.2	4.9	5.3
OCTOBER	5.0	5.8	6.4	6.9	8.2	11.0	8.3	7.5	4.9	5.4
NOVEMBER	5.1	6.0	6.4	6.8	8.1	11.4	9.0	7.7	5.2	5.2
DECEMBER	5.1	6.1	6.4	6.9	7.6	11.7	9.2	7.9	5.1	5.0
ANNUAL AVERAGE	5.6	6.2	6.9	7.1	10.1	10.8	8.4	6.9	5.0	5.7

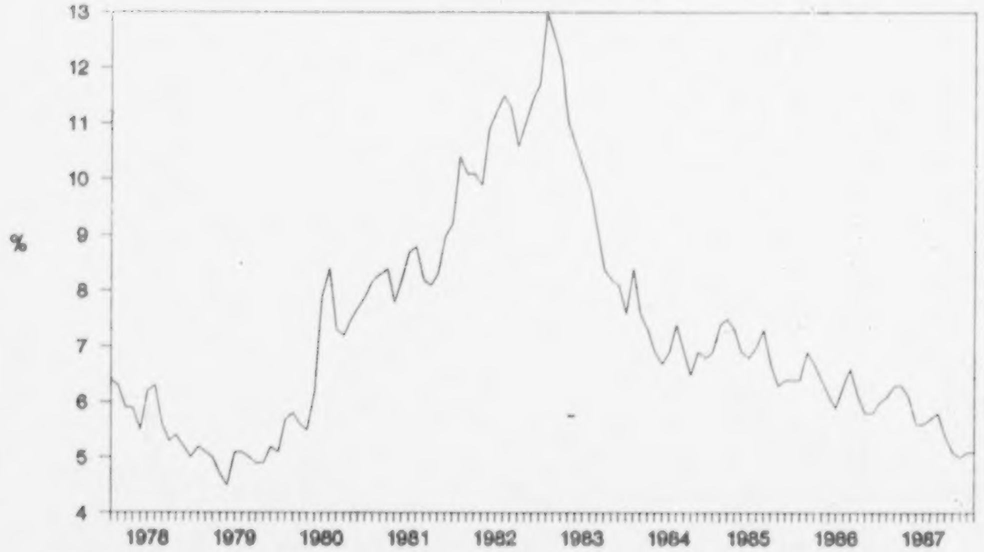
SOURCE: S. C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

SOUTH CAROLINA'S UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BY RACE
1980 - 1987



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics and
S.C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

MONTHLY UNEMPLOYMENT RATES FOR SOUTH CAROLINA
1978 - 1987



Source: S. C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

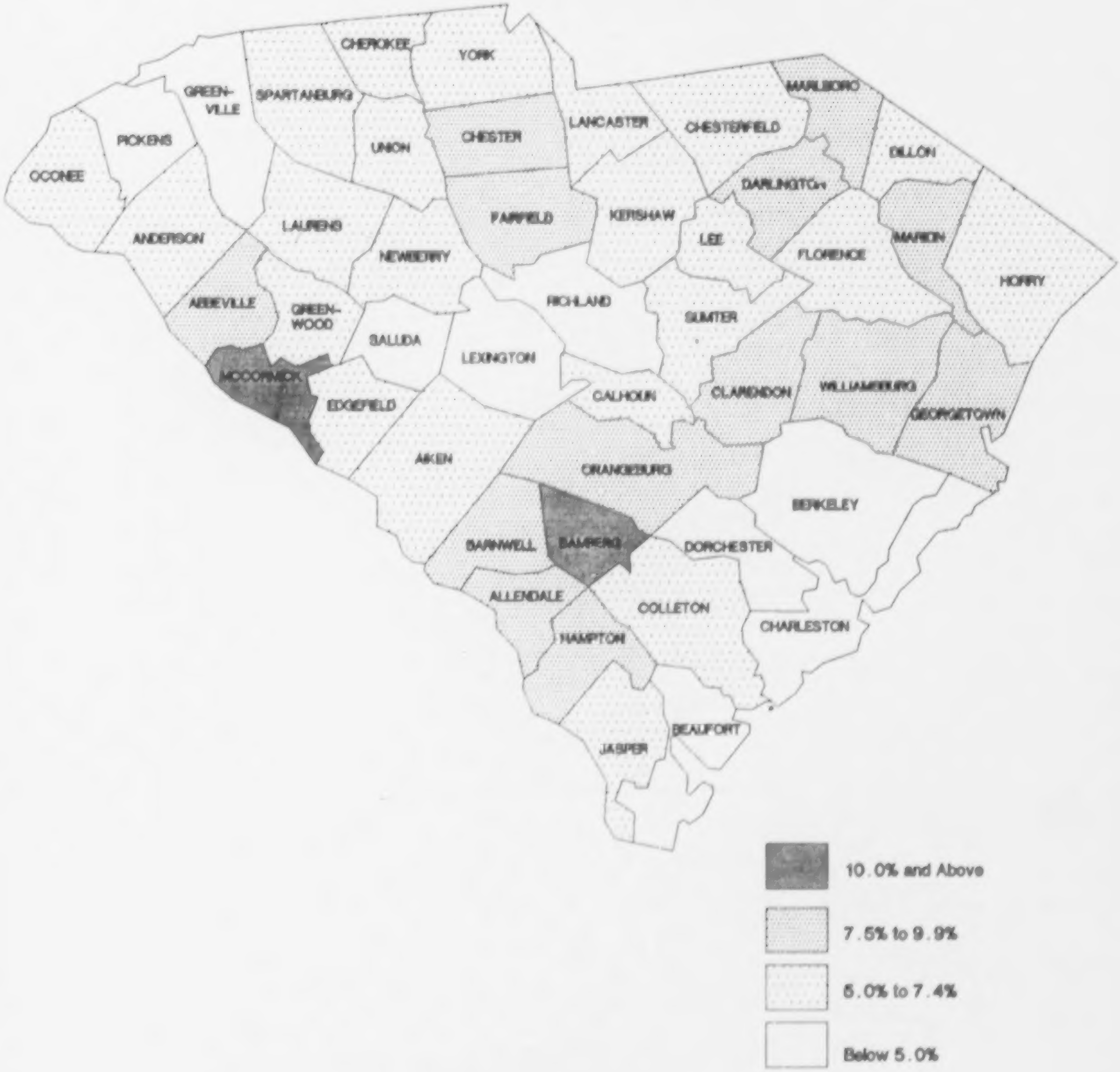
SOUTH CAROLINA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES BY COUNTY
1987 ANNUAL AVERAGE

	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYMENT 1/	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE
STATE TOTALS	1,632,000	1,541,000	91,000	5.6
ABBEVILLE	10,670	9,830	840	7.9
AIKEN	59,480	56,370	3,110	5.2
ALLENDALE	4,700	4,290	410	8.7
ANDERSON	67,230	63,580	3,650	5.4
BAMBERG	6,620	5,960	660	10.0
BARNWELL	8,860	8,040	820	9.3
BEAUFORT	35,290	33,860	1,430	4.1
BERKELEY	51,360	49,050	2,310	4.5
CALHOUN	5,270	4,890	380	7.2
CHARLESTON	134,890	128,270	6,620	4.9
CHEROKEE	22,850	21,660	1,190	5.2
CHESTER	14,070	12,920	1,150	8.2
CHESTERFIELD	20,280	19,190	1,090	5.4
CLARENDON	12,080	10,970	1,110	9.2
COLLETON	18,470	17,220	1,250	6.8
DARLINGTON	27,810	25,570	2,240	8.1
DILLON	14,800	13,720	1,080	7.3
DORCHESTER	34,180	32,790	1,390	4.1
EDGEFIELD	7,490	7,090	400	5.3
FAIRFIELD	8,880	8,170	710	8.0
FLORENCE	54,980	51,320	3,660	6.7
GEORGETOWN	21,670	19,550	2,120	9.8
GREENVILLE	165,770	159,260	6,510	3.9
GREENWOOD	29,260	27,320	1,940	6.6
HAMPTON	7,200	6,600	600	8.3
HORRY	67,150	62,180	4,970	7.4
JASPER	6,610	6,180	430	6.5
KERSHAW	18,780	17,580	1,200	6.4
LANCASTER	25,000	23,230	1,770	7.1
LAURENS	22,550	21,060	1,490	6.6
LEE	8,040	7,520	520	6.5
LEXINGTON	92,960	89,940	3,020	3.2
McCORMICK	2,800	2,480	320	11.4
MARION	14,360	12,970	1,390	9.7
MARLBORO	12,390	11,300	1,090	8.8
NEWBERRY	15,310	14,370	940	6.1
OCONEE	28,780	27,080	1,700	5.9
ORANGEBURG	39,590	36,340	3,250	8.2
PICKENS	46,550	44,330	2,220	4.8
RICHLAND	134,690	128,940	5,750	4.3
SALUDA	7,710	7,350	360	4.7
SPARTANBURG	109,740	104,290	5,450	5.0
SUMTER	35,770	33,190	2,580	7.2
UNION	14,370	13,330	1,040	7.2
WILLIAMSBURG	16,530	15,140	1,390	8.4
YORK	68,200	64,720	3,480	5.1
CHARLESTON MSA	220,430	210,110	10,320	4.7
COLUMBIA MSA	227,660	218,890	8,770	3.9
GREEN/SPART MSA	322,070	307,880	14,190	4.4

1/ Includes workers involved in labor-management disputes

SOURCE: S. C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

SOUTH CAROLINA
UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BY COUNTY
1987 ANNUAL AVERAGE


CHEROKEE
YORK
GREEN-VILLE
SPARTANBURG
MARLBORO
PICKENS
UNION
CHESTER
LANCASTER
CHESTERFIELD
DILLON
OCONEE
DARLINGTON
FAIRFIELD
KERSHAW
LAURENS
MARION
ANDERSON
LEE
NEWBERRY
FLORENCE
HORRY
ABBEVILLE
GREEN-WOOD
RICHLAND
SUMTER
SALUDA
LEXINGTON
MCCORMICK
WILLIAMSBURG
CLARENDON
CALHOUN
EDGEFIELD
GEORGETOWN
AIKEN
ORANGEBURG
BERKELEY
BARNWELL
BAMBERG
DORCHESTER
ALLENDALE
COLLETON
HAMPTON
CHARLESTON
BEAUFORT
JASPER
10.0% and Above
7.5% to 9.9%
5.0% to 7.4%
Below 5.0%

SOURCE: S. C. Employment Security Commission,
Labor Market Information Division

TOTAL UNEMPLOYMENT RATES
RANKED BY STATE
1987 ANNUAL AVERAGE

1.	Louisiana	12.0
2.	Alaska	10.8
	West Virginia	10.8
4.	Mississippi	10.2
5.	New Mexico	8.9
6.	Kentucky	8.8
7.	Wyoming	8.6
8.	Texas	8.4
9.	Michigan	8.2
10.	Arkansas	8.1
11.	Idaho	8.0
12.	Alabama	7.8
13.	Colorado	7.7
14.	Washington	7.6
15.	Oklahoma	7.4
	Montana	7.4
	Illinois	7.4
18.	Ohio	7.0
19.	Tennessee	6.6
20.	Utah	6.4
	Indiana	6.4
22.	Nevada	6.3
	Missouri	6.3
	District of Columbia	6.3
25.	Arizona	6.2
	Oregon	6.2
27.	Wisconsin	6.1
28.	California	5.8
29.	Pennsylvania	5.7
30.	SOUTH CAROLINA	5.6
31.	Iowa	5.5
	Georgia	5.5
33.	Minnesota	5.4
34.	Florida	5.3
35.	North Dakota	5.2
36.	New York	4.9
	Nebraska	4.9
	Kansas	4.9
39.	North Carolina	4.5
40.	Maine	4.4
41.	Virginia	4.2
	Maryland	4.2
	South Dakota	4.2
44.	New Jersey	4.0
45.	Hawaii	3.8
	Rhode Island	3.8
47.	Vermont	3.6
48.	Connecticut	3.3
49.	Delaware	3.2
	Massachusetts	3.2
51.	New Hampshire	2.5

SOURCE: U.S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

UNITED STATES CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT & UNEMPLOYMENT ANNUAL AVERAGES 1981 - 1987

(numbers in thousands)

	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	NET CHANGE 1986-87
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	108,670	110,204	111,550	113,544	115,461	117,834	119,865	+2,031
EMPLOYMENT	100,397	99,526	100,834	105,005	107,150	109,597	112,440	+2,843
UNEMPLOYMENT	8,273	10,678	10,717	8,539	8,312	8,237	7,425	-812
RATE	7.6	9.7	9.6	7.5	7.2	7.0	6.2	**

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

UNITED STATES LABOR FORCE STATUS OF CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONAL POPULATION 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

(numbers in thousands)

1987

	CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONAL POPULATION	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE
TOTAL	182,753	119,865	112,440	7,425	6.2
Men	86,899	66,207	62,107	4,101	6.2
Women	95,853	53,658	50,334	3,324	6.2
Men 20+	79,565	62,095	58,726	3,369	5.4
Women 20+	88,583	49,783	47,074	2,709	5.4
Both Sexes 16-19	14,606	7,988	6,640	1,347	16.9
WHITE	156,958	103,290	97,789	5,501	5.3
Men	75,189	57,779	54,647	3,132	5.4
Women	81,769	45,510	43,142	2,369	5.2
Men 20+	69,175	54,232	51,649	2,584	4.8
Women 20+	75,845	42,164	40,242	1,922	4.6
Both Sexes 16-19	11,939	6,893	5,898	995	14.4
BLACK	20,352	12,993	11,309	1,684	13.0
Men	9,128	6,486	5,661	826	12.7
Women	11,224	6,507	5,648	858	13.2
Men 20+	8,063	6,023	5,357	666	11.1
Women 20+	10,126	6,071	5,365	706	11.6
Both Sexes 16-19	2,163	899	587	312	34.7

NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

UNEMPLOYED PERSONS BY DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT IN THE U.S. BY SEX & RACE - 1987

	PERCENT OF UNEMPLOYED BY DURATION					AVERAGE DURATION (in weeks)
	TOTAL	LESS THAN 5 WEEKS	5-14 WEEKS	15-26 WEEKS	27-51 WEEKS	
TOTAL	100.0	43.7	29.6	12.7	14.0	14.5
Men	100.0	39.3	29.7	13.9	17.1	16.7
Women	100.0	49.1	29.4	11.3	10.2	11.8
White	100.0	44.9	29.5	12.4	13.2	14.0
Black	100.0	39.8	30.2	13.3	16.7	16.4

UNEMPLOYED PERSONS BY REASON OF UNEMPLOYMENT IN THE U.S. BY SEX & RACE - 1987

	PERCENT OF UNEMPLOYED BY REASON				
	TOTAL	JOB LOSERS	JOB LEAVERS	REENTRANTS	NEW ENTRANTS
TOTAL	100.0	48.0	13.0	26.6	12.4
Men	100.0	59.3	12.0	18.6	10.1
Women	100.0	34.1	14.2	36.5	15.2
White	100.0	49.2	14.2	25.5	11.1
Black	100.0	45.2	8.9	29.8	16.1

FULL- & PART-TIME STATUS OF CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE IN THE U.S. BY AGE, SEX & RACE - 1987

(numbers in thousands)

				BOTH SEXES		
	TOTAL	MEN	WOMEN	16-19	WHITE	BLACK
FULL-TIME LABOR FORCE	98,936	59,266	39,668	3,107	84,925	10,989
Employed	92,957	55,746	37,210	2,454	80,553	9,577
Full-time	91,251	54,735	36,515	2,321	79,133	9,342
Part-time for Economic Reasons	1,706	1,011	695	133	1,420	235
Unemployed (looking for full-time work)	5,979	3,520	2,458	653	4,372	1,412
Percent of Full-time Labor Force	6.0	5.9	6.2	21.0	5.1	12.8
PART-TIME LABOR FORCE	20,929	6,940	13,991	4,879	18,365	2,005
Employed on Voluntary Part-time Basis	15,788	4,858	10,930	3,611	14,278	1,106
Part-time for Economic Reasons	3,695	1,502	2,195	574	2,958	626
Unemployed (looking for part-time work)	1,446	580	866	694	1,129	273
Percent of Part-time Labor Force	6.9	8.4	6.2	14.2	6.1	13.6

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

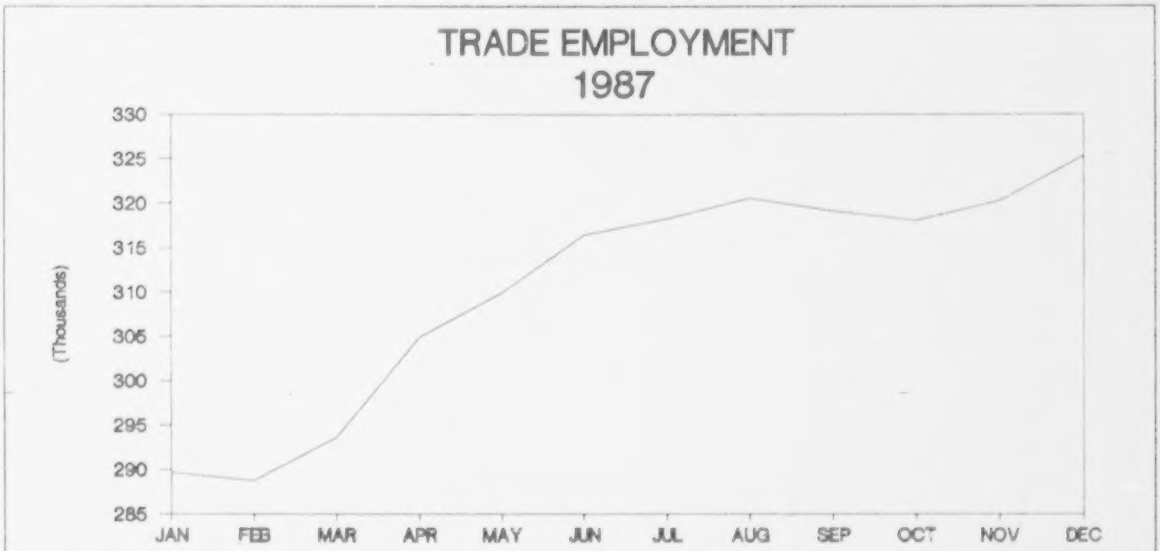
NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
SOUTH CAROLINA
1987

South Carolina's nonfarm job count rose 54,500 in 1987 to an annual average of 1,392,500. Employment gains were recorded in six of seven major industries, with construction the one exception. Two notable months during the year were April and December. April's increase of 21,500 was the largest monthly gain since September, 1983, when employment surged 28,000. In December, nonfarm employment reached a record high of 1,422,100.

TRADE

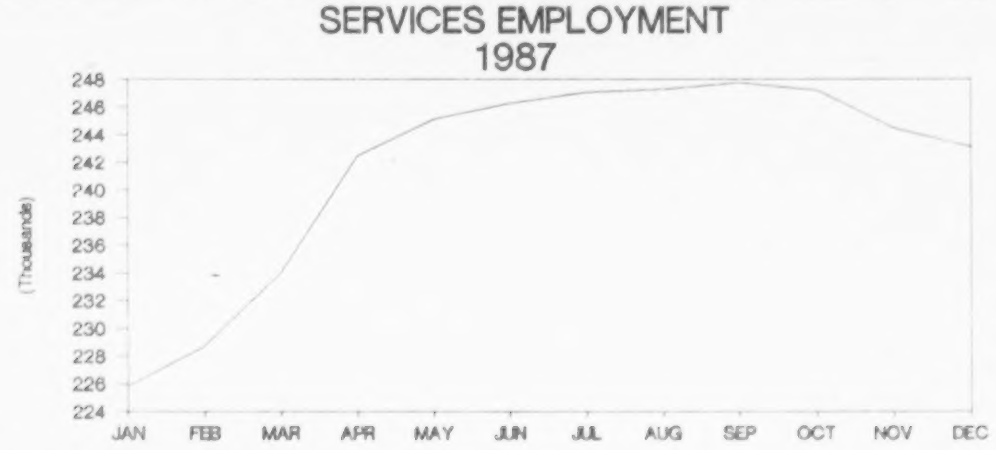
The trade and service industries continued to provide the majority of employment growth, accounting for 69.7 percent of the upturn in total nonfarm employment. Trade employers added 19,500 workers to the payrolls over the year, with the majority being added in the retail division (+18,800). Eating and drinking places made up the bulk of the rise; however, gains were scattered throughout the division. Wholesale trade accounted for 700 additions, pushing total trade employment to 310,400. A record high was recorded in December when trade employment stood at 325,300.



SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission,
Labor Market Information Division

SERVICES

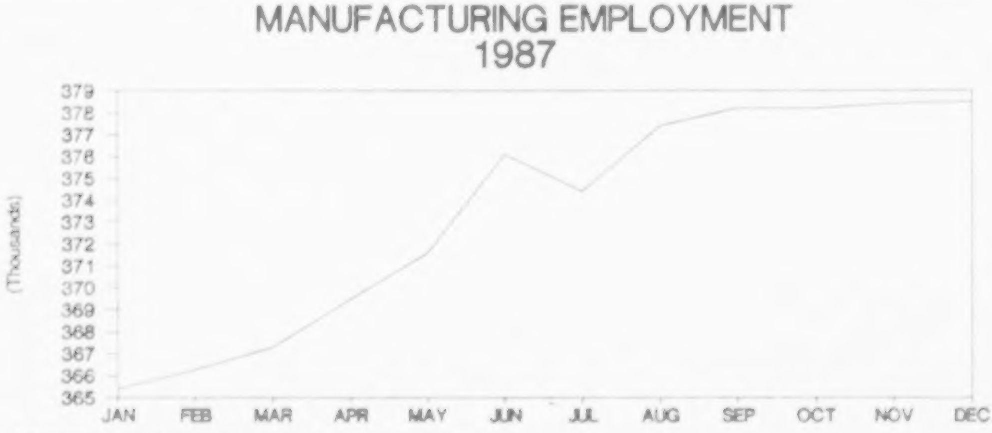
Services, at 241,600, added 18,500 jobs in 1987. Large gains were found throughout, with business services providing the bulk of new jobs and health services running a distant second. The month of greatest prosperity was April when 8,400 workers were added to the payrolls. An all-time high was registered in September, when seasonal growth pushed services to 247,800.


SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
1987

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission,
Labor Market Information Division

MANUFACTURING

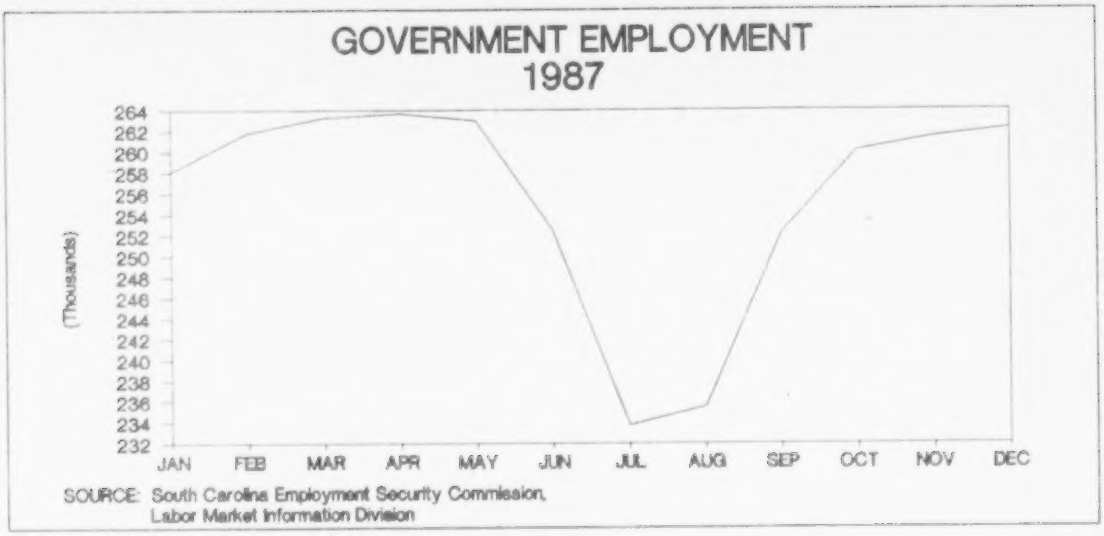
Regaining some momentum lost in the early and mid-'80's was manufacturing, which gained 8,200 jobs. Spurred by the lower value of the dollar on world currency markets, which in turn made domestic goods cheaper overseas, factory employment rose to 373,400. Substantial growth was found in durable (+4,200) and nondurable (+4,000) goods. Within durables, strong movement was reported in machinery, except electrical; and electrical and electronic equipment, increasing 1,100 and 1,000, respectively. The value of the dollar had a particular effect on the soft-good sector as textile mill products accounted for 75 percent of the upturn. The increase in textile mill employment was the first since 1976, when 12,200 workers were added to the ranks.


MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT
1987

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission,
Labor Market Information Division

GOVERNMENT

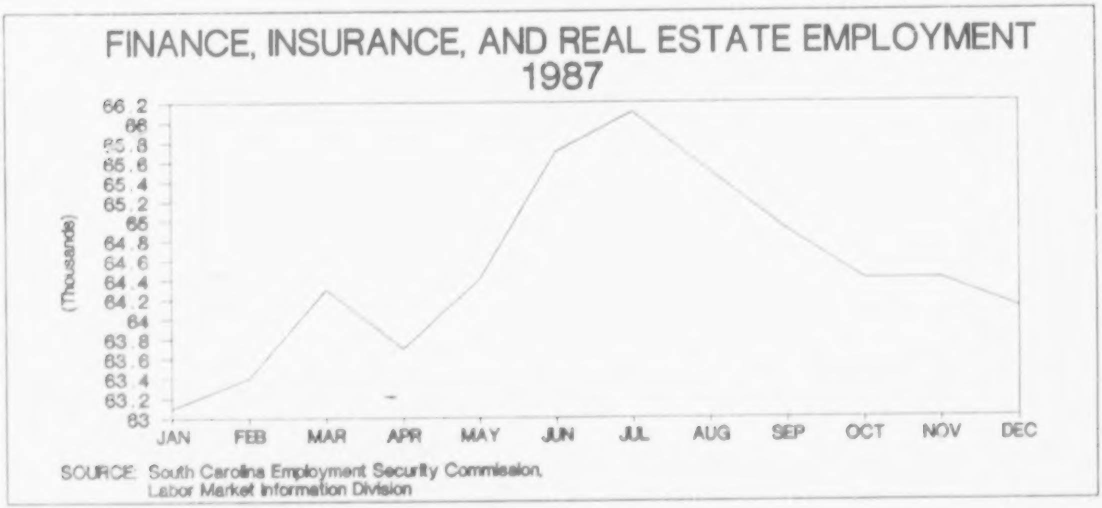
The public sector added 4,200 employees during the year, bringing its level to 255,600. An all-time high was registered in April, when the level stood at 263,700. State government employed 2,300 more workers than in 1986, 1,400 of them in sectors other than education. Local government added 1,600, with the entire increase coming in local government other than education (+1,700). Federal employment increased 300 over the twelve-month period.


GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
1987

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE

A larger workforce was also evident in finance, insurance, and real estate where 3,000 more persons occupied positions, bringing employment to 64,500. A record high was recorded in July, at the height of the real estate season, when employment reached 66,100.

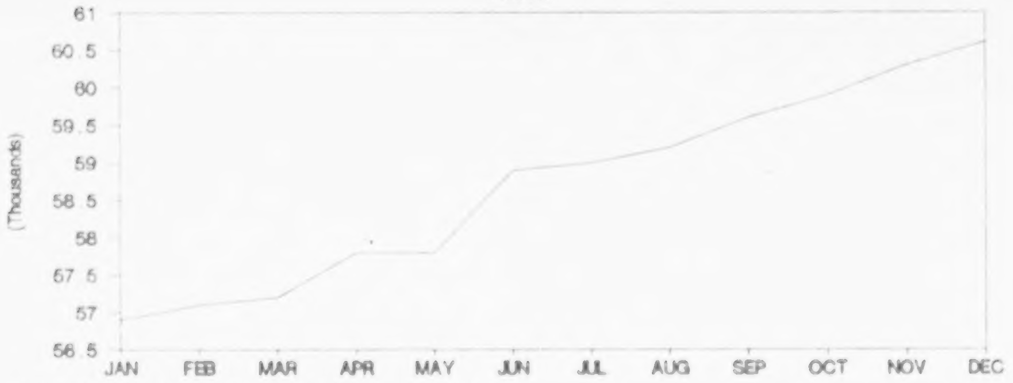

FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
1987

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES

Employers in transportation and public utilities employed 2,300 more persons than in 1986, reaching a level of 58,700. Almost one half of this increase occurred in trucking and warehousing (+1,000). The final month in 1987 brought the state another record figure as transportation and public utilities reached 60,600.

TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
1987

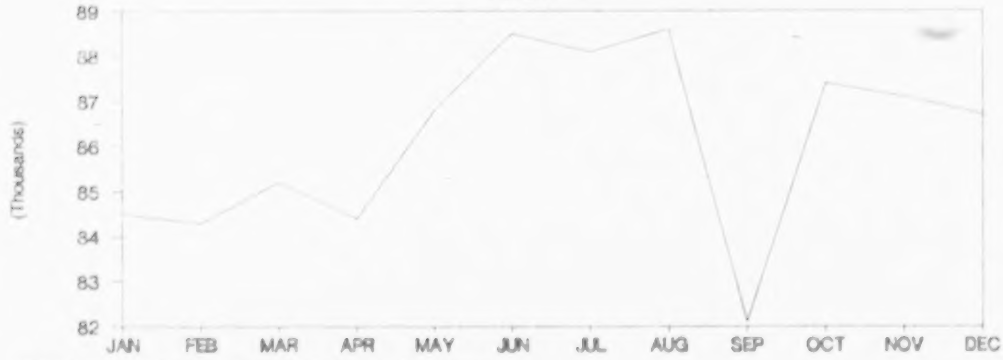


SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission,
Labor Market Information Division

CONSTRUCTION

The only major industry to lose positions over the year was construction which dropped 1,200 workers to 86,600. Moderate gains in heavy construction and special trades were not enough to offset heavy losses from general building contractors. The slowdown in construction jobs should not be interpreted entirely negatively, however, since construction employment in 1987 was at its second-highest level in history behind 1986's record-setting year.

CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
1987



SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission,
Labor Market Information Division

Overall, 1987 was a very good year for employment in South Carolina as five of seven major industries, in addition to total nonfarm employment, registered all-time highs. Manufacturing and construction were the two exceptions.

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY IN SOUTH CAROLINA

1986 and 1987

(Data in thousands)

INDUSTRY	MONTHLY AVERAGE 1987	MONTHLY AVERAGE 1986	NET CHANGE 1986-1987	PERCENT CHANGE 1986-1987
Total Nonagricultural Employment	1392.5	1338.0	54.5	4.1
Manufacturing	373.4	365.2	8.2	2.2
Durable Goods	124.8	120.6	4.2	3.5
Nondurable Goods	248.6	244.6	4.0	1.6
Construction	86.6	87.8	-1.2	-1.4
Transportation and Public Utilities	58.7	56.4	2.3	4.1
Trucking and Warehousing	17.6	16.6	1.0	6.0
Communication	12.6	12.6	0.0	0.0
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Services	15.1	15.3	-0.2	-1.3
Wholesale and Retail Trade	310.4	290.9	19.5	6.7
Wholesale Trade	56.5	55.8	0.7	1.3
Retail Trade	253.9	235.1	18.8	8.0
General Merchandise Stores	31.2	29.6	1.6	5.4
Food Stores	44.1	40.8	3.3	8.1
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	64.5	61.5	3.0	4.9
Insurance Carriers	15.1	13.9	1.2	8.6
Services	241.6	223.1	18.5	8.3
Hotels and Other Lodging Places	22.4	21.2	1.2	5.7
Health Services	48.6	45.8	2.8	6.1
Hospitals	16.5	15.7	0.8	5.1
Educational Services	21.6	21.0	0.6	2.9
Total Government	255.6	251.4	4.2	1.7
Total Federal Government	38.3	38.0	0.3	0.8
Total State Government	83.5	81.2	2.3	2.8
State Education	33.8	32.9	0.9	2.7
Other State Government	49.7	48.3	1.4	2.9
Total Local Government	133.8	132.2	1.6	1.2
Local Education	76.2	76.3	-0.1	-0.1
Other Local Government	57.6	55.9	1.7	3.0

NOTE: Totals may not add because of rounding.

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY IN SOUTH CAROLINA
1986 and 1987
(Data in thousands)

INDUSTRY	MONTHLY AVERAGE 1987	MONTHLY AVERAGE 1986	NET CHANGE 1986-1987	PERCENT CHANGE 1986-1987
Manufacturing	373.4	365.2	8.2	2.2
Durable Goods	124.8	120.6	4.2	3.5
Lumber and Wood Products	15.6	15.4	0.2	1.3
Sawmills and Planing Mills	5.0	4.8	0.2	4.2
Furniture and Fixtures	4.8	4.3	0.5	11.6
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	10.9	10.9	0.0	0.0
Fabricated Metal Products	15.3	14.9	0.4	2.7
Fabricated Structural Metal Products	5.5	5.5	0.0	0.0
Machinery, Except Electrical	30.4	29.3	1.1	3.8
Metalworking Machinery	4.9	4.8	0.1	2.1
Special Industry Machinery	6.5	6.1	0.4	6.6
Electrical and Electronic Equipment	21.6	20.6	1.0	4.9
Electronic Components and Accessories	8.2	7.3	0.9	12.3
Transportation Equipment	8.9	8.0	0.9	11.3
Instruments and Related Products	5.8	5.7	0.1	1.8
Nondurable Goods	248.6	244.6	4.0	1.6
Food and Kindred Products	15.7	15.3	0.4	2.6
Textile Mill Products	107.1	104.1	3.0	2.9
Weaving Mills, Cotton	27.5	27.4	0.1	0.4
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	30.3	30.3	0.0	0.0
Knitting Mills	9.6	9.2	0.4	4.3
Textile Finishing, Except Wool	15.6	14.8	0.8	5.4
Floor Covering Mills	4.2	3.8	0.4	10.5
Yarn and Thread Mills	10.2	9.3	0.9	9.7
Miscellaneous Textile Goods	6.6	6.2	0.4	6.5
Apparel and Other Textile Products	44.5	45.1	-0.6	-1.3
Men's and Boys' Furnishings	9.4	9.3	0.1	1.1
Women's and Misses' Outerwear	14.8	15.0	-0.2	-1.3
Miscellaneous Fabricated Textile Products	9.2	8.9	0.3	3.4
Paper and Allied Products	16.0	15.8	0.2	1.3
Miscellaneous Converted Paper Products	4.3	4.3	0.0	0.0
Paperboard Containers and Boxes	5.1	4.9	0.2	4.1
Printing and Publishing	10.7	10.2	0.5	4.9
Chemicals and Allied Products	32.2	32.2	0.0	0.0
Rubber and Miscellaneous Plastics Products	21.4	20.8	0.6	2.9

NOTE: Totals may not add because of rounding.

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

NEW/EXPANDED FIRMS
SOUTH CAROLINA
1987

*** Manufacturing was the industry that saw the most activity. In South Carolina, 91 new firms made capital investments that totaled $581,945,000 to add an announced 10,764 new jobs to the economy. There were also 672 previously established firms that invested $1,569,553,000 in expansions to create 10,126 jobs for the economy. All totaled, South Carolina received $2,151,498,000 in capital investments that created 20,890 new jobs for the manufacturing sector.

*** In distribution, 14 new firms were established and 3 existing firms expanded their operations. Capital investments totaled $81,830,000 and created 839 new jobs.

*** In offices/headquarters, 5 new firms were established and one previously established firm opted for expansion. Capital investments of $19,000,000 created 180 new jobs.

*** In research, 4 new firms were established and four already established firms expanded. Capital investments totaled $60,645,000 for 606 new jobs.

*** Some 680 firms announced that they would make capital investments for the expansion of existing facilities. These investments are expected to produce 10,137 jobs for South Carolina.

*** A total of 114 firms announced that they would make capital investments for the development of new facilities which is expected to add around 12,378 jobs.

*** Also, 18 firms announced that they will close their facilities, thereby deleting 2,749 jobs. A survey conducted by the State Development Board revealed that 42 firms will close their doors and eliminate an additional 4,424 jobs from the labor market.

1987 CAPITAL INVESTMENT AND JOB CREATION IN SOUTH CAROLINA BY INDUSTRY

		NUMBER OF FIRMS			INVESTMENT (000)			NEW JOBS		
	SIC	NEW	EXP.	TOTAL	NEW	EXPANSION	TOTAL	NEW	EXP.	TOTAL
Food	20	3	37	40	$5,600	$22,947	$28,547	295	158	453
Tobacco	21	0	1	1	0	100	100	0	0	0
Textile	22	14	76	90	120,390	240,870	361,260	1,436	1,698	3,134
Apparel	23	15	51	66	28,790	15,067	43,857	2,548	1,445	3,993
Lumber/Wood	24	5	56	61	31,490	30,483	61,973	360	319	679
Furniture	25	2	11	13	0	3,862	3,862	90	106	196
Paper	26	3	26	29	650	76,728	77,378	117	68	185
Printing	27	2	42	44	14,000	45,966	59,966	325	67	392
Chemicals	28	4	55	59	10,625	539,875	550,500	150	570	720
Petroleum	29	1	3	4	1,000	6,100	7,100	12	5	17
Rubber/Plastic	30	8	39	47	8,000	242,382	250,382	482	932	1,414
Leather	31	0	1	1	0	13	13	0	109	109
Stone/Clay/Glass	32	2	34	36	71,100	31,498	102,598	320	332	652
Primary Metals	33	3	20	23	27,500	31,301	58,801	355	248	603
Fabricated Metal	34	11	47	58	36,250	74,445	110,595	1,304	670	1,974
Machinery	35	4	96	100	7,600	106,006	113,606	475	841	1,316
Electrical Equipment	36	7	35	42	192,400	45,587	237,987	1,815	1,054	2,869
Transportation Equip.	37	4	21	25	24,900	36,913	61,813	535	1,293	1,828
Instruments	38	2	11	13	1,500	17,875	19,375	90	200	290
Miscellaneous Mfg.	39	1	10	11	250	1,535	1,785	55	11	66
Manufacturing Totals		91	672	763	$581,945	$1,569,553	$2,151,498	10,764	10,126	20,890
Distribution	50	14	3	17	67,830	14,000	81,830	839	0	839
Office/Hqt.	60	5	1	6	7,000	12,000	19,000	180	0	180
Research	73	4	4	8	59,100	1,545	60,645	595	11	606
All Sector Totals		114	680	794	$715,875	$1,597,098	$2,312,973	12,378	10,137	22,515

SOURCE: South Carolina State Development Board

ESTABLISHED FACILITIES ANNOUNCING CAPITAL INVESTMENTS IN SOUTH CAROLINA IN 1987

COMPANY NAME	LOCATION	EMPLOYMENT	PRODUCT
A. B. Beverage Co.	Aiken	0	Distribution of beer
Ado Corp.	Spartanburg	60	Seamless drapery fabric
Alco Mfg.	Anderson	33	Auto seat covers
Alice Mfg. Co.-Arial Plant	Easley	0	Cotton-polyester print cloth
American Koȳo Bearing Mfg. Corp.	Orangeburg	80	Ball & roller bearings
American Screw & Rivet Corp.	Anderson	25	Rivets
Amoco Performance Products, Inc.	Greenville	70	Pan-based carbon fibers
Andrews Bearings, Div. of INA	Spartanburg	NA	Thrust ball & roller bearings
Ashe Brick Div.-Boral Bricks	Van Wyck	40	Wood mold brick
B & B Sportswear	Hemingway	100	Apparel
BASF Corp.-Fib. Div.-Clemson Plant	Central	25	Nylon filament carpet yarn
Bausch & Lomb	Greenville	50	Ophthalmic solutions
BBC Brown Boveri, Inc.	Florence	120	Indus. circuit breakers
Bosch Corp.-Automotive Group	Summerville	500	Components for braking sys.
Robert Bosch Corp.	Anderson	300	Braking sys. elec. control unit
Carolina Tank Corp.	Chester	80	Truck fuel tanks
Carotron, Inc.	Heath Springs	NA	Industrial motor controls
Chronicle-Independent	Camden	0	Newspapers
Coastal Engineered Products Co.	Varnville	21	FRP pultrusions
Cogsdill Tool Products	Camden	15	Tooling equipment
D & D Specialties, Inc.	Union	NA	Metal door frames
Defiance Metal Products of SC	Greenwood	50	Metal stamping
Dennison PSC	Clinton	NA	Printed labels
Duraco Products	Union	NA	Macrame hangers
E C Industries, Inc.	Piedmont	50	Infants' daywear
E I Du Pont De Nemours	Aiken	NA	DWPF-Defense Waste Processing
E I Du Pont De Nemours	Aiken	NA	New tridium loading facility
E I Du Pont De Nemours	Aiken	NA	F & H effluent area
E I Du Pont De Nemours	Aiken	NA	Environmental section
E I Du Pont De Nemours & Co.	Camden	34	Synthetic organic fibers
Engelhard Corp.	Seneca	65	Precious metal catalyst
Equinox Mill	Anderson	50	Finishing boat covers
Ethyl Corp.	Orangeburg	NA	Pain relievers (ibuprofen)
Fabri-Kal Corp.	Piedmont	65	Cups
Gardisette USA, Inc.	Williamston	10	Custom draperies
General Electric Co.	Greenville	NA	Gas turbines
W. R. Grace & Co.-Cryovac Div.	Duncan	50	Flexible plastic pkg. material
Graffix Fabrix Co.	Georgetown	50	Printing designs on clothing
Greenwood Plating Co.	Greenwood	40	Electroplating metals
Gro-Bark, Inc.	McCormick	20	Processed bark
Groce Laboratories	Greer	0	Solvent reclamation
Halocarbon	North Augusta	NA	Chemicals
Harving Choice Meats, Inc.	Sumter	10	Processed meats
Hersey Products, Inc.	Spartanburg	80	Industrial flow meters
Hoechst Fibers	Spartanburg	20	Polyester fibers
Image Carpet Yarn, Inc.	Dillon	45	Carpet yarns
JPM Co. of SC	Winnsboro	50	Wire & cable assemblies
Kel-wood Timber Products	Hardeeville	112	Wood treated products
Kings Mills, Inc.	Whitmire	150	Kitchen towels
Kingstree Knits, Inc.	Kingstree	60	T-shirts
Klear-knit	Florence	150	Apparel

ESTABLISHED FACILITIES ANNOUNCING CAPITAL INVESTMENTS IN SOUTH CAROLINA IN 1987 (CONTINUED)

COMPANY NAME	LOCATION	EMPLOYMENT	PRODUCT
Kohler Co.	Spartanburg	24	China plumbing fixtures
L. Perrigo Co.	Greenville	NA	Vitamins
Lane Mfg. Co.	Hartsville	NA	Screw machines parts
M. Lowenstein-Limestone Plant	Gaffney	0	Broadwoven fabrics
Marvel Lighting Corp.	Mullins	0	Light bulbs, fluorescent tubes
McCrory Stoes, SE. Dist. Center	Clinton	0	Dist. of misc. retail goods
Michelin	Sandy Springs	100	Rubber products
Michelin	Lexington	300	Automobile tires
Michelin	Spartanburg	30	Truck tires
Michelin Tire Corp.	Greenville	0	Headquarters
Milliken & Co.	Blacksburg	0	Dyeing & fin. cotton fabrics
Mount Vernon Mills	Williamston	0	Cotton print cloth
Multitex Corp of America-Yarn Div.	Ulmer	11	Carpet yarn
National Electric Carbon	Greenville	30	Carbon brushes
National Starch & Chemical Co.	Enoree	20	Hot melt adhesives
NCR Corp.	Liberty	100	Dev. & assembly of PC's
NCR-Engineering & Mfg.	West Columbia	125	Computer equipment
Oneita Industries	Andrews	NA	Dist. of T-shirts & underwear
Orian Rugs, Inc.	Anderson	60	Oriental rugs
Paragon Plastics, Inc.	Union	30	Tubes - extruded
Paragon Plastics, Inc.	Union	40	Tubes - extruded
Pat-Chem, Inc.	Greenville	10	Antimigrants
Peeler Rug & Printing Co, Inc.	Gaffney	100	Throw rugs
Phillips Fibers	Seneca	20	Nonwoven fabric
Phoenix Medical Technology, Inc.	Andrews	60	Latex gloves
Phoenix Medical Technology, Inc.	Andrews	NA	Vinyl gloves
Ring Can Co.	Chester	30	Artificial creamer containers
Roller Bearing Corp. (RBC)	Hartsville	NA	Bearings
Sandhill Quilting Co., Inc.	Wallace	50	Quilted furniture van pads
Schmid Laboratories	Anderson	15	Birth control products
Schmid Laboratories	Anderson	100	Birth control products
Schoeller, Inc.	Sumter	100	Acrylic yarns
Southland-Exchange	Hampton	7	Mfg. processed steam
Span-America Medical Supplies	Greenville	50	Medical supplies
Sponsler Co., Inc.	Westminster	20	Flow meter devices
Springmasters	Greer	NA	Coiled springs
Springs Ind.-Katherine Plant	Chester	0	Polyester-cotton sheeting
Summitt Knits	Andrews	30	Apparel
Timken Company	Gaffney	NA	Tapered roller bearings
TNS Mills, Inc.	Blacksburg	100	Cotton yarn
TNS Mills, Inc.	Spartanburg	NA	Sheeting
Trans Tech, Inc.	Greenville	20	Motor-brush holders
Tupperware Co.	Hemingway	0	Plastic housewares
Wellington Leisure Products	Jonesville	NA	Plant hangers
Wellman, Inc.	Johnsonville	48	Nylon & polyester staple fiber
Wells Aluminum Southeast, Inc.	Belton	30	Alum. extrusion-mill finishing
Westport Home Fashions, Ltd.	Greer	100	Custom quilted bedspreads
Westvaco Development Corp.	Summerville	0	Lumber
Whitco	Camden	50	Ladies' & children's sportswear

SOURCE: South Carolina State Development Board

NEW COMPANIES ANNOUNCING CAPITAL INVESTMENTS IN SOUTH CAROLINA IN 1987

COMPANY NAME	LOCATION	EMPLOYMENT	PRODUCT
111 Textile Transfer, Inc.	Greenville	100	Screen print transfer
Absorbent Cotton, Inc.	Bamberg	50	Surgical gauze patches
ACPC	Spartanburg	80	Aluminum conductor cable
Allied-Signal, Inc.	Conway	150	NA
Alloyd Co., Inc.	Spartanburg	30	Plastic packaging
Anchor Swan	Salem	200	Automotive hoses & couplings
Anvil Knitwear	Aynor	400	Shirts
Asten Monotech, Inc.	Summerville	40	Monofilament yarn
Autolite Div-Allied-Signal	Spartanburg	NA	Spark plug shells
Automatic Injection Molding Co.	Spartanburg	40	Custom molding (health care)
B & B Electroplating	Belton	NA	Electroplated copper & aluminum
Bee Jay Garment Co.	Ware Shoals	100	Apparel
Billie Kay's Uniforms, Inc.	Orangeburg	18	Nursing uniforms
BMG Music	Spartanburg	250	Records & cassettes
Bostrom Seating, Inc.	Fort Mill	50	Truck suspension seats
Burris Chemical, Inc.	Greenville	25	Textile coloring (dyes)
C & C Knitting	Ware Shoals	16	Knit fabric
Caloric Corp.	Florence	300	Appliances
Cardinal Garment Dye Corp.	Greer	90	Dyeing & finishing garments
Carolina Capital Funds Group	Union	40	Textile decorative trim
Casco-Belton Corp.	Belton	100	Heating & mattress pads
Cathay Industries, Inc.	St. Matthews	25	Ethnic pastas
Champion Spark Plug Co.	Liberty	150	A/C jet igniters
Clayman Pleating & Stitching	Greenville	15	Pleating & stitching
Climatic Corp.	Columbia	0	Distributor of electronics
Coastal Corrugated, Inc.	Summerville	12	Corrugated boxes
Colonial Packaging	Sumter	5	Flexible plastic container
Compusystems, Inc.	Columbia	35	Software supplier
Contracts, Inc.	Great Falls	50	Apparel
Culp, Inc.	Pageland	150	Yarn
D C A, Inc.	Clinton	35	Electronics components
Dart Container Corp.	Greenwood	NA	Mfg. proprietary machinery
Defiance Metal Products, Inc.	Greenwood	50	Metal stamping
Delta Woodside Industries	Spartanburg	150	Yarn
DHL Laboratories	Union	75	Sterile solution (med. app.)
Digital Equipment Corp.	Greenville	200	Research & development
DMP	Cross Keys	100	Sweatshirts
Double Envelope Corp.	Travelers Rest	25	Envelopes
Eaton Corp	Westminister	NA	Auto systems & equipment
Embellishments Unlimited	Belton	50	Comforters & dust ruffles
Factory Mattress & Waterbed	Fort Mill	12	Discount bedding
Fallon Luminous Products	Spartanburg	NA	Neon signs
Flakt, Inc.	Rock Hill	40	Air handling equipment
Garment Technology, Inc.	Gaffney	20	Garment processing
General Dynamics Corp.	Goose Creek	300	Structural steel components
Gosport	Spartanburg	20	Neoprene diving suits
Graco Metal Products	Greenville	40	Infant furniture & supplies
Graham Container Corp.	N. Charleston	30	Plastic bottles
Grumman Corp.-Allied Division	Lexington	200	Aluminum parts
Guardian Industries	Richburg	300	Float glass
H. F. Ross Co.	Anderson	10	Liquid handcleaning soap

NEW COMPANIES ANNOUNCING CAPITAL INVESTMENTS IN SOUTH CAROLINA IN 1987
(CONTINUED)

COMPANY NAME	LOCATION	EMPLOYMENT	PRODUCT
Hahl Filaments, Inc.	Columbia	NA	Synthetic brush filaments
Hemingway Knits	Hemingway	100	T-shirts
Holson Company	Gaffney	250	Photo albums
Hoover Machine, Inc.	Great Falls	100	Long staple spinning oper.
House of Raeford	Nesmith	200	Poultry
Hughes Aircraft-South Carolina	Orangeburg	175	Printed circuit boards
Intedge Industries, Inc.	Spartanburg	100	Fabric kitchen accessories
Interstate Shelter	Allendale	NA	Modular houses
John H. Frischkorn, Jr., Inc.	Columbia	25	Distributor of indus. pipes
Jonesville Fancy Yarn Mills	Jonesville	200	Knitted upholstery fabrics
Karmikel Corp.	Lancaster	150	Knit shirts & sportswear
Kent, Inc.	Easley	45	Infant sleepwear
Kunja Industrial Co., Ltd.	Mullins	300	Sweaters
L. Perrigo Co.	Greenville	12	Vitamins & health products
Letron	Blythewood	150	Artificial wood & veneers
Loris Industries, Inc.	Loris	500	Lingerie
Macon Beauty Supply	Rock Hill	20	Beauty supplies
Mancor SC	Lugoff	75	Metal castings
Mellco, Inc.	Rock Hill	40	Wood treatment
Minkus Stamp & Publishing Co.	Fort Mill	NA	Stamp collecting albums
Moore Lambert Industries	Edgefield	35	Lamps (flourescent)
Mount Vernon Mills	Simpsonville	35	Wet felt
Murray Machinery, Inc.	Columbia	40	Machining & fabrication
Nexus Greenhouse Systems	Darlington	15	Greenhouses
Pee Dee Chip Mill, Inc.	Gresham	10	Processing wood chips
Photo-Marker Corp.	Spartanburg	80	Paper products
Pilcher-Hamilton Corp.	Greer	50	Plastic films
Ploof Truck Lines	Holly Hill	50	Interstate transportation
PMI Food Equipment Group, Inc.	Darlington	200	Commericial cooking equip.
Ramp	Charleston	160	Engine parts
Read Seal Electric Co.	Greenwood	NA	Fab. plastics-elec. & mech.
Ring Can Company	Chester	20	Artificial creamer container
Rodier Corp.	Charleston	25	Office headquarters
Rogerson, Inc.	Georgetown	10	Specialty woodwork products
Ross Cosmetics Dist. Center	Spartanburg	100	Distribution of cosmetics
RST&B Quilting & Bedding Co.	Spartanburg	140	Bedding products
SBI Corporation	Columbia	NA	Research & development
Sea Ray Boats, Inc.	Lancaster	260	Fiberglass boats
Shaw, B. F., Inc.	Laurens	350	Pipe systems
Slack & Parr Hydraulic Corp.	Rock Hill	NA	Hydraulic motors
Sonoco Packaging Dev. Center	Hartsville	NA	Research & development
Sonoco Prod. Co.-Intern'l Hqtr.	Hartsville	NA	Headquarters
Southern Pipe & Mechanical, Inc.	Bennettsville	25	Metalworking
Southport Distribution Center	Spartanburg	0	Speculative dist. facs.
Standard Products Co.,	Spartanburg	300	Plastic parts for auto ind.
Stevens-Sommer, Hillcrest PLT	Simpsonville	NA	Nonwoven carpet for auto
Sunbelt Color	Rock Hill	15	Vat dyes
Teepak, Inc.	Summerville	NA	Finish casing for meat packers
TNS Mills, Inc	Gaffney	350	Yarn & fabric
Torrington Co.	Spartanburg	50	Bearings

NEW COMPANIES ANNOUNCING CAPITAL INVESTMENTS IN SOUTH CAROLINA IN 1987
(CONTINUED)

COMPANY NAME	LOCATION	EMPLOYMENT	PRODUCT
Trans 10 Technologies	Aiken	130	Modular buildings
Triangle Fiberglass Services	Varnville	7	Reinforced fiberglass plastic
Tut Industries	Lancaster	4	Anodizing operation
United Solid, Inc.	Bath	600	Jogging suits
W. W. Grainger	Fountain Inn	300	Industrial products
Weavetec	Spartanburg	25	Upholstery fabric
Wellman, Inc.	Clinton	12	Textile lubricants
Westbury Knitwear	Kelly	100	Knitted material
White Consolidated Industries	Anderson	1,000	Refrigerators
White Lightning Aircraft Corp.	Walterboro	NA	Fiberglass airplanes
Willamette Industries, Inc.	Rock Hill	75	Business forms
Wolverine Brass Works	Conway	40	Brass plumbing fixtures
Xerxes Corp.	Rock Hill	20	Fiberglass underground tanks

SOURCE: South Carolina State Development Board

ANNOUNCED PLANT CLOSINGS
JANUARY THROUGH DECEMBER 1987 BY INDUSTRY

COMPANY	EMP.	SIC	INDUSTRY
Cargill	69	20	Oil refining & hydrogenation
Bigelow-Sanford, Inc.	273	22	Carpets & rugs
St. Matthews Mfg. Co.	100	23	Ladies' sportswear
Ship 'N Shore	170	23	Ladies' blouses
Haveford Corp.	50	23	Boys' suit jackets
Aynor Mfg. Co., Inc.	350	23	Ladies' sportswear
Amco Supply Co., Inc.	6	24	Wooden pallets
U. S. Plywood Corp.	230	24	Hardwood paneling
National-Southern Corp.	40	25	Metal office furniture
Gemco, Inc.	40	30	Shoe manufacturing
Benjamin F. Shaw	100	34	Pipe fabrication
Piedmont Steel, Inc.	40	34	Structural steel
Fairfield Mfg. Co.	95	35	Speed reducers
Therm-O-Disc	600	36	Electric motor temperature
Belton Corp.	500	36	Electric blankets
Rock Hill Body Co.	21	37	Truck bodies
Talon, Inc.	65	39	Nylon zippers
Suffolk Chemical Co.	NA	51	Chlorine repackaging
	2,749		

SURVEYED PLANT CLOSINGS
JANUARY THROUGH DECEMBER 1987 BY INDUSTRY

COMPANY	EMP.	SIC	INDUSTRY
L. P. Maggioni, Inc.	4	20	Canned food
Golden Harbor Seafoods, Inc.	55	20	Crabmeat
Continental Grain	69	20	Soybean meal & oil
Caro Maid Ice Cream Co.	27	20	Ice cream
Dixie Portland Flour Mills	14	20	Flour
Shull Sausage Sales Co., Inc.	50	20	Prepared meats
Ginger Bay Industries, Inc.	70	22	Specialty yarns
Honea Path Apparel	18	23	Ladies' Blouses
Lodge Mfg., Inc.	150	23	Ladies' apparel
Spotlight Co., Inc.	32	23	Loungewear
Andrews Apparel Co., Inc.	60	23	Ladies' sportswear
Norris Interiors	18	23	Draperies
Southern Moulding Co., Inc.	9	24	Furniture Stock

SURVEYED PLANT CLOSINGS (CONT'D)

COMPANY	EMP.	SIC	INDUSTRY
Graves Boat Works & Constr.	225	24	Dwelling construction
U. S. Plywood Corp.	80	24	Prefinished wall paneling
Godbee Logging	4	24	Pulpwood
Townsend Enterprise, Inc.	25	24	Boxes, crating
Southern Mfg. Co.	39	24	Window sashes & doors
Dixie Box & Crating Corp.	15	24	Export packaging
Pee Dee Forest Products	9	24	Logging
Carolina East Furniture Co, Inc.	25	25	Upholstered furniture
Amstore	121	25	Store fixtures & partitions
Weeks Liquid Fertilizer	4	28	Liquid fertilizer
GFT, Inc.	100	30	Fiberglass products
Hedwin Corp.	34	30	Plastic shipping containers
Becker Sand & Gravel Co.	18	32	Sand & gravel
Winnsboro Granite Corp.	6	32	Granite quarry
Scranton Redi-Mix, Inc.	5	32	Redi-mix concrete
Nomrah Concrete Co.	54	32	Redi-mix concrete
G & G Welding Co.	2	34	Fabrication of steel
J. C. Ware, Inc.	1	34	Gutters & vents
Walterboro Iron Works	5	34	Fabricated metal products
Sisco, Inc.	1	34	Solid separators
Schubert & Salzer Mach. Works	20	35	Spinning equipment
Kirkman & Dixon Mach. Co.	12	35	Textile machinery
Ride Control Systems, Inc.	65	35	Tire truer, wheel balancer
Quality Broach Co.	60	35	Machine broaches
TEC Products, Inc.	21	35	Hydraulic cylinders
Carolina Trailers, Inc.	14	35	Hydraulic power units
Trans-World Satellite	5	36	Satellite receivers
Jack A. Helms Co., Inc.	21	37	Sailboats
J & L Metrology	108	38	Auto micropresser opt. comp.
	1,675		

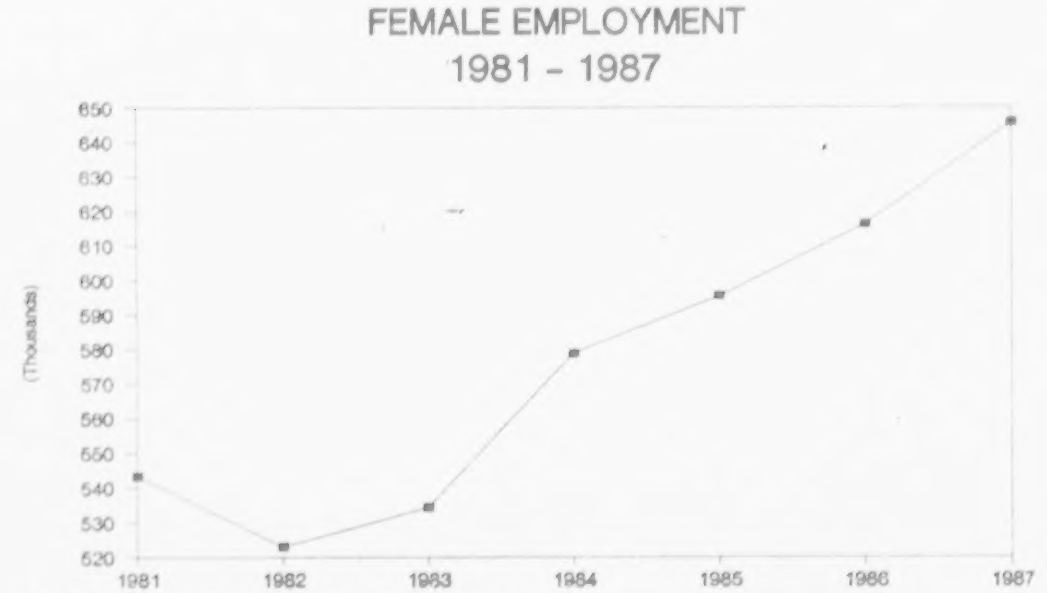
SOURCE: South Carolina State Development Board

FEMALE NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT
SOUTH CAROLINA
1987

The number of women in South Carolina's nonfarm wage and salary jobs in 1987 rose to 645,600, a gain of 29,500 above the 1986 level. Nonfarm female positions increased 102,300 during the 1980's despite the 1982 recessionary loss of 20,200 jobs. The majority of the growth experienced in 1987 was spurred by wholesale and retail trade (+11,500); services (+9,700); and finance, insurance, and real estate (+3,000). The increase in the trade industry was a result of an 11,300 boost in the retail division. Health services, up 2,700, accounted for 28 percent of the gain in the service area. The addition of 900 female workers by insurance carriers was the major contributor to the growth in finance, insurance, and real estate.

Manufacturing showed a gain of 2,800 female jobs as nondurable goods and durable goods posted increases of 2,100 and 700, respectively. Transportation and public utilities (+400) and construction (+300) rose slightly.

In the public sector, government added 1,800 female employees to reach a level of 144,100. State government contributed 2,000 positions and local government 400. Federal government registered a decline of 600 female workers.



SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission,
Labor Market Information Division

FEMALE NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA BY INDUSTRY
(Data in thousands)

INDUSTRY	MONTHLY AVERAGE 1987	MONTHLY AVERAGE 1986	NET CHANGE 1986-1987	PERCENT CHANGE 1986-1987
Total Female Nonagricultural Employment	645.6	616.1	29.5	4.8
Manufacturing	151.1	148.3	2.8	1.9
Durable Goods	38.8	38.1	0.7	1.8
Lumber and Wood Products	2.2	2.3	-0.1	-4.3
Fabricated Metal Products	3.5	3.6	-0.1	-2.8
Machinery, Except Electrical	8.8	8.2	0.6	7.3
Electric and Electronic Equipment	12.0	12.0	0.0	0.0
Instruments and Related Products	3.4	3.3	0.1	3.0
Nondurable Goods	112.3	110.2	2.1	1.9
Food and Kindred Products	5.5	5.2	0.3	5.8
Textile Mill Products	45.5	43.8	1.7	3.9
Weaving Mills, Cotton	11.5	11.7	-0.2	-1.7
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	13.0	12.9	0.1	0.8
Knitting Mills	6.8	6.6	0.2	3.0
Apparel and Other Textile Products	37.9	38.1	-0.2	-0.5
Men's and Boys' Furnishings	8.5	8.4	0.1	1.2
Women's and Misses' Outerwear	13.1	13.0	0.1	0.8
Paper and Allied Products	3.4	3.4	0.0	0.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	8.2	8.6	-0.4	-4.7
Rubber and Miscellaneous Plastics Products	7.4	7.0	0.4	5.7
Construction	7.1	6.8	0.3	4.4
Transportation and Public Utilities	13.0	12.6	0.4	3.2
Communication	6.0	6.0	0.0	0.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	152.0	140.5	11.5	8.2
Wholesale Trade	14.1	13.9	0.2	1.4
Retail Trade	137.9	126.6	11.3	8.9
General Merchandise Stores	23.8	22.5	1.3	5.8
Food Stores	20.6	18.7	1.9	10.2
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	40.5	37.5	3.0	8.0
Banking	11.4	11.1	0.3	2.7
Insurance Carriers	8.2	7.3	0.9	12.3
Services	137.3	127.6	9.7	7.6
Hotels and Other Lodging Places	14.0	13.7	0.3	2.2
Health Services	40.4	37.7	2.7	7.2
Hospitals	13.7	12.8	0.9	7.0
Total Government	144.1	142.3	1.8	1.3
Total Federal Government	11.6	12.2	-0.6	-4.9
Total State Government	45.9	43.9	2.0	4.6
State Education	15.6	15.1	0.5	3.3
Other State Government	30.3	28.8	1.5	5.2
Total Local Government	86.7	86.3	0.4	0.5
Local Education	57.9	58.9	-1.0	-1.7
Other Local Government	28.8	27.4	1.4	5.1

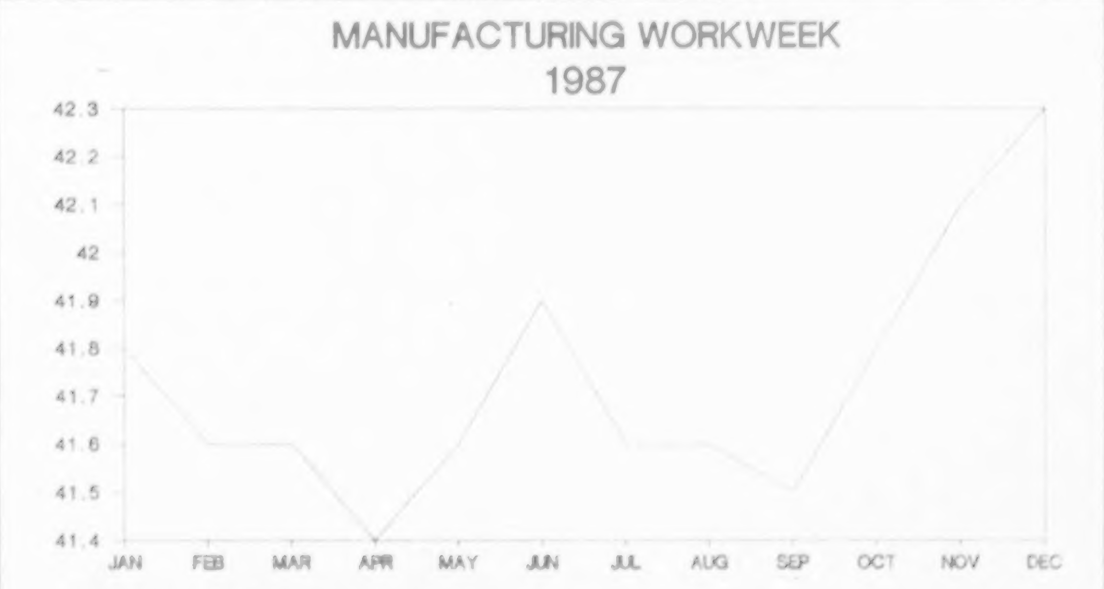
NOTE: Totals may not add due to rounding and unpublishable components within each sector.

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

WORKWEEK IN MANUFACTURING
SOUTH CAROLINA
1987

MANUFACTURING WORKWEEK

The workweek for South Carolina's manufacturing production workers, with an annual average of 41.7, gained 0.6 hour in 1987. Both the hard- and soft-good sectors experienced positive movements. Durables, at 42.6, recorded the largest increase, 0.9 hour. Within durables, sizable gains were made in instruments and related products (+2.8); stone, clay, and glass products (+1.7); machinery, except electrical (+1.3); and electrical and electronic equipment (+1.0). Minute additions were seen in fabricated metal products (+0.5), and lumber and wood products (+0.1). The only durables industry group to suffer a decline was furniture and fixtures (-0.1). Nondurables, at 41.3, picked up 0.5 hour from the previous year. Contributing to the hourly advance within nondurables were printing and publishing (+2.1), textile mill products (+0.5), chemicals and allied products (+0.3), and apparel and other textile products (+0.1). Showing negative movements were food and kindred products and paper and allied products, which lost 0.2 hour and 0.1 hour, respectively.



SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

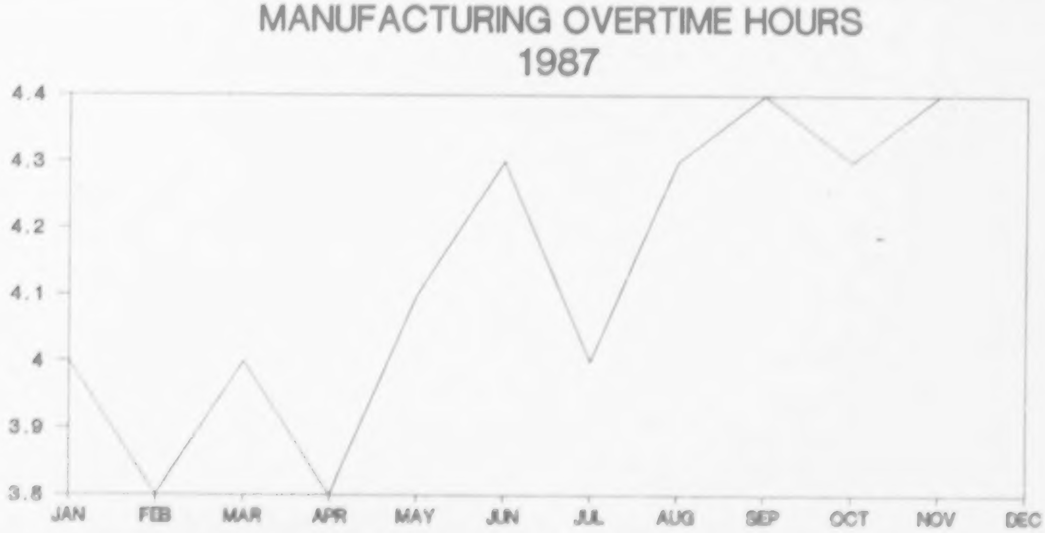
MANUFACTURING OVERTIME HOURS

The twelve-month average of overtime hours for South Carolina's manufacturing production employees increased 0.4 hour to 4.2 from 1986 to 1987. Annual averages for durable and nondurable goods experienced upturns of 0.6 and 0.3 hour, respectively. With the exception of January, premium hours in manufacturing were higher each month in 1987 than in 1986. Lower overtime hours in nondurable manufacturing were responsible for January, 1987 hours being lower than January, 1986.

OVERTIME HOURS

	1986			1987		
	Mfg.	Dur.	Nondur.	Mfg.	Dur.	Nondur.
January	4.2	3.5	4.5	4.0	4.2	3.9
February	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.8	3.9	3.8
March	3.6	3.5	3.7	4.0	3.8	4.1
April	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.8	3.9	3.8
May	3.5	3.4	3.5	4.1	4.3	4.0
June	3.6	3.7	3.5	4.3	4.7	4.2
July	3.6	3.3	3.7	4.0	4.1	4.0
August	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.3	4.4	4.2
September	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.4	4.0	4.6
October	3.8	3.7	3.9	4.3	4.5	4.2
November	4.1	3.9	4.1	4.4	4.6	4.3
December	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.7	4.3
Annual Average	3.8	3.7	3.8	4.2	4.3	4.1

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

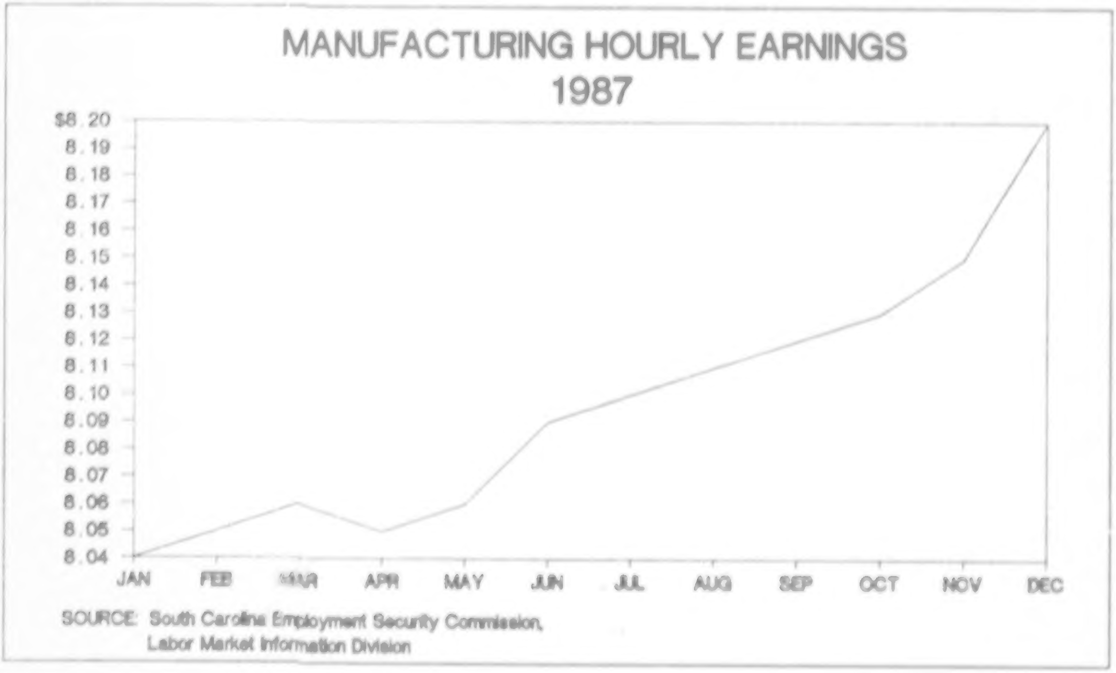

MANUFACTURING OVERTIME HOURS
1987

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission,
Labor Market Information Division

EARNINGS AND WAGES IN SOUTH CAROLINA
1987

MANUFACTURING HOURLY EARNINGS

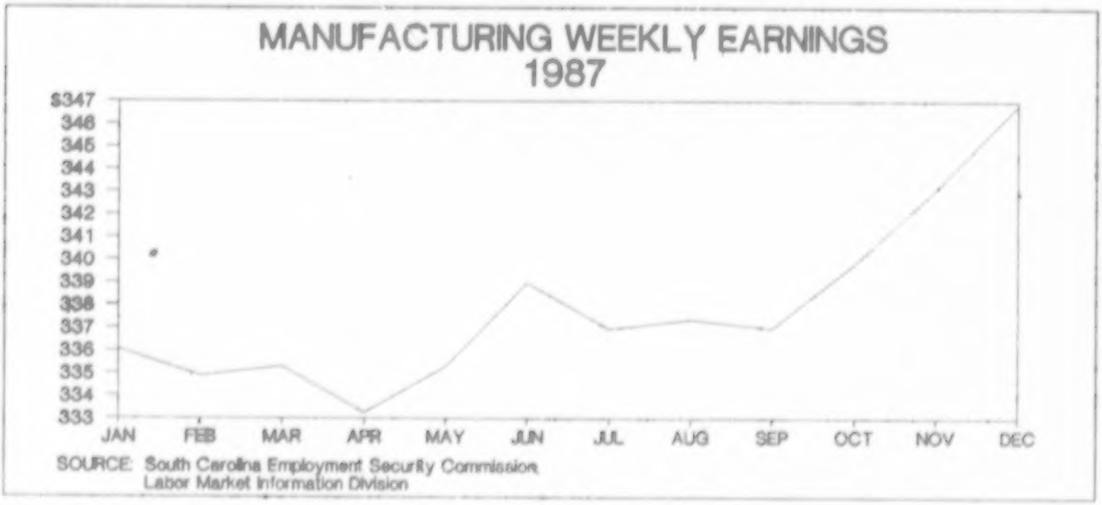
Average hourly earnings for manufacturing production workers rose to $8.10, $0.18 above 1986's average. Durables and nondurables increased $0.18 and $0.17, respectively. Durables, at $8.27, recorded payroll gains in all industry groups. Significant additions were posted in electrical and electronic equipment (+$0.37); stone, clay, and glass products (+$0.27); instruments and related products (+$0.21); and fabricated metal products (+$0.17). Nondurables, at $8.01, reported the largest climb in printing and publishing (+$0.33). Notable upturns were also seen in textile mill products (+$0.20), paper and allied products (+$0.17), chemicals and allied products (+$0.15), apparel and other textile products (+$0.13), and food and kindred products (+$0.11).


MANUFACTURING HOURLY EARNINGS
1987

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission,
Labor Market Information Division

MANUFACTURING WEEKLY EARNINGS

Manufacturing's average weekly earnings experienced a rise of $12.26 to $337.77. Increases were made throughout both durables and nondurables. Durable goods rose $14.95 to $352.30, while nondurable goods climbed $10.94 to $330.81.


MANUFACTURING WEEKLY EARNINGS
1987

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission
Labor Market Information Division

COMPARISON OF MANUFACTURING EARNINGS AND HOURS BY INDUSTRY
SOUTH CAROLINA
1986-1987

	WEEKLY HOURS		HOURLY EARNINGS		WEEKLY EARNINGS	
INDUSTRY	1987	1986	1987	1986	1987	1986
Manufacturing	41.7	41.1	8.10	7.92	337.77	325.51
Durable Goods	42.6	41.7	8.27	8.09	352.30	337.35
Lumber & Wood Products	42.0	41.9	7.28	7.27	305.76	304.61
Furniture & Fixtures	40.5	40.6	7.00	6.97	283.50	282.98
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	45.4	43.7	9.29	9.02	421.77	394.17
Fabricated Metal Products	40.6	40.1	8.17	8.00	331.70	320.80
Machinery, Except Electrical	43.6	42.3	8.48	8.44	369.73	357.01
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	41.2	40.2	7.67	7.30	316.00	293.46
Instruments & Related Products	42.6	39.8	8.09	7.88	344.63	313.62
Nondurable Goods	41.3	40.8	8.01	7.84	330.81	319.87
Food & Kindred Products	39.4	39.6	7.19	7.08	283.29	280.37
Textile Mill Products	41.8	41.3	7.48	7.28	312.66	300.66
Apparel & Other Textile Products	37.8	37.7	5.34	5.21	201.85	196.42
Paper & Allied Products	44.1	44.2	12.09	11.92	533.17	526.86
Printing & Publishing	39.1	37.0	8.60	8.27	336.26	305.99
Chemicals & Allied Products	42.9	42.6	11.80	11.65	506.22	496.29

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

WAGES BY INDUSTRY AS A PERCENT OF TOTAL PRIVATE WAGES
1975, 1980, 1986
SOUTH CAROLINA

	Percent of Private Wages		
Industry	1975	1980	1986
Construction	9.1	8.4	8.6
Manufacturing	48.2	47.3	41.1
Textile Mill Products	18.4	15.5	10.7
Apparel and Other Textile Products	3.8	3.4	2.8
Chemical and Allied Products	6.0	5.7	5.5
Rubber and Miscellaneous Plastics Products	1.3	2.8	2.9
Machinery, Except Electrical	3.7	4.2	3.6
Electrical and Electronic Equipment	2.0	2.5	2.9
Transportation and Public Utilities	6.3	7.4	7.3
Communication	2.2	2.2	1.8
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Services	1.4	2.3	2.6
Wholesale and Retail Trade	19.6	18.7	19.8
Wholesale Trade	6.8	6.8	6.6
Retail Trade	12.8	11.9	13.2
General Merchandise Stores	2.0	1.7	1.5
Food Stores	2.5	2.3	2.2
Eating and Drinking Places	1.6	2.0	2.8
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	5.4	5.2	6.3
Banking	1.5	1.4	1.5
Service	11.0	12.0	15.6
Hotels, Motels, nd Other Lodging Places	0.8	0.8	1.1
Business Services	1.2	1.7	3.2
Health Services	3.3	3.9	4.9

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

PERCENT CHANGE IN WAGES BY INDUSTRY
1975 - 1980, and 1980 - 1986
SOUTH CAROLINA

Industry	Percent Change from 1975 to 1980	Percent Change from 1980 to 1986
Construction	71.2	59.1
Manufacturing	81.3	35.6
Textile Mill Products	54.1	7.1
Apparel and other Textile Products	66.8	26.0
Chemicals and Allied Products	75.5	50.8
Rubber and Miscellaneous Plastics Products	287.7	64.0
Machinery, Except Electrical	111.7	35.9
Electrical and Electronic Equipment	123.2	44.1
Transportation and Public Utilities	117.8	54.0
Communication	90.9	26.8
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Services	189.6	78.7
Wholesale and Retail Trade	76.6	65.2
Wholesale Trade	86.0	50.7
Retail Trade	71.6	73.6
General Merchandise Stores	55.0	40.5
Food Stores	71.2	48.3
Eating and Drinking Places	131.9	111.9
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	77.5	88.6
Banking	75.2	64.0
Services	100.9	102.9
Hotels, Motels, and other Lodging Places	87.0	94.5
Business Services	155.3	190.8
Health Services	121.0	95.8

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

STATE-BY-STATE-COMPARISON OF AVERAGE WAGES

	12-MONTH AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGES ENDING JUNE 1987	
STATE	WAGE	RANK
Alabama	335.56	36
Alaska	540.58	1
Arizona	365.20	19
Arkansas	309.24	45
California	430.00	6
Colorado	392.54	9
Conneticut	446.37	3
Delaware	384.80	12
Florida	344.24	32
Georgia	364.08	20
Hawaii	342.92	33
Idaho	316.58	44
Illinois	415.86	7
Indiana	365.24	18
Iowa	321.05	41
Kansas	345.57	30
Kentucky	335.13	37
Louisiana	349.50	28
Maine	317.95	43
Maryland	385.12	10
Massachusetts	414.02	8
Michigan 1]	437.26	5
Minnesota	381.81	14
Mississippi	294.18	49
Missouri	365.45	17
Montana	303.69	47
Nebraska	309.03	46
Nevada	363.49	21
New Hampshire	354.43	24
New Jersey	439.06	4
New Mexico	326.63	40
New York	457.77	2
North Carolina	330.80	38
North Dakota	301.54	48
Ohio	384.93	11
Oklahoma	346.93	29
Oregon	352.50	27
Pennsylvania	376.85	16
Rhode Island	344.89	31
SOUTH CAROLINA	319.22	42
South Dakota	275.43	50
Tennessee	340.53	34
Texas	382.55	13
Utah	336.81	35
Vermont	326.95	39
Virginia	361.51	22
Washington	378.27	15
West Virginia	352.84	26
Wisconsin	353.12	25
Wyoming	355.55	23
U. S. AVERAGE	385.77	

1] Data estimated for one quarter.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

LABOR TURNOVER IN SOUTH CAROLINA

Turnover in jobs is a function of many factors: career advancement, job dissatisfaction, automation, budgets, and other variables (retirement, illness, etc.). The best labor turnover measure in South Carolina is the individual wage records submitted quarterly by employers covered by the Employment Security Law (as a requisite for Unemployment Insurance coverage). Wage items are reviewed by establishments each quarter to determine new hires, separations, and recalls.

New hiring activity parallels economic growth. The data and graphs on the ensuing pages reflect both the total number of new hires and the rate (per 100 employees) expressed as a proportion of employment. The source used in this study defines a new hire as an employee wage item for a given employer that did not appear in any of the previous four quarters for that same employer. Thus, this measure counts both expansion and replacement hiring.

The separation from a job could be the result of a voluntary (found new job, withdrawal from the labor force, etc.) or involuntary (layoff, firing, etc.) action. In this study, a wage item that appeared in the previous quarter but did not show in the present quarter is considered a separation.

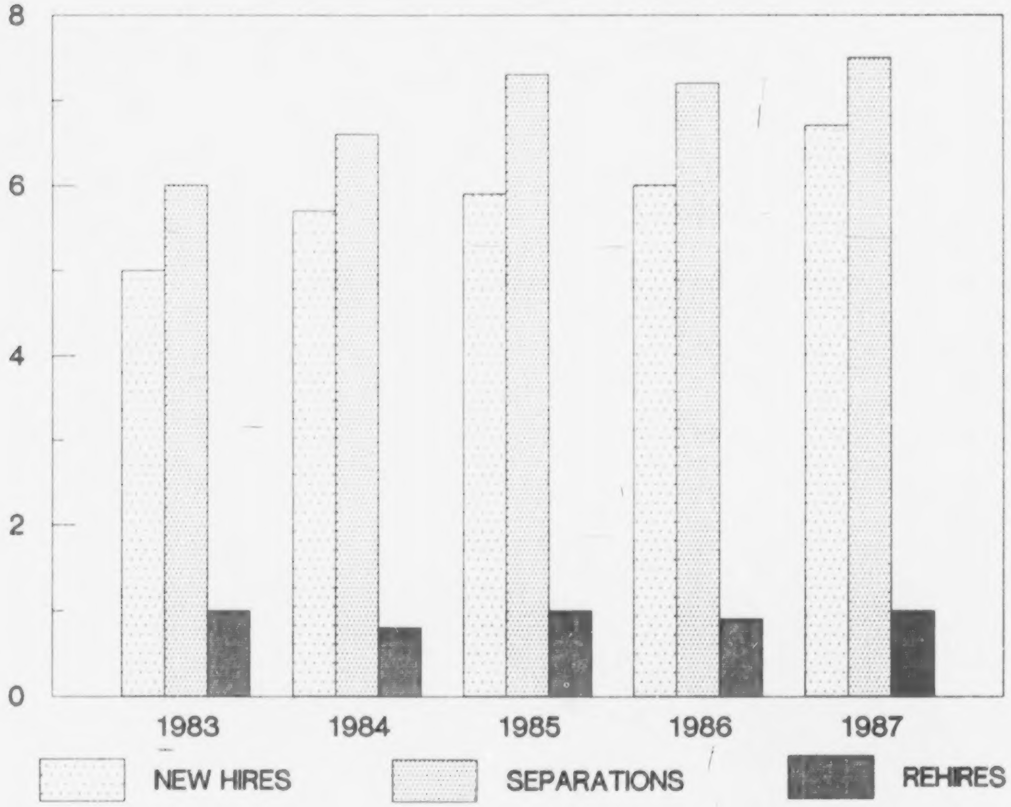
A rehire is a new wage item which was on the payroll in any of the first three of the previous four quarters.

SOUTH CAROLINA LABOR TURNOVER AND RATES
1983 TO 1987 (in thousands)

	NEW HIRES			SEPARATIONS			REHIRES		
YEAR	TOTAL	MFG	NONMFG	TOTAL	MFG	NONMFG	TOTAL	MFG	NONMFG
1983	672.1	118.8	553.2	790.6	145.2	645.4	131.5	31.5	99.9
RATE:	5.0	4.0	7.2	6.0	3.4	7.2	1.0	0.7	1.1
1984	839.1	259.3	676.3	963.3	192.8	766.4	123.6	37.4	95.7
RATE:	5.7	3.4	6.8	6.6	4.2	7.7	0.8	0.6	1.0
1985	885.3	130.2	755.1	1097.4	193.9	903.5	147.9	30.4	117.5
RATE:	5.9	2.9	7.1	7.3	4.3	8.5	1.0	0.7	1.1
1986	926.6	148.1	778.5	1114.3	182.2	932.0	142.0	30.6	11.5
RATE:	6.0	3.3	7.0	7.2	4.0	8.4	0.9	0.7	1.0
1987	1086.7	194.6	892.0	1217.1	203.7	1013.3	163.3	29.8	132.4
RATE:	6.7	4.2	7.7	7.5	4.4	8.7	1.0	0.6	1.1

For more information about these special labor market data, contact the S. C. Employment Security Commission's Labor Market Information Division at (803) 737-2660.

SOUTH CAROLINA
LABOR TURNOVER RATES



* Labor Turnover Rates (Per 100 Employees) are computed to monthly average rates for each year by dividing the quarterly new hires, separations, and rehires data by appropriate annual average covered employment, then dividing the resulting percentage by twelve.

SOURCE: S.C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information

NEW HIRE RATES
SOUTH CAROLINA
1987

	TOTAL NONAG. EMPLOY.	MFG.	MINING	CONST.	T.P.U.	TRADE	F.I.R.E.	SERVICE	GOVT.
STATE TOTAL	6.72	4.24	4.73	12.05	4.01	9.76	4.85	7.17	2.81
ABBEVILLE	5.18	5.13	----	9.92	0.89	8.12	4.69	3.86	2.83
AIKEN	5.20	1.92	1.15	8.78	3.95	9.75	4.69	6.77	2.52
ALLENDALE	4.84	4.52	----	7.55	1.48	7.22	2.77	4.42	2.95
ANDERSON	7.21	4.96	0.00	10.56	3.75	10.46	3.87	8.81	2.88
BAMBERG	4.32	4.63	----	5.18	2.29	6.73	2.73	3.32	3.25
BARNWELL	5.04	2.93	----	14.26	1.72	9.51	2.55	6.24	2.51
BEAUFORT	8.45	6.99	----	9.55	3.94	6.60	7.79	7.76	2.13
BERKELEY	6.08	3.74	2.41	13.33	3.12	11.39	11.71	4.89	1.56
CALHOUN	3.44	1.59	6.25	7.99	1.78	8.22	1.56	3.93	8.96
CHARLESTON	7.16	3.17	11.27	11.23	6.07	10.31	5.30	7.13	1.69
CHEROKEE	6.30	5.02	1.57	12.10	3.21	11.07	4.08	5.26	2.20
CHESTER	4.08	2.24	----	8.49	3.15	7.60	3.11	4.88	3.89
CHESTERFIELD	5.95	5.42	15.54	11.77	5.22	9.01	4.40	4.93	2.94
CLARENDON	4.87	3.71	----	5.37	2.26	8.25	2.56	3.73	2.40
COLLETON	6.38	4.45	4.46	8.65	2.18	9.32	4.51	6.57	3.10
DARLINGTON	4.64	2.78	13.33	9.28	2.51	8.40	2.61	4.73	2.60
DILLON	5.89	5.13	----	17.50	2.51	18.66	3.34	4.54	1.80
DORCHESTER	7.06	3.55	8.24	12.58	5.92	10.56	4.25	7.70	2.62
EDGEFIELD	5.67	5.27	----	17.86	1.53	8.19	3.82	4.60	1.89
FAIRFIELD	5.96	6.53	10.59	16.07	1.12	6.53	2.19	6.50	1.96
FLORENCE	5.98	4.26	2.57	10.89	4.99	8.10	4.04	5.98	2.32
GEORGETOWN	6.04	3.19	1.56	12.23	6.18	9.61	4.53	4.67	2.69
GREENVILLE	7.41	4.97	2.61	12.01	4.52	9.26	3.85	8.99	3.11
GREENWOOD	5.65	3.97	9.50	10.59	2.69	10.72	3.72	4.56	2.42
HAMPTON	5.93	4.30	----	12.51	3.62	8.73	3.32	5.02	4.38
HORRY	10.01	5.81	8.39	11.97	4.18	12.69	9.09	9.98	2.94
JASPER	8.56	12.40	2.25	16.05	1.39	11.19	7.31	7.31	3.45
KERSHAW	5.61	4.02	3.85	9.95	7.37	9.10	3.59	5.29	2.93
LANCASTER	4.04	1.68	6.23	9.62	1.44	9.99	3.78	3.88	3.65
LAURENS	4.37	3.46	2.30	10.21	1.81	7.63	2.55	5.17	1.87
LEE	4.91	5.98	----	13.85	4.12	5.32	3.68	4.21	1.88
LEXINGTON	6.92	4.70	2.73	11.81	4.27	10.25	4.18	5.95	3.00
McCORMICK	4.58	5.59	----	7.18	1.83	6.99	1.71	2.94	2.72
MARION	4.55	3.55	3.03	12.07	2.30	8.59	2.65	3.81	4.01
MARLBORO	4.85	4.31	3.42	11.40	2.21	8.29	2.67	4.61	2.20
NEWBERRY	5.62	4.68	----	9.68	4.13	8.92	3.61	4.81	2.55
OCONEE	5.79	4.72	----	15.32	1.61	9.68	9.77	5.02	2.98
ORANGEBURG	5.35	3.43	4.38	11.84	4.25	8.92	3.54	4.62	2.75
PICKENS	6.04	4.82	2.25	11.24	2.88	10.05	3.70	4.62	3.67
RICHLAND	6.29	4.48	9.48	11.76	2.26	9.39	4.23	6.77	2.39
SALUDA	4.93	4.96	----	7.32	3.30	7.19	3.16	3.77	1.95
SPARTANBURG	6.94	4.68	3.44	2.51	10.26	9.89	4.05	8.56	2.97
SUMTER	5.85	3.69	0.00	9.91	3.40	8.74	3.41	6.14	2.23
UNION	4.50	3.04	3.17	16.95	2.04	9.33	2.52	5.25	1.99
WILLIAMSBURG	4.95	4.94	----	10.66	1.92	7.50	2.62	3.11	3.95
YORK	7.22	4.78	----	12.32	1.87	10.20	3.65	8.93	3.47

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

SEPARATION RATES
SOUTH CAROLINA
1987

	TOTAL NONAG. EMPLOY.	MFG.	MINING	CONST.	T.P.U.	TRADE	F.I.R.E.	SERVICE	GOVT.
STATE TOTAL	7.52	4.43	3.89	14.21	5.28	10.64	5.77	8.32	2.78
ABBEVILLE	5.78	4.61	----	14.94	1.51	10.95	5.17	5.92	3.18
AIKEN	6.54	2.29	2.23	11.41	5.21	10.36	4.94	10.02	4.42
ALLENDALE	5.67	4.29	----	9.69	1.90	8.52	4.44	6.47	4.01
ANDERSON	6.94	4.47	8.33	12.84	4.91	10.25	4.42	7.86	3.55
BAMBERG	6.14	7.00	----	10.06	3.25	8.88	2.52	4.89	3.33
BARNWELL	6.41	4.71	----	17.60	2.99	9.50	3.66	7.15	3.51
BEAUFORT	9.82	7.64	----	11.03	5.57	7.38	8.17	9.44	2.34
BERKELEY	6.29	3.57	2.89	13.56	3.07	11.48	11.93	5.78	1.47
CALHOUN	4.72	3.62	6.25	12.34	2.30	10.03	2.73	4.91	4.33
CHARLESTON	8.27	3.41	6.16	14.86	8.36	11.44	6.66	8.01	1.75
CHEROKEE	6.58	5.12	2.20	12.97	4.56	10.56	4.72	6.06	4.10
CHESTER	5.16	3.36	----	11.64	3.28	8.14	4.18	6.60	3.22
CHESTERFIELD	5.91	4.89	4.40	13.42	3.85	9.98	5.16	5.78	4.66
CLARENDON	6.56	4.95	----	8.60	4.79	8.52	3.72	6.76	4.07
COLLETON	7.19	5.75	4.46	10.36	3.43	10.51	5.66	6.31	3.14
DARLINGTON	5.42	3.18	6.67	10.66	3.61	8.99	4.42	6.05	2.81
DILLON	6.46	4.77	----	15.16	4.65	9.64	5.38	5.76	5.34
DORCHESTER	7.73	3.58	8.24	18.86	7.78	10.98	5.24	8.02	2.73
EDGEFIELD	6.17	5.70	----	11.75	1.65	9.73	4.21	5.13	3.00
FAIRFIELD	5.60	4.39	2.22	19.26	1.67	8.32	5.23	6.71	2.63
FLORENCE	7.00	5.36	3.74	13.40	4.73	9.21	4.39	7.05	2.47
GEORGETOWN	7.63	4.27	1.56	16.81	9.15	11.35	5.72	5.99	2.60
GREENVILLE	7.85	5.12	2.69	12.52	5.01	10.09	4.51	9.35	2.93
GREENWOOD	6.06	0.40	1.81	13.85	3.83	10.47	5.10	5.49	2.81
HAMPTON	6.16	3.90	----	13.31	4.26	10.53	3.44	5.04	3.03
HORRY	12.29	9.63	8.03	15.71	5.19	14.72	12.83	11.99	11.71
JASPER	9.66	7.62	3.37	16.69	3.43	13.07	6.90	7.58	10.31
KERSHAW	6.88	5.57	5.31	15.69	6.00	9.58	4.25	6.12	2.71
LANCASTER	4.93	2.70	5.13	13.16	2.36	10.07	4.10	5.14	2.89
LAURENS	5.05	3.53	3.09	12.81	2.63	8.79	3.83	6.62	2.45
LEE	4.45	2.77	----	11.27	4.88	6.87	3.81	5.25	2.88
LEXINGTON	7.89	4.59	2.52	13.54	5.80	10.99	5.56	8.07	2.78
McCORMICK	5.28	4.85	----	12.37	4.65	11.43	3.42	4.25	2.75
MARION	5.58	4.20	3.03	17.06	4.75	10.16	3.71	5.25	3.18
MARLBORO	5.47	5.16	3.42	14.72	3.24	8.69	4.32	4.26	3.52
NEWBERRY	6.56	5.68	----	10.59	6.45	9.42	4.33	5.76	2.84
OCONEE	5.99	4.96	----	14.71	1.96	9.78	8.64	5.60	3.36
ORANGEBURG	6.24	4.08	3.65	14.53	5.65	9.36	4.71	5.92	3.12
PICKENS	6.84	5.05	2.11	13.91	6.12	11.01	4.97	5.58	4.07
RICHLAND	7.52	4.82	2.78	13.82	4.83	10.08	4.80	8.97	2.44
SALUDA	6.19	5.31	----	8.66	4.60	8.72	4.43	6.74	2.99
SPARTANBURG	6.68	3.38	3.52	2.51	11.80	4.84	4.71	8.42	2.53
SUMTER	6.45	3.74	0.00	12.82	5.16	9.47	5.29	6.55	1.96
UNION	5.31	3.44	0.00	5.19	0.24	1.14	0.55	1.32	0.60
WILLIAMSBURG	5.44	4.34	----	15.89	3.05	8.25	3.96	4.77	5.09
YORK	7.99	5.50	----	14.62	2.49	11.41	4.32	9.39	2.96

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

REHIRE RATES
SOUTH CAROLINA
1987

	TOTAL NONAG. EMPLOY.	MFG.	MINING	CONST.	T.P.U.	TRADE	F.I.R.E.	SERVICE	GOVT.
STATE TOTAL	1.00	0.65	0.72	1.63	1.03	1.07	0.71	1.32	0.53
ABBEVILLE	0.76	0.59	----	2.03	0.41	1.03	0.90	1.05	0.48
AIKEN	1.04	0.61	0.79	1.17	0.85	0.99	0.69	1.55	2.33
ALLENDALE	1.16	0.58	----	1.42	0.42	1.23	1.11	2.21	1.20
ANDERSON	0.94	0.75	0.00	1.70	0.68	0.99	0.70	1.15	0.77
BAMBERG	0.88	0.80	----	1.29	0.41	1.05	0.42	1.07	0.56
BARNWELL	0.86	0.63	----	1.86	0.69	1.04	0.76	1.13	0.54
BEAUFORT	1.06	0.10	----	1.13	0.65	1.55	0.81	1.14	0.44
BERKELEY	0.86	0.65	0.48	1.36	0.60	1.01	1.05	1.14	0.35
CALHOUN	0.68	0.44	0.00	1.78	0.34	1.24	0.39	1.28	0.47
CHARLESTON	1.03	0.52	0.18	1.44	2.52	1.04	0.86	1.01	0.35
CHEROKEE	0.75	0.55	0.63	1.74	0.64	0.97	0.61	1.00	0.27
CHESTER	0.78	0.52	----	2.33	0.52	0.93	0.51	1.11	0.85
CHESTERFIELD	0.84	0.65	0.94	2.06	0.47	1.13	0.82	1.18	0.96
CLARENDON	1.03	0.74	----	1.80	0.50	1.20	0.96	1.13	0.40
COLLETON	1.09	1.07	0.50	2.01	0.37	1.19	0.87	1.02	0.62
DARLINGTON	0.96	0.70	6.67	1.51	0.47	1.09	0.43	1.45	0.51
DILLON	0.96	0.66	----	2.38	0.32	1.31	0.80	0.93	1.45
DORCHESTER	0.98	0.82	2.35	1.83	1.05	0.99	0.69	1.12	0.53
EDGEFIELD	0.82	0.47	----	2.01	0.55	1.28	0.66	1.32	9.61
FAIRFIELD	0.78	0.58	0.25	1.61	0.31	1.06	0.76	1.21	0.40
FLORENCE	0.91	0.77	0.47	1.89	0.68	1.05	0.58	0.91	0.47
GEORGETOWN	1.15	0.56	0.62	1.52	4.05	1.17	0.82	1.23	0.43
GREENVILLE	0.87	0.58	0.39	1.43	0.67	0.94	0.58	1.13	0.57
GREENWOOD	0.86	0.47	0.45	1.72	0.53	1.39	0.83	1.05	3.26
HAMPTON	0.87	0.66	----	1.69	0.35	1.07	0.62	0.94	0.61
HORRY	1.44	0.65	0.73	1.60	0.69	1.51	0.13	1.85	0.51
JASPER	1.29	0.81	1.12	3.13	0.35	1.54	1.03	1.14	0.92
KERSHAW	0.86	0.60	1.89	1.71	0.59	0.97	0.64	1.22	0.42
LANCASTER	0.71	0.36	1.10	1.93	0.60	0.93	0.61	1.23	0.50
LAURENS	0.82	0.54	0.72	2.08	0.44	0.90	0.65	1.63	0.41
LEE	0.97	0.52	----	1.41	1.35	1.20	0.41	1.47	0.80
LEXINGTON	0.98	4.34	0.41	1.70	0.56	1.03	0.76	1.22	0.41
McCORMICK	0.93	0.95	----	1.60	0.85	0.98	1.28	----	0.54
MARION	1.22	0.94	0.00	2.25	0.51	1.46	0.66	1.85	0.53
MARLBORO	0.63	0.45	0.29	2.07	0.92	1.04	0.38	0.75	0.54
NEWBERRY	0.76	0.44	----	1.73	0.45	1.17	0.65	1.02	0.58
OCONEE	0.82	0.59	----	1.33	0.84	0.99	1.12	1.05	0.65
ORANGEBURG	0.94	0.69	2.19	1.74	0.53	1.14	0.78	1.10	0.56
PICKENS	0.92	0.92	0.70	1.66	0.78	0.90	0.50	0.87	0.63
RICHLAND	1.14	0.66	0.34	1.60	0.49	1.03	0.57	1.83	0.45
SALUDA	1.12	0.68	----	1.87	1.10	1.54	1.27	1.47	1.15
SPARTANBURG	0.98	0.60	0.65	1.90	0.74	1.05	0.74	1.50	0.42
SUMTER	1.00	0.65	0.00	1.94	0.61	1.18	0.61	1.26	0.38
UNION	0.90	0.60	0.00	5.19	0.24	1.14	0.55	1.32	0.60
WILLIAMSBURG	1.03	0.53	----	1.85	0.73	1.59	0.98	1.46	1.34
YORK	1.21	1.29	----	1.72	0.74	1.04	0.68	1.44	0.60

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

UNEMPLOYMENT PROFILES

INSURED UNEMPLOYMENT

The Unemployment Insurance (UI) Division of the South Carolina Employment Security Commission provides a stabilizing effect upon the state's economy by administering the UI program. The primary functions of the UI Division are to determine those employers who are liable under the South Carolina Employment Security Law, to collect taxes and maintain records on those employers, and to pay unemployment insurance benefits to eligible workers who become unemployed. These workers comprise the insured unemployed.

Insured unemployment differs from total unemployment in that the former is concerned only with workers covered by the South Carolina Employment Security Law (approximately 90% of the work force in the state). The insured unemployment rate (IUR) measures the number of people filing claims for unemployment insurance benefits. The IUR is computed by dividing the number of insured unemployed by covered employment. The total unemployment rate (TUR) measures the total number of people able, available, and actively seeking work. The TUR is computed by dividing the total unemployed by the total civilian labor force (made up of the total employed and unemployed).

For the regular UI program year 1987, the number of insured unemployed fell to a level of 19,200. This represents a 41 percent drop in workers filing for benefits from 1986. The manufacturing industry reported the largest insured unemployment volume in 1987 at 38 percent, but dropped 51 percent below the 1986 level. Women made up 52 percent of the insured unemployed in 1987.

The counties which experienced the largest drops in insured unemployment were Bamberg, Cherokee, Fairfield, and Union. Each of these counties experienced a 50 percent decline. These drops can be attributed to an increase in manufacturing activity which is a major source of employment in each of these counties. The insured unemployment rate ranged from a high of 3.9 percent in Georgetown County to a low of 0.7 percent in Lexington County.

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED
INDUSTRY BY SEX AND CURRENT DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT 1/
SOUTH CAROLINA
1987

	INSURED UNEMPLOYMENT		SEX		WEEKS OF CURRENT UNEMPLOYMENT		
INDUSTRY	NUMBER	PERCENT	MALE	FEMALE	1-4	5-14	15+
TOTAL	19,200	100.0*	9,200	10,000	8,100	7,500	3,600
AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING & MINING	300	1.6	200	100	100	100	100
CONSTRUCTION	2,700	14.1	2,500	200	1,200	1,200	500
MANUFACTURING	7,300	38.0	3,000	4,300	3,300	2,500	1,400
TRANSPORTATION	400	2.1	300	100	200	200	100
TRADE	3,400	17.7	1,300	2,100	1,300	1,400	700
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	600	3.1	200	400	200	300	100
SERVICES	3,400	17.7	1,100	2,300	1,300	1,400	700
ADMINISTRATION	200	1.0	100	100	100	100	0
INA**	900	4.7	500	400	400	400	100

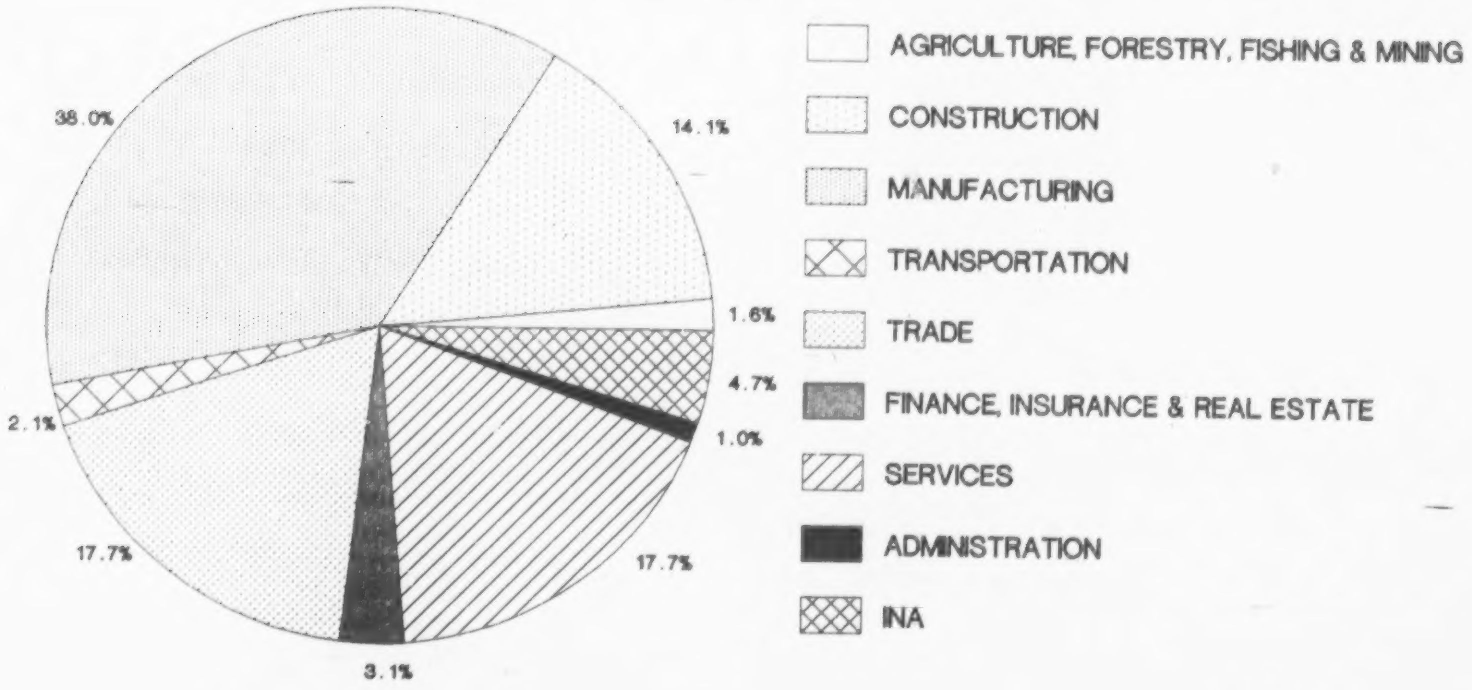
* Column total does not equal 100.0% due to rounding.

** INA - Information not available

1/ All data are based on a twelve-month average.

SOURCE: S. C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED BY INDUSTRY
1987



SOURCE: S. C. Employment Security Commission,
Labor Market Information Division

INSURED UNEMPLOYMENT VOLUME AND RATE 1/
BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE FOR 1987
SOUTH CAROLINA

	1987 AVERAGE VOLUME	RATE		1986 AVERAGE VOLUME	RATE
STATE TOTALS 2/	18,000	1.4		23,300	1.8
ABBEVILLE	200	2.3	ABBEVILLE	300	4.1
AIKEN*	500	1.0	AIKEN*	600	1.3
ALLENDALE	100	3.1	ALLENDALE	100	3.6
ANDERSON*	800	1.5	ANDERSON*	1,400	2.8
BAMBERG	100	3.0	BAMBERG	200	4.1
BARNWELL	200	2.2	BARNWELL	200	2.4
BEAUFORT	300	1.0	BEAUFORT	300	1.0
BERKELEY	400	0.9	BERKELEY	500	1.3
CALHOUN	100	1.5	CALHOUN	100	1.9
CHARLESTON	1,200	1.2	CHARLESTON	1,300	1.3
CHEROKEE	200	0.9	CHEROKEE	400	1.8
CHESTER	300	2.2	CHESTER	400	3.4
CHESTERFIELD	200	1.1	CHESTERFIELD	300	1.8
CLARENDON	200	2.7	CLARENDON	300	3.6
COLLETON	200	2.5	COLLETON	300	3.1
DARLINGTON	400	2.2	DARLINGTON	500	2.5
DILLON	200	1.7	DILLON	200	1.9
DORCHESTER	200	0.9	DORCHESTER	300	1.3
EDGEFIELD	100	1.0	EDGEFIELD	100	1.7
FAIRFIELD	100	1.5	FAIRFIELD	200	2.4
FLORENCE*	700	1.7	FLORENCE*	800	2.0
GEORGETOWN	500	3.4	GEORGETOWN	600	4.3
GREENVILLE	1,300	0.9	GREENVILLE	1,700	1.2
GREENWOOD	400	1.6	GREENWOOD	600	2.8
HAMPTON	100	2.3	HAMPTON	100	1.9
HORRY	1,200	2.2	HORRY	1,400	2.6
JASPER	100	1.6	JASPER	100	2.2
KERSHAW	200	1.5	KERSHAW	200	1.3
LANCASTER	400	2.2	LANCASTER	600	3.3
LAURENS	300	1.6	LAURENS	500	2.6
LEE	100	1.5	LEE	200	3.1
LEXINGTON	500	0.7	LEXINGTON	600	0.9
McCORMICK	100	2.8	McCORMICK	100	4.0
MARION	300	2.4	MARION	400	3.4
MARLBORO	200	2.7	MARLBORO	300	4.1
NEWBERRY	200	1.6	NEWBERRY	300	2.2
OCONEE	300	1.9	OCONEE	500	2.7
ORANGEBURG	700	2.4	ORANGEBURG	900	3.1
PICKENS	400	1.3	PICKENS	600	2.0
RICHLAND	900	0.8	RICHLAND	1,000	0.9
SALUDA	100	1.2	SALUDA	100	1.9
SPARTANBURG	1,100	1.3	SPARTANBURG	1,500	1.8
SUMTER	500	1.6	SUMTER	800	2.9
UNION	200	2.2	UNION	400	3.8
WILLIAMSBURG	300	2.0	WILLIAMSBURG	300	2.2
YORK*	600	1.2	YORK*	700	1.5
MSA'S (also see * note below)					
ANDERSON	800	1.5	ANDERSON	1,400	2.8
CHARLESTON	2,000	1.1	CHARLESTON	2,000	1.2
COLUMBIA	1,500	0.8	COLUMBIA	1,600	0.9
FLORENCE	700	1.7	FLORENCE	800	2.0
GREENVILLE/SPART.	2,700	1.1	GREENVILLE/SPART.	3,900	1.5

1/ Rate derived by dividing mid-week (week including the 12th) insured unemployment volume for county of residence by covered employment (12-month average ending 3/87, adjusted to county of residence by using BLS Census Share ratios).

2/ Counties will not add to state totals since INA and out-of-state counts are omitted.

* Aiken County is part of the Augusta, Georgia MSA; and York County is part of the Charlotte-Gastonia, North Carolina MSA.

SOURCE: S. C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED AGE AND SEX BY CURRENT DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT 1/ SOUTH CAROLINA 1987

WEEKS OF CURRENT UNEMPLOYMENT	INSURED UNEMPLOYMENT		AGE	
	NUMBER	PERCENT	UNDER 45	OVER 45
TOTAL	19,200	100.0	10,800	8,400
1-4	8,100	42.2	3,900	4,200
5-14	7,500	39.1	4,600	2,800
15 & OVER	3,600	18.8	2,100	1,500
TOTAL MALE	9,200	47.6	5,400	3,800
1-4	3,900	20.4	2,100	1,800
5-15	3,600	18.8	2,300	1,300
15 & OVER	1,700	8.4	1,000	700
TOTAL FEMALE	10,000	52.6	5,400	4,600
1-4	4,100	21.9	1,900	2,200
5-15	3,900	20.3	2,300	1,600
15 & OVER	2,000	10.4	1,200	800

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED AGE AND SEX OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED 1/ SOUTH CAROLINA 1987

AGE	INSURED UNEMPLOYMENT		MALE		FEMALE	
	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
TOTAL	19,200	100.0	9,200	100.0	10,000	100.0
UNDER 25	1,700	8.9	800	4.2	900	4.7
25-34	5,400	28.0	2,700	14.1	2,700	14.1
35-44	3,700	19.3	1,900	9.9	1,800	9.4
45 & OLDER	8,400	43.8	3,800	41.3	4,600	23.9

NOTE: Column totals may not add due to rounding

1/ All data are based on a twelve-month average.

SOURCE: S. C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

LONG-TERM UNEMPLOYED IN SOUTH CAROLINA
1987

Long-term unemployment has many causes, ranging from structural changes (automation and technological advancements) to sociological conditions (educational deficiencies and population shifts). Like the normal business cycle, the extent of long-term unemployment varies with the economy. Not only is long-term unemployment evident during recessionary periods, but it also occurs during economic expansion. This long-term unemployment is a result of basic economic problems in the labor market which can have dramatic effects (financial, mental, and physical) on the lives of individuals and families.

Here, the long-term unemployed are defined as regular UI claimants in South Carolina who have been unemployed more than 15 consecutive weeks. The table following this review features data relating to long-term unemployed UI claimants in South Carolina by county. This table provides information over and above the more frequently reported unemployment statistics.

LONG-TERM UNEMPLOYED
1987
HIGHLIGHTS

--In South Carolina, nearly 3 out of every 20 claimants experienced long-term unemployment in 1987.

--In terms of counties, Newberry had the largest percent (21.2%) of claimants with long-term unemployment, whereas McCormick showed the lowest percentage (8.8%).

--Of the total long-term unemployed claimants in South Carolina in 1987, Greenville County registered the highest proportion with 8.1 percent of the total. The lowest number of long-term unemployed among counties was recorded by Edgefield and McCormick counties. The large number of manufacturing layoffs and plant closings in 1986-87 contributed to Greenville's high proportion of long-term unemployment.

--The state's largest population centers, Greenville, Spartanburg, Richland, and Charleston counties, accounted for 27.1 percent of the total long-term unemployed in South Carolina in 1987.

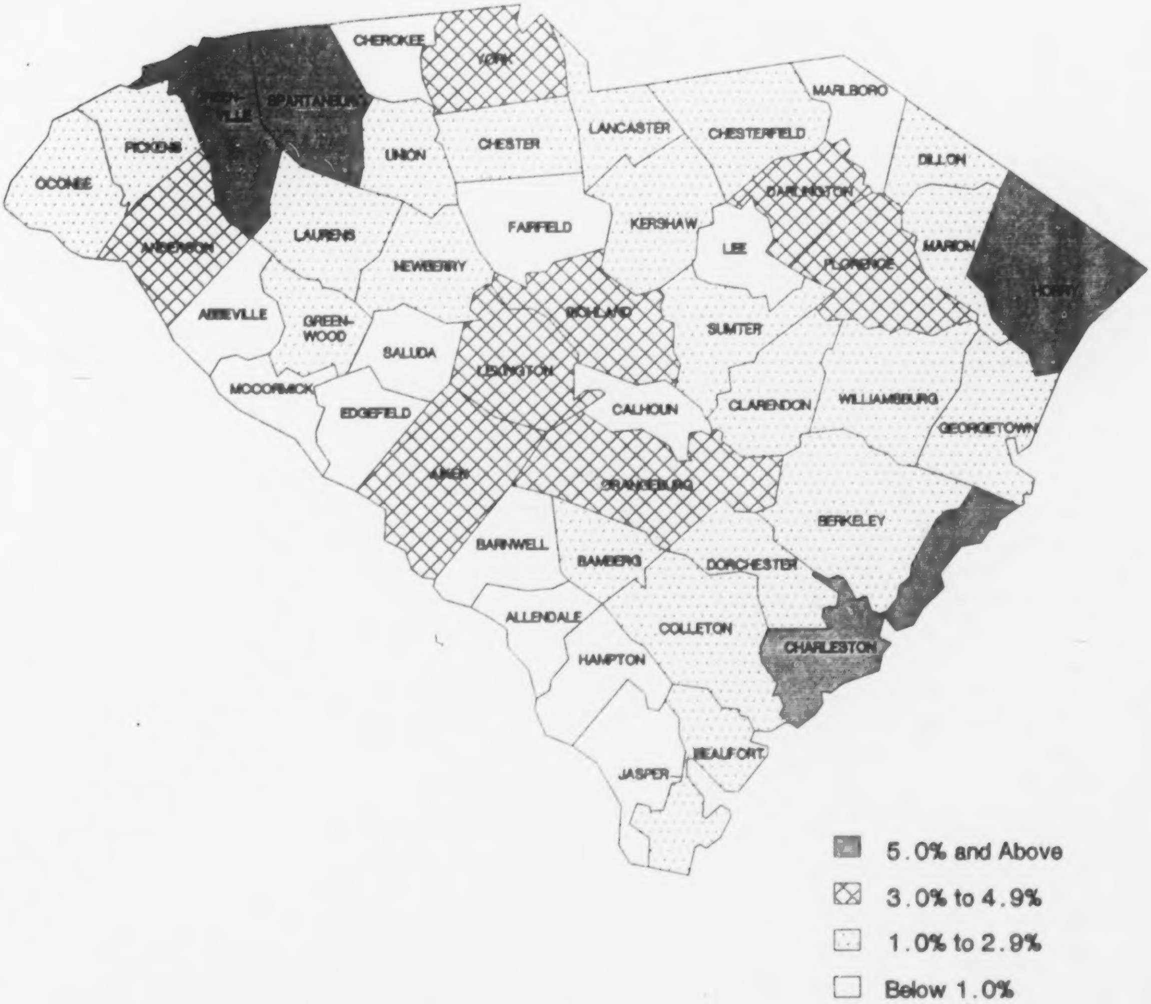
--The percentage of claimants experiencing long-term unemployment in South Carolina decreased from 15.5 percent in 1986 to 15.2 percent in 1987.

LONG-TERM UNEMPLOYED IN SOUTH CAROLINA BY COUNTY
REGULAR UI CLAIMANTS
1987

	% DISTRIBUTION OF LONG-TERM UNEMPLOYMENT	% OF CLAIMANTS EXPERIENCING LONG-TERM UNEMPLOYMENT
STATE TOTAL	100.0	15.2
ABBEVILLE	0.7	11.6
AIKEN	3.1	16.8
ALLENDALE	0.6	17.6
ANDERSON	4.9	17.5
BAMBERG	1.1	20.0
BARNWELL	0.8	11.9
BEAUFORT	1.5	13.6
BERKELEY	2.0	13.9
CALHOUN	0.4	13.2
CHARLESTON	7.0	14.9
CHEROKEE	0.8	11.7
CHESTER	1.4	16.6
CHESTERFIELD	1.0	14.7
CLARENDON	1.4	16.0
COLLETON	1.6	17.0
DARLINGTON	3.0	17.3
DILLON	1.2	16.7
DORCHESTER	1.1	13.4
EDGEFIELD	0.2	10.4
FAIRFIELD	0.7	15.8
FLORENCE	4.4	17.1
GEORGETOWN	2.7	15.1
GREENVILLE	8.1	16.7
GREENWOOD	1.6	12.0
HAMPTON	0.6	13.9
HORRY	7.1	14.5
JASPER	0.4	13.5
KERSHAW	1.3	14.2
LANCASTER	2.2	15.9
LAURENS	1.7	15.1
LEE	0.6	16.1
LEXINGTON	3.1	16.2
MCCORMICK	0.2	8.8
MARION	1.4	12.9
MARLBORO	0.8	11.1
NEWBERRY	1.6	21.2
OCONEE	1.8	14.3
ORANGEBURG	3.0	11.6
PICKENS	2.5	16.8
RICHLAND	4.8	12.7
SALUDA	0.3	13.9
SPARTANBURG	7.2	18.5
SUMTER	2.3	12.8
UNION	1.1	14.1
WILLIAMSBURG	1.7	16.2
YORK	3.0	14.3

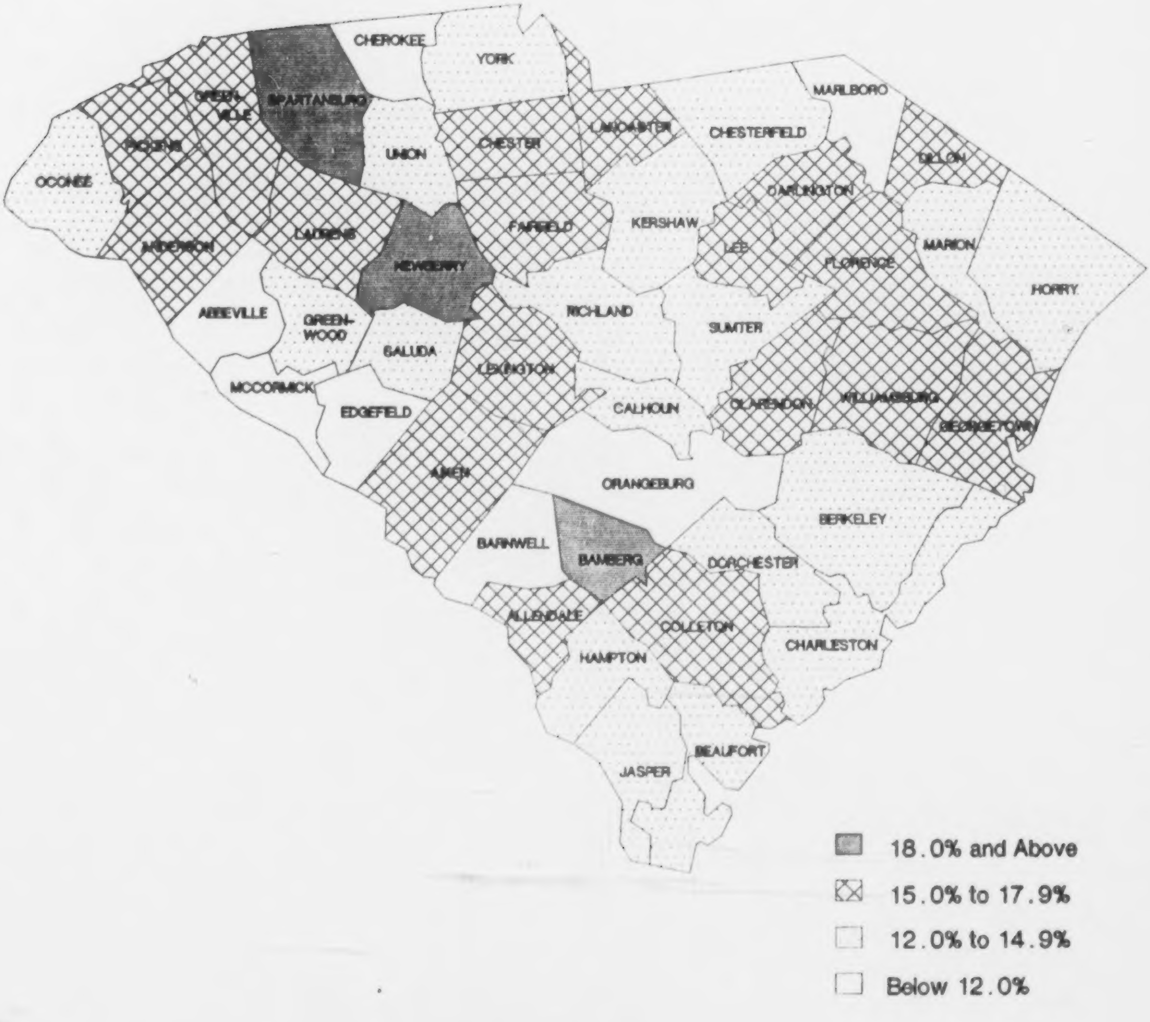
SOURCE: S.C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF LONG-TERM UNEMPLOYED
1987


CHEROKEE
YORK
MARLBORO
GREEN-VILLE
SPARTANBURG
PICKENS
OCONEE
UNION
CHESTER
LANCASTER
CHESTERFIELD
DILLON
DARLINGTON
ANDERSON
LAURENS
FAIRFIELD
KERSHAW
LEE
MARION
FLORENCE
NEWBERRY
HORRY
RICHLAND
ABBEVILLE
GREEN-WOOD
SALUDA
SUMTER
LEXINGTON
MCCORMICK
EDGEFIELD
CALHOUN
CLARENDON
WILLIAMSBURG
GEORGETOWN
AIKEN
ORANGEBURG
BERKELEY
BARNWELL
BAMBERG
DORCHESTER
ALLENDALE
COLLETON
CHARLESTON
HAMPTON
BEAUFORT
JASPER
5.0% and Above
3.0% to 4.9%
1.0% to 2.9%
Below 1.0%

SOURCE: S.C. Employment Security Commission,
Labor Market Information Division

CLAIMANTS EXPERIENCING LONG-TERM UNEMPLOYMENT AS A PERCENT OF TOTAL UI CLAIMANTS
1987


CHEROKEE
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SPARTANBURG
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PICKENS
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UNION
CHESTER
LANCASTER
CHESTERFIELD
MARLBORO
DILLON
DARLINGTON
MARION
HORRY
FAIRFIELD
KERSHAW
LEE
FLORENCE
NEWBERRY
ABBEVILLE
GREEN-WOOD
SALUDA
RICHLAND
SUMTER
LEXINGTON
MCCORMICK
EDGEFIELD
CALHOUN
CLARENDON
WILLIAMSBURG
GEORGETOWN
AIKEN
ORANGEBURG
BERKELEY
BARNWELL
BAMBERG
DORCHESTER
ALLENDALE
COLLETON
HAMPTON
CHARLESTON
BEAUFORT
JASPER
18.0% and Above
15.0% to 17.9%
12.0% to 14.9%
Below 12.0%

SOURCE: S. C. Employment Security Commission,
Labor Market Information Division

PERMANENT MASS LAYOFF AND PLANT CLOSING PROGRAM IN SOUTH CAROLINA
1987

The Permanent Mass Layoff and Plant Closing (PMLPC) program has been in operation in South Carolina since January 1987. The Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) obtained cooperative agreements with the states to conduct the PMLPC program on an ongoing basis.

Following are some highlights of South Carolina PMLPC data for 1987:

-- In 1987, 33 firms who experienced mass layoffs or plant closures met the PMLPC criteria of having 50 or more initial claims filed against the firm in a three-week period and having a layoff of 30 days or more

-- Of those 33 firms, 9, or 27 percent, were identified as planning to close or having closed permanently.

-- The number of people who filed for unemployment insurance as a result of these layoffs was 3,864.

-- The largest number of firms were in manufacturing. Within manufacturing, the apparel industry represented the majority of the firms.

-- Of the total number of people affected by a PMLPC-counted layoff or closing, females accounted for slightly more than 70 percent. One out of every two females came from the manufacturing industries.

-- The largest percentage of males unemployed came from the construction industry.

-- Almost 50 percent of the claimants were black.

-- Only about 7 percent were over age 55.

-- Of the 46 counties, 18 had at least 1 firm meeting PMLPC criteria.

-- "Seasonal Work" was given most often by the employer as the reason for the layoff.

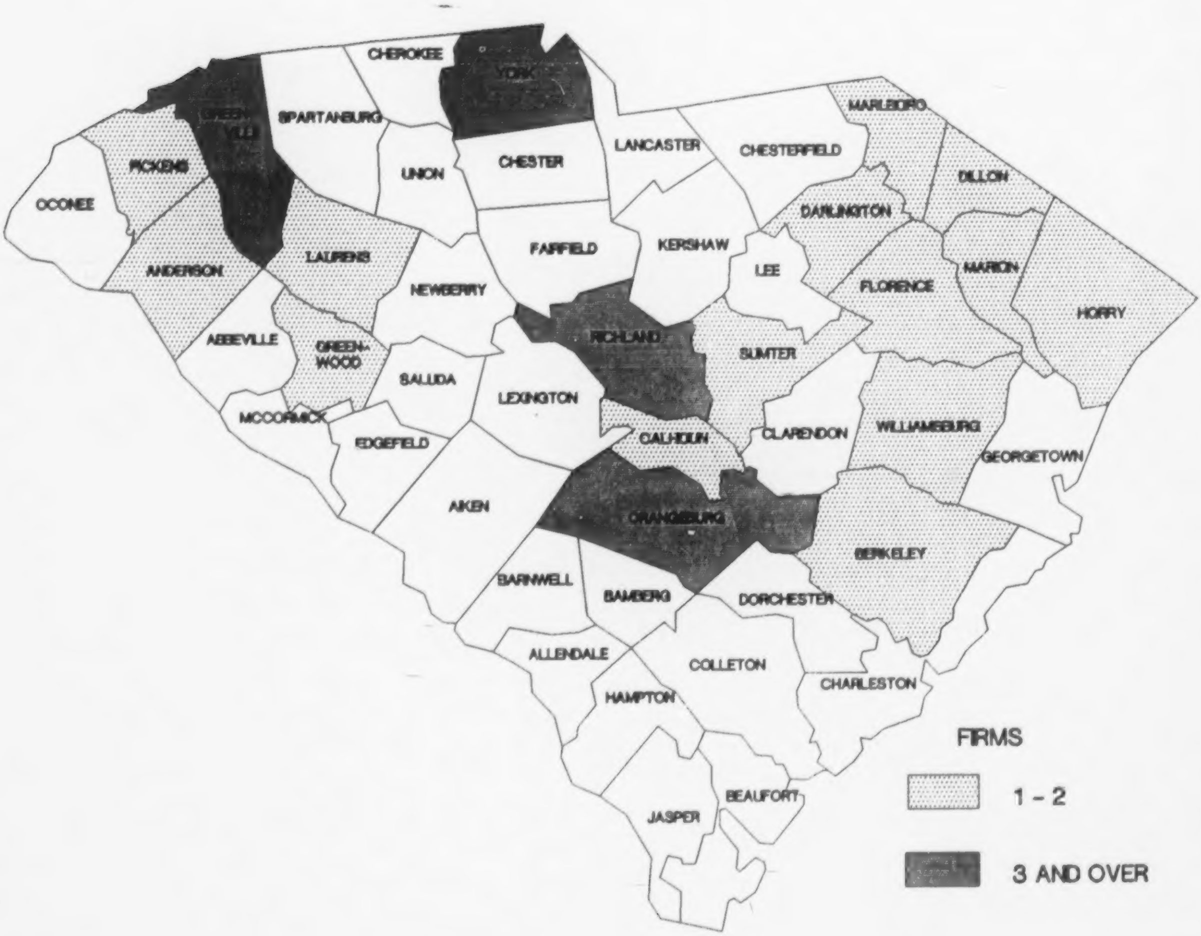
REASON FOR LAYOFF
1987

Layoff Reason	Number of Layoffs	Percent
Automation	1	3
Business Ownership Change	7	20
Contract Completion	1	3
Import Competition	1	3
Other Reasons	5	14
Overseas Relocation	2	6
Seasonal Work	8	23
Slack Work	6	17
Data Not Reported	4	11
Total, All Reasons	35	100

SOURCE: S. C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

NUMBER OF FIRMS MEETING PMLPC CRITERIA

1987


CHEROKEE
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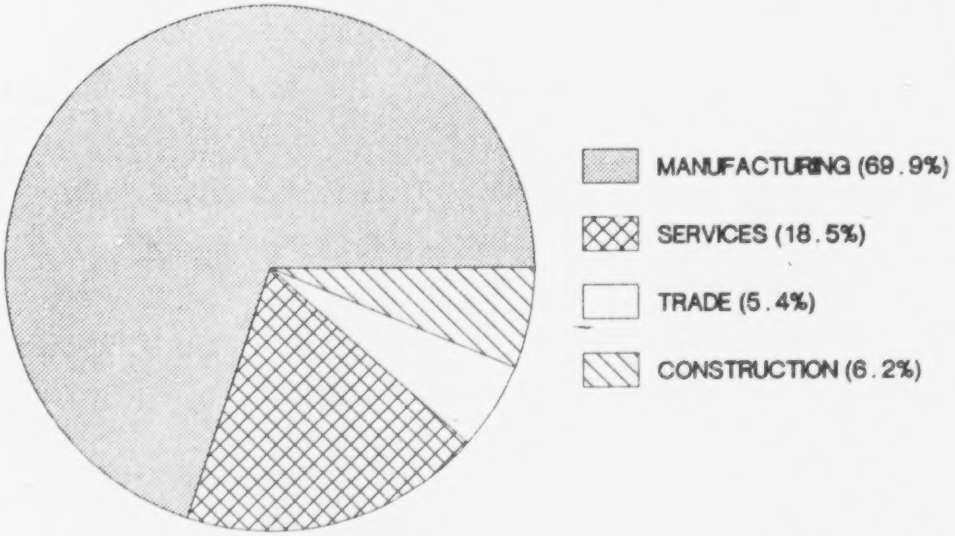
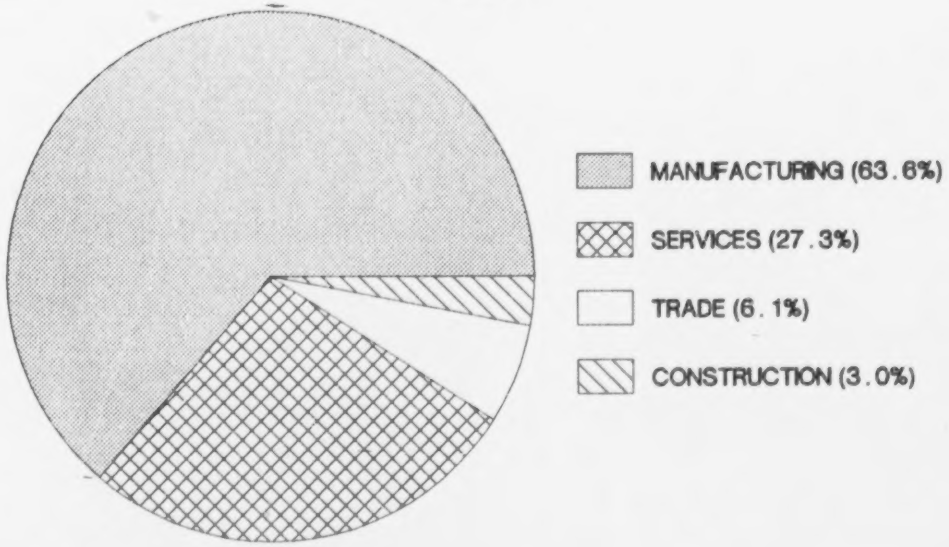
GREENVILLE
SPARTANBURG
PICKENS
OCONEE
UNION
CHESTER
LANCASTER
CHESTERFIELD
MARLBORO
DILLON
DARLINGTON
ANDERSON
LAURENS
FAIRFIELD
KERSHAW
LEE
MARION
FLORENCE
HORRY
NEWBERRY
RICHLAND
ABBEVILLE
GREEN-WOOD
SALUDA
SUMTER
LEXINGTON
MCCORMICK
EDGEFIELD
CALHOUN
CLARENDON
WILLIAMSBURG
GEORGETOWN
AIKEN
ORANGEBURG
BERKELEY
BARNWELL
BAMBERG
DORCHESTER
ALLENDALE
COLLETON
CHARLESTON
HAMPTON
BEAUFORT
JASPER
FIRMS
1 - 2
3 AND OVER

SOURCE: S. C. Employment Security Commission,
Labor Market Information Division

PMLPC UNEMPLOYED BY INDUSTRY
1987



PMLPC FIRMS BY INDUSTRY
1987



SOURCE: S. C. Employment Security Commission,
Labor Market Information Division

JOB SERVICE ACTIVITIES

JOB SERVICE

The South Carolina State Employment Service (Job Service) serves as a public labor exchange intermediary in major communities around the state. Job Service offices attempt to balance local labor demand and supply by providing a place where workers may file applications for work and employers seeking workers may have access to the various communities' largest and most centralized labor supply. Job Service also provides special or priority services to veterans, older workers, youth, handicapped, welfare clients, and other special groups.

Job Service offers a wide variety of assistance to applicants and employers. A statewide automated Job Matching System is available for faster and better service to applicants and employers. Applicants can benefit from testing, employment counseling, reduced job search costs, and an increased range of opportunities available. Employers can take advantage of technical assistance, job development, and reduced recruitment costs. Labor market information is also provided to workers, employers, and agencies concerned with employment.

A total of 345,719 applicants were available for services in South Carolina's Job Service offices during program year 1987 (July 1, 1987 - June 30, 1988). The largest portion of these applicants were between the ages of 22 and 39, accounting for 58 percent of the total. The age group of under 22 made up 22 percent, while the 40 and over age group made up the remaining 20 percent of the total applicants available.

Sixty-nine percent of the applicants had at least a high school education, and more than half of the total applicants available (51%) were female. Twelve percent of the applicants were veterans. Of these veterans available, over 44 percent served during the Vietnam era. Handicapped applicants made up five percent of the total.

There were 183,795 applicants referred to jobs between July 1, 1987 and June 30, 1988 (53% of the total applicants available). Individuals placed totaled 76,461 (22% of all applicants available).

In terms of major occupational categories of fully registered applicants, the largest number of active applicants as of June 30, 1988 was classified under clerical and sales. This occupation made up nearly 21 percent of the total active file. The second largest category was service occupations, accounting for 18 percent of the active file.

SUMMARY OF SERVICES PERFORMED BY THE SOUTH CAROLINA JOB SERVICE
JULY 1987 - JUNE 1988

		Individuals Referred to Jobs		Individuals Placed							Applicants For Whom Job Development Contacts Were Made
						Nonagricultural					
Characteristics of Applicants	Total Applicants Available	Total	Nonag.	Total	Percent of Applicants Available	Total	Over 3 Days	Individuals Counseled	Individuals Enrolled in Training	Individuals Tested	
TOTAL	345,719	183,795	175,029	76,461	22.1	67,919	64,943	6,880	2,178	40,705	32,822
AGE											
Under 22	74,217	44,460	41,227	22,018	29.7	18,924	18,539	1,291	1,257	7,657	4,360
22 - 39	201,693	109,159	105,373	42,736	21.2	38,996	37,255	3,769	646	27,406	19,304
40 and Over	69,546	30,096	28,357	11,674	16.8	9,973	9,124	1,816	274	5,627	9,146
SEX											
Male	167,744	92,953	86,697	41,167	24.5	35,118	33,765	3,895	1,337	17,978	21,515
Female	177,780	90,793	88,285	35,272	19.8	32,781	31,162	2,983	840	22,720	11,301
HIGHEST GRADE COMPLETED											
Less than HS	186,100	93,074	86,024	44,272	23.8	37,536	36,416	3,522	2,150	12,674	13,108
HS and Above	236,826	129,851	127,909	49,058	20.7	47,169	44,861	4,883	996	16,382	25,327
ETHNIC GROUP											
White	174,438	90,386	88,846	34,586	19.8	33,170	31,592	2,999	584	11,077	18,901
Black	163,858	87,593	83,648	37,361	20.7	33,504	32,144	3,814	1,580	12,222	14,302
VETERAN	39,925	24,396	24,105	10,019	25.1	9,707	9,355	2,736	334	5,196	15,177
Disabled	2,702	1,729	1,706	708	26.2	683	645	463	61	277	1,140
Vietnam Era	17,376	10,315	10,188	4,089	23.5	3,951	3,791	1,177	171	2,093	6,642
HANDICAPPED	18,628	8,514	8,380	3,219	17.3	3,091	2,970	1,282	168	1,278	2,958
MIGRANTS	5,415	5,183	587	5;146	95.0	569	567	18	0	1	71
ELIGABLE CLAIMANTS	122,647	47,311	47,016	16,104	13.1	15,842	15,370	2,439	467	9,045	12,885

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

SERVICES PROVIDED TO APPLICANT GROUPS BY THE SOUTH CAROLINA JOB SERVICE
JULY 1987 - JUNE 1988

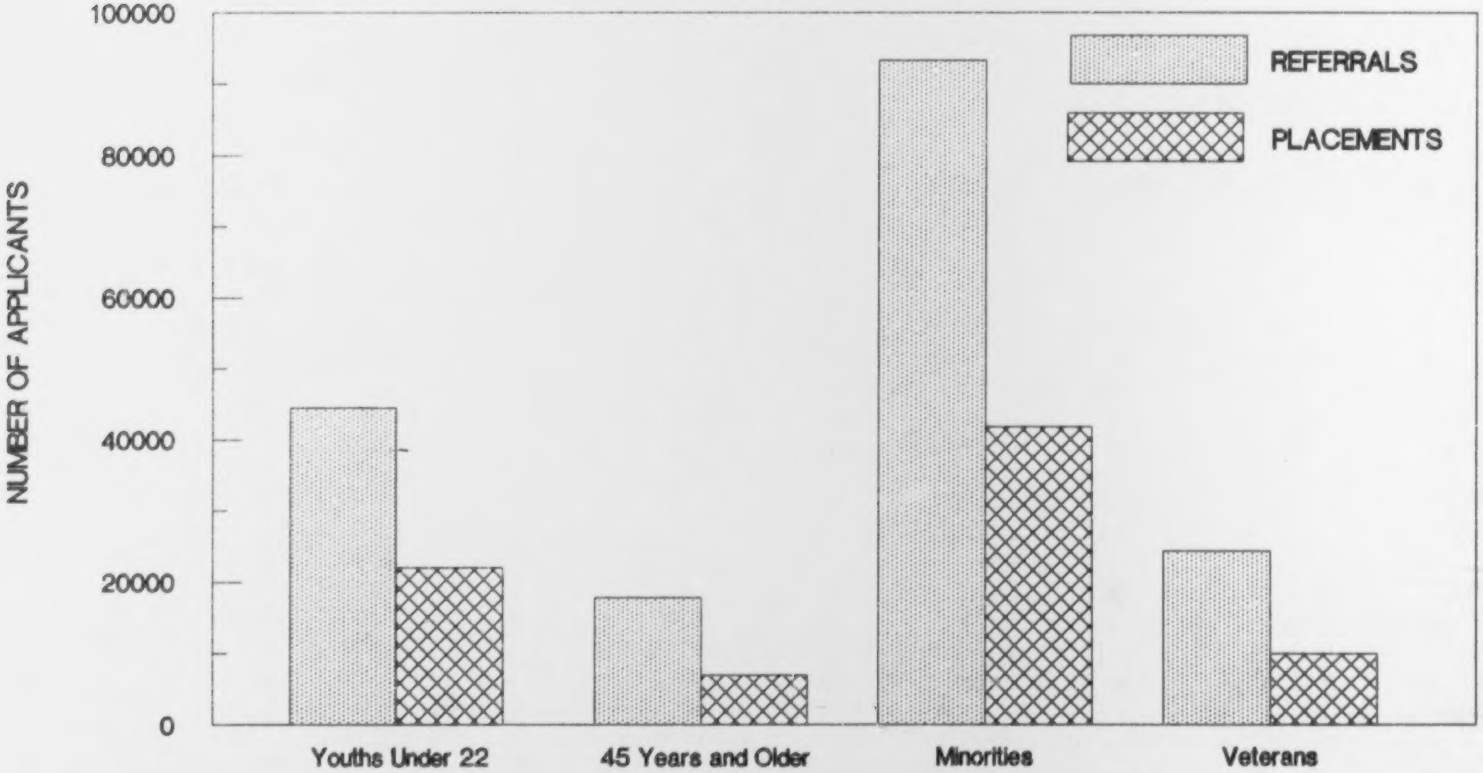
		YOUTH UNDER 22		45 YEARS AND OLDER		MINORITY		VETERAN	
SERVICES RENDERED	TOTAL	NUMBER	PERCENT OF TOTAL	NUMBER	PERCENT OF TOTAL	NUMBER	PERCENT OF TOTAL	NUMBER	PERCENT OF TOTAL
New Applicant	200,786	50,429	25.1	23,119	11.5	94,080	46.9	21,615	10.8
Applicants Renewed	102,941	21,061	20.5	10,644	10.3	59,036	57.3	12,471	12.1
Counseled	6,880	1,291	18.8	1,190	17.3	3,873	56.3	2,736	39.8
Tested	40,705	7,657	18.8	2,807	6.9	19,009	46.7	5,196	12.8
Enrolled in Training	2,178	1,257	57.7	1,257	57.7	1,594	73.2	334	15.3
Job Development Contacts Made	32,822	4,360	13.3	6,003	18.3	14,719	44.8	15,177	46.2
Referred to Job	183,795	44,460	24.2	17,846	9.7	93,309	50.8	24,396	13.3
Nonagricultural	175,029	41,227	23.6	16,677	9.5	86,090	49.2	24,105	13.8
Agricultural	12,305	4,040	32.8	1,464	11.9	9,366	76.1	930	7.6
Placed on Jobs	76,461	22,018	28.8	6,986	9.1	41,834	54.7	10,019	13.1
Nonagricultural	67,919	18,924	27.9	5,845	8.6	34,713	51.1	9,707	14.3
Over 3 Days	64,943	18,539	28.5	5,303	8.2	33,319	51.3	9,355	14.4
Agricultural	9,286	3,261	35.1	1,234	13.3	7,704	83.0	431	4.6
After Counseling	1,895	370	19.5	226	11.9	1,222	64.5	930	49.1
After Job Development	4,886	1,083	22.2	595	12.2	2,559	52.4	1,366	28.0
Inactivated	284,479	60,991	21.4	34,395	12.1	139,500	49.0	35,394	12.4
With Positive Terminal Service 1/	72,286	20,627	28.5	7,582	10.5	40,098	55.5	12,865	17.8
With Other Services	128,984	24,392	18.9	15,528	12.0	59,016	45.8	21,964	17.0
With No Service	83,209	15,972	19.2	11,285	13.6	40,386	48.5	565	0.7
Active File (June 30,1988)	104,832	19,505	20.6	12,711	13.4	52,057	55.0	7,665	8.1

1/ Positive terminal service includes job placement or training enrollment.

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

JOB SERVICE REFERRALS AND PLACEMENTS

JULY 1987 - JUNE 1988



SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

DISTRIBUTION OF JOB SERVICE ACTIVE FILE IN SOUTH CAROLINA BY MAJOR OCCUPATIONAL CATEGORY

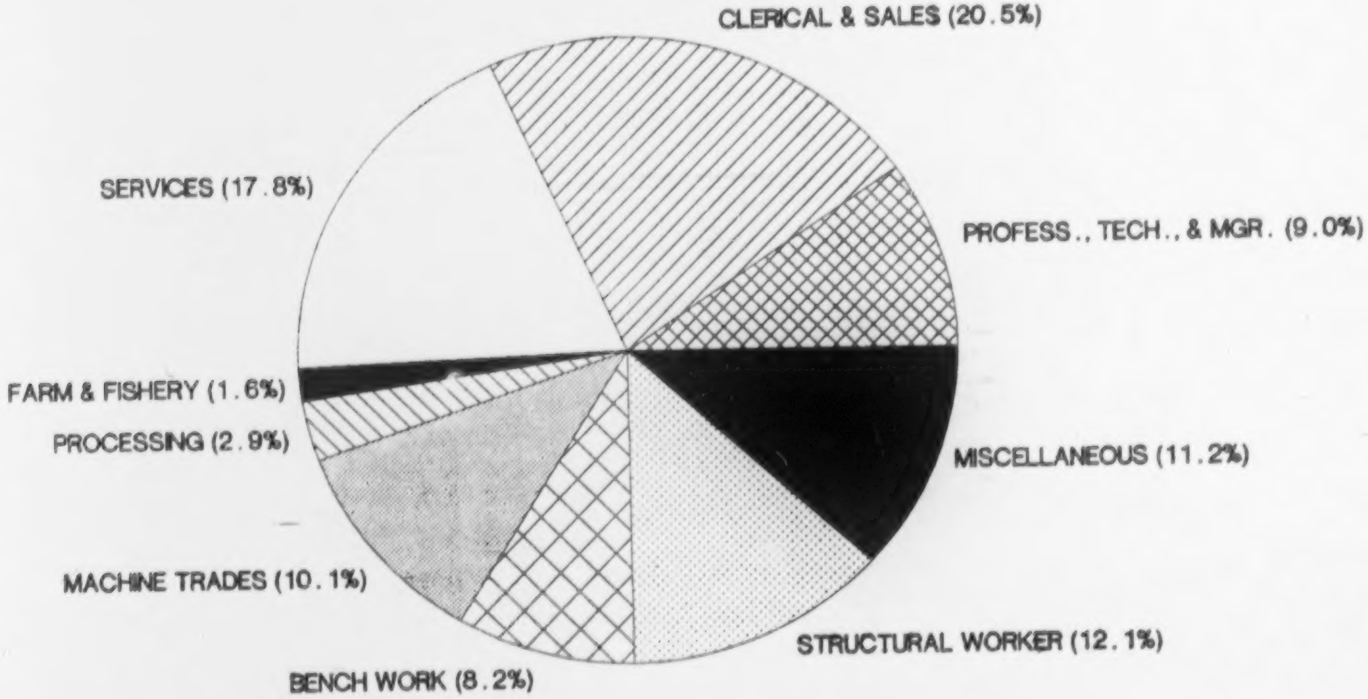
JULY 1987 - JUNE 1988

OCCUPATIONAL CATEGORY	TOTAL	PERCENT OF TOTAL	FEMALE TOTAL	FEMALE PERCENT	VETERANS TOTAL	VETERANS PERCENT	45 YEARS & OLDER TOTAL	45 YEARS & OLDER PERCENT	MINORITY TOTAL	MINORITY PERCENT
ALL OCCUPATIONS	78,422	100.0	44,153	100.0	7,100	100.0	11,406	100.0	43,029	100.0
PROFESS., TECH., & MGR.	7,074	9.0	3,873	8.8	1,058	14.9	1,422	12.5	1,986	4.6
CLERICAL & SALES	16,057	20.5	13,159	29.8	1,021	14.4	1,816	15.9	7,146	16.6
SERVICES	13,950	17.8	10,514	23.8	629	8.9	2,481	21.8	10,703	24.9
FARM & FISHERY	1,224	1.6	353	0.8	56	0.8	275	2.4	846	2.0
PROCESSING	2,269	2.9	926	2.1	168	2.4	354	3.1	1,316	3.1
MACHINE TRADES	7,952	10.1	3,331	7.5	1,031	14.5	1,169	10.3	3,578	8.3
BENCH WORK	6,404	8.2	5,153	11.7	214	3.0	1,053	9.2	3,732	8.7
STRUCTURAL WORKER	9,456	12.1	522	1.2	1,706	24.0	1,310	11.5	4,386	10.2
MISCELLANEOUS	8,786	11.2	2,407	5.5	1,126	15.9	1,170	10.3	4,187	9.7

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

DISTRIBUTION OF JOB SERVICE ACTIVE FILE IN SOUTH CAROLINA BY MAJOR OCCUPATIONAL CATEGORY

JULY 1987 - JUNE 1988



SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

APPLICANT SUPPLY PER JOB OPENINGS DEMAND FOR SOUTH CAROLINA

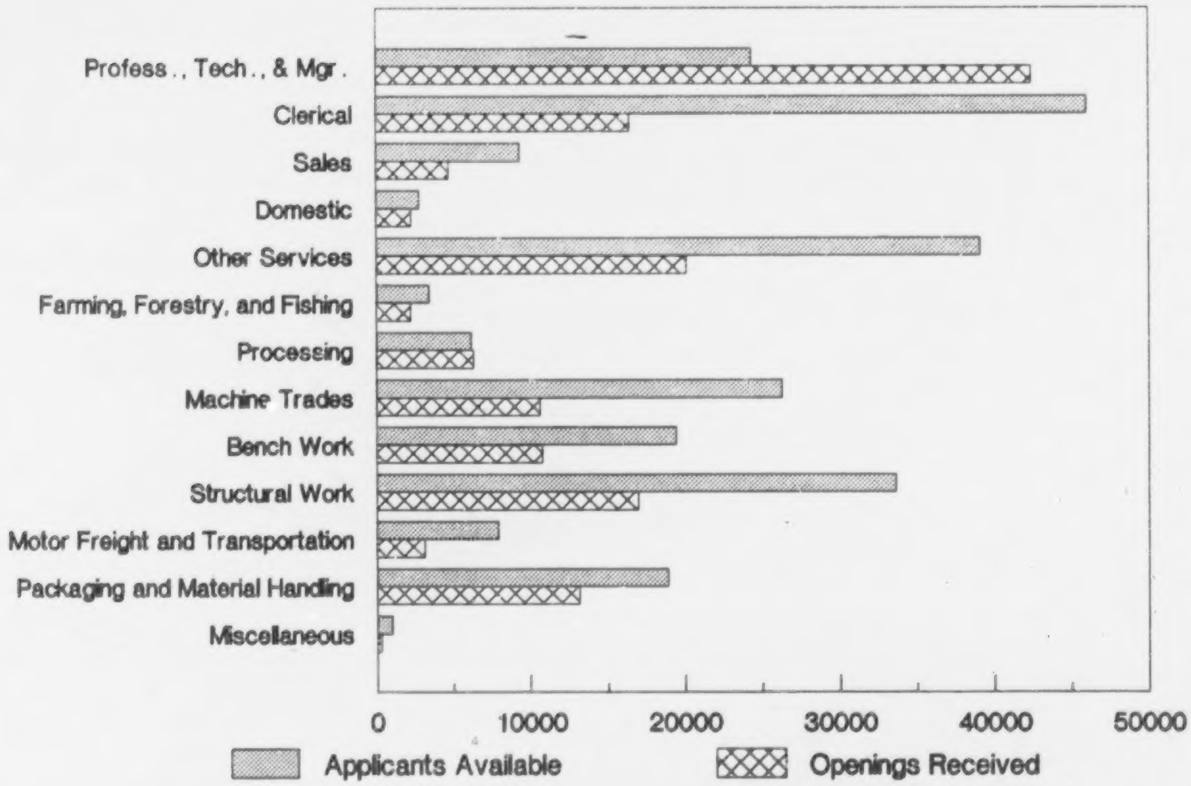
JULY 1987 - JUNE 1988

Occupation	Applicants Available	Active Applicants (6-30-88)	Nonagricultural Openings		Applicants Available Per Opening Received	Active Applicants Per Unfilled Opening	Average Wage
			Received	Unfilled			
Professional, Technical, and Managerial	24,361	7,074	42,424	842	0.6	8.4	$5.13
Clerical	46,005	13,359	16,467	2,843	2.8	4.7	4.44
Sales	9,365	2,698	4,727	735	2.0	3.7	4.15
Domestic	2,798	1,160	2,270	157	1.2	7.4	4.29
Other Services	39,107	12,790	20,109	3,473	1.9	3.7	3.85
Farming, Forestry, and Fishing	3,431	1,224	2,216	516	1.6	2.4	3.67
Processing	6,190	2,269	6,332	603	1.0	3.8	4.86
Machine Trades	26,270	7,952	10,656	1,434	2.5	5.6	6.14
Bench Work	19,423	6,404	10,789	1,306	1.8	4.9	4.56
Structural Work	33,634	9,456	17,002	2,180	2.0	4.3	5.53
Motor Freight and Transportation	7,931	2,215	3,091	417	2.6	5.3	5.13
Packaging and Material Handling	18,928	6,287	13,162	1,327	1.4	4.7	5.00
Miscellaneous	1,002	284	263	38	3.8	7.5	5.38

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

APPLICANTS AVAILABLE AND OPENINGS RECEIVED IN SOUTH CAROLINA BY OCCUPATIONAL CATEGORY

JULY 1987 - JUNE 1988



SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

APPLICANTS AND JOB OPENINGS RECEIVED - SOUTH CAROLINA
(At Least 750 Applicants Available or 300 Openings Received)
July 1987 - June 1988

Dictionary of Occupational Titles Code	Job Title	Applicants Available	Nonagricultural Openings			Applicants Per Opening Received
			Received	Filled Over 150 Days	Unfilled	
022	Chemistry	58	355	129	208	0.16
091	Secondary School Education	142	15,951	44	4	0.00
092	Preschool, Primary School, & Kindergarten Education	272	15,860	42	3	0.01
099	Education	207	6,661	307	9	0.03
169	Administrative Specialist	602	320	237	13	1.88
185	Wholesale, Retail Trade Managers	894	304	107	65	2.94
189	Miscellaneous Managers	744	407	197	71	1.82
195	Social and Welfare Work	243	511	156	46	0.47
201	Secretaries	975	1,035	508	117	0.94
203	Typists	705	785	325	57	0.89
205	Interviewing Clerks	131	904	88	680	0.14
209	Stenography, Typing, Filing, and Related	2,528	2,862	768	549	0.88
210	Bookkeepers & Bookkeeping Machine Operators	511	382	178	51	1.33
211	Cashiers and Tellers	5,025	3,420	1,938	562	1.46
219	Computing and Account - Recording	1,335	1,147	623	99	1.16
222	Shipping, Receiving, Stock, & Related Clerical	1,214	1,024	579	61	1.18
237	Information and Reception Clerks	501	427	172	39	1.17
238	Accommodation Clerks & Gate & Ticket Agent	177	360	139	87	0.49
239	Information & Message Distributors	112	506	35	271	0.22
241	Investigators, Adjusters, & Related	141	362	262	18	0.38
249	Miscellaneous Clerical	482	2,154	818	13	0.22
261	Sales, Textile Products, Apparel, & Notions	238	323	81	35	0.73
270	Sales, Home Furniture, Furnishings, & Appliances	64	306	199	50	0.20
279	Sales, Miscellaneous Commodities	634	727	353	84	0.87
290	Sales Clerks	695	973	679	163	0.71
292	Route Sales and Delivery	260	402	207	46	0.64
299	Miscellaneous Sales	576	1,098	621	123	0.52
301	Household and Related Work	1,530	2,014	561	130	0.75
311	Waiters/Waitresses & Related Food Service	2,053	3,763	2,180	867	0.54
313	Chefs and Cooks, Hotels & Restaurants	2,183	2,501	1,480	424	0.87
318	Kitchen Workers	1,000	1,382	738	200	0.72
323	Housecleaners, Hotels, Restaurants, & Related	2,057	1,696	1,022	330	1.21
341	Attendants, Golf, Tennis, & Related Facilities	29	431	261	168	0.06
342	Amusement & Concession Attendants	14	488	2	4	0.02

APPLICANTS AND JOB OPENINGS RECEIVED - SOUTH CAROLINA (Cont'd)
(At Least 750 Applicants Available or 300 Openings Received)
July 1987 - June 1988

Dictionary of Occupational Titles Code	Job Title	Applicants Available	Nonagricultural Openings			Applicants Per Opening Received
			Received	Filled Over 150 Days	Unfilled	
355	Attendants, Hospitals, Morgues, & Related Health	1,580	765	476	149	2.06
372	Security Guards & Correction Officers	730	1,615	1,036	244	0.45
381	Porters & Cleaners	1,873	4,088	2,518	379	0.45
382	Janitors	492	940	319	319	0.52
403	Fruit & Nut Farming	18	586	255	296	0.03
406	Gardening & Groundskeeping	215	847	219	149	0.25
525	Slaughtering, Curing, & Related Food Products	232	1,563	1,521	66	0.14
529	Processing of Food, Tobacco, & Related Products	202	798	652	86	0.25
556	Casting and Molding	209	1,325	1,226	63	0.15
600	Machinists & Related	333	542	374	82	0.61
609	Metal Machining	1,010	1,567	1,354	200	0.64
616	Fabricating Machine	580	431	323	51	1.34
619	Miscellaneous Metalworking	226	359	298	20	0.62
620	Motorized Vehicle Mechanics & Repairers	510	758	304	164	0.67
638	Miscellaneous Machine Installation Repairers	600	860	396	222	0.69
680	Carding, Combing, & Drawing, & Related	291	322	244	22	0.90
681	Twisting, Beaming, Warping, & Related	697	581	488	23	1.19
682	Spinners	406	451	413	25	0.90
683	Weavers & Related	749	848	662	72	0.88
689	Textile	1,071	1,204	923	109	0.88
706	Metal Unit Assemblers & Adjusters	1,452	2,297	1,522	181	0.63
726	Assembly & Repair of Electronic Components	579	919	900	52	0.63
729	Assembly & Repair of Electrical Equipment	391	423	378	22	0.92
739	Fabrication & Repair of Products Made From Assorted Materials	135	513	374	41	0.26
780	Upholstering, Fabrication, & Repair of Stuffed Furn., Matt., & Related	224	660	424	95	0.33
786	Sewing Machine Operators, Garment	615	884	680	163	0.69
787	Sewing Machine Operators, Nongarment	1,745	2,073	1,744	358	0.84
806	Transportation Equipment Assemblers & Related	260	1,399	1,419	141	0.18
809	Miscellaneous Occupations in Metal Fabrications	102	604	453	163	0.16
810	Arc Welders & Cutters	328	394	218	39	0.83
819	Welders, Cutters, & Related	333	349	181	78	0.95
824	Assembly Repair of Lightning Equipment	525	532	253	91	0.98
829	Installation & Repair of Electrical Products	444	437	239	43	1.01

APPLICANTS AND JOB OPENINGS RECEIVED - SOUTH CAROLINA (Cont'd)
(At Least 750 Applicants Available or 300 Openings Received)
July 1987 - June 1988

Dictionary of Occupational Titles Code	Job Title	Applicants Available	Nonagricultural Openings Received	Nonagricultural Openings Filled Over 150 Days	Nonagricultural Openings Unfilled	Applicants Per Opening Received
840	Construction & Maintenance Painters	459	629	249	105	0.72
860	Carpenters & Related	1,101	1,471	707	218	0.74
862	Plumbers, Fitters, & Related	611	564	265	106	1.08
869	Miscellaneous Construction	2,944	7,183	2,682	643	0.40
899	Miscellaneous Structural Work	511	762	380	78	0.67
904	Trailer Truck Drivers	606	637	337	110	0.95
905	Truck Drivers, Heavy	565	849	318	63	0.66
906	Truck Drivers, Light	372	495	236	68	0.75
915	Attendants/Servicers, Parking Lots, & Related	174	394	208	55	0.44
920	Packaging	1,992	1,842	1,506	107	1.08
921	Hoisting & Conveying	1,135	448	314	25	2.53
922	Moving/Storing Materials & Products	959	1,284	784	85	0.74
929	Packaging & Materials Handling	3,055	9,566	4,859	1,110	0.31

SOURCE: South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

INCOME

INCOME HIGHLIGHTS
1987

Personal income is the income residents of an area receive from all sources such as wages, salaries, unemployment insurance benefits, property income, dividends, royalties, and other business income. Per capita personal income is the total personal income of an area divided by that area's total resident population. So, per capita personal income refers to each individual, regardless of age or labor force participation.

The United States Department of Commerce estimates put South Carolinians' personal income at $40.6 billion in 1987, up 6.6 percent from the 1986 revised figure of $38.1 billion, improving the state's position among the 50 states from 29th to 28th. Between 1980 and 1987, total personal income grew by $16.8 billion or about 71 percent.

Per capita income grew at a slightly slower pace than total personal income; however, a 5.2 percent gain recorded in 1987 exceeded the 4.8 percent improvement reported for the Southeast and the nation. South Carolina's position among the 50 states and the District of Columbia moved from 43rd to 42nd. Nonetheless, South Carolina continued to lag behind the Southeast and the nation. Per capita income for South Carolina was reported at $11,858 during 1987. This average was $1,449 below the regional and $3,482 below the national level.

The latest year for which total personal income and per capita personal income is available for counties is 1986. In total personal income, Greenville County led all counties with $4.1 billion during 1986. Rounding out the top five were Richland ($3.6 bill.), Charleston ($3.5 bill.), Spartanburg ($2.5 bill.), and Lexington ($2.2 bill.). McCormick County ($0.1 bill.) had the lowest total personal income.

During 1986, Beaufort County held the top spot for per capita personal income at $13,843 followed by Greenville ($13,378), Richland ($13,009), Lexington ($12,778), and York ($12,527). Lee County had the lowest per capita personal income, with $6,950.

With respect to the seven Metropolitan Statistical Area's (MSA's) in the state, Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill recorded the highest total personal income ($15.2 bill.) and the highest per capita personal income ($14,273) for 1986 (the latest year available). The Florence County MSA produced the lowest total personal income ($1.2 bill.) and the lowest per capita personal income ($10,576).

The median household income in South Carolina in 1979 (based on Census data) was $14,711. In terms of counties, Lexington County registered the highest median household income in 1979, with $18,253. Allendale County, with $9,646, had the lowest median household income.

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME
UNITED STATES, SOUTHEAST, and SOUTH CAROLINA
(millions of dollars)
1970 - 1987

Year	United States	Southeast	South Carolina
1970	$825,534	$144,810	$7,806
1971	888,536	158,989	8,528
1972	976,181	178,925	9,567
1973	1,095,289	204,675	10,968
1974	1,204,899	228,850	12,434
1975	1,308,482	249,066	13,434
1976	1,447,002	278,393	15,082
1977	1,602,863	309,968	16,626
1978	1,806,968	353,217	18,875
1979	2,028,510	398,963	21,269
1980	2,254,076	448,722	23,792
1981	2,514,231	505,212	26,685
1982	2,663,498	536,769	28,041
1983	2,834,375	576,799	30,349
1984	3,101,163	634,235	33,476
1985	3,320,346	681,750	35,797
1986	3,528,589	727,287	38,102
1987	3,733,719	772,119	40,610

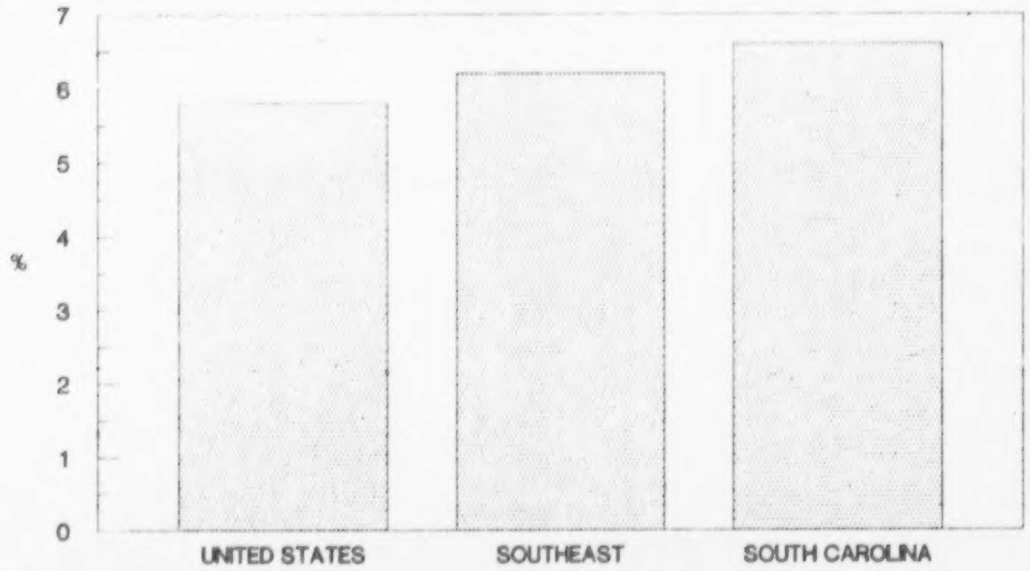
SOURCE: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME
UNITED STATES and SOUTHEASTERN STATES
1984 - 1987
(millions of dollars)

Area	1984	1985	1986	1987	Percent Change 1986-87	Percent of U.S. 1987
United States	$3,101,163	$3,320,346	$3,528,589	$3,733,719	5.8	100.0
Southeast	634,235	681,750	727,287	772,119	6.2	20.7
Alabama	40,349	43,225	45,854	48,098	4.9	1.3
Arkansas	23,309	24,846	26,194	27,090	3.4	0.7
Florida	143,926	157,944	170,809	183,239	7.3	4.9
Georgia	68,920	75,513	82,103	87,720	6.8	2.3
Kentucky	38,732	40,343	42,260	44,541	5.4	1.2
Louisiana	48,798	50,544	50,376	50,681	0.6	1.4
Mississippi	23,159	24,242	25,454	26,781	5.2	0.7
North Carolina	67,851	73,098	78,745	84,366	7.1	2.3
SOUTH CAROLINA	33,476	35,797	38,102	40,610	6.6	1.1
Tennessee	50,360	53,864	57,609	61,842	7.3	1.7
Virginia	76,452	82,850	89,593	96,361	7.6	2.6
West Virginia	18,902	19,485	20,188	20,791	3.0	0.6

SOURCE: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

PERCENT CHANGE IN TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME
UNITED STATES, SOUTHEAST, and SOUTH CAROLINA
1986-1987



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME FOR SOUTH CAROLINA COUNTIES
(millions of dollars)
1981 - 1986

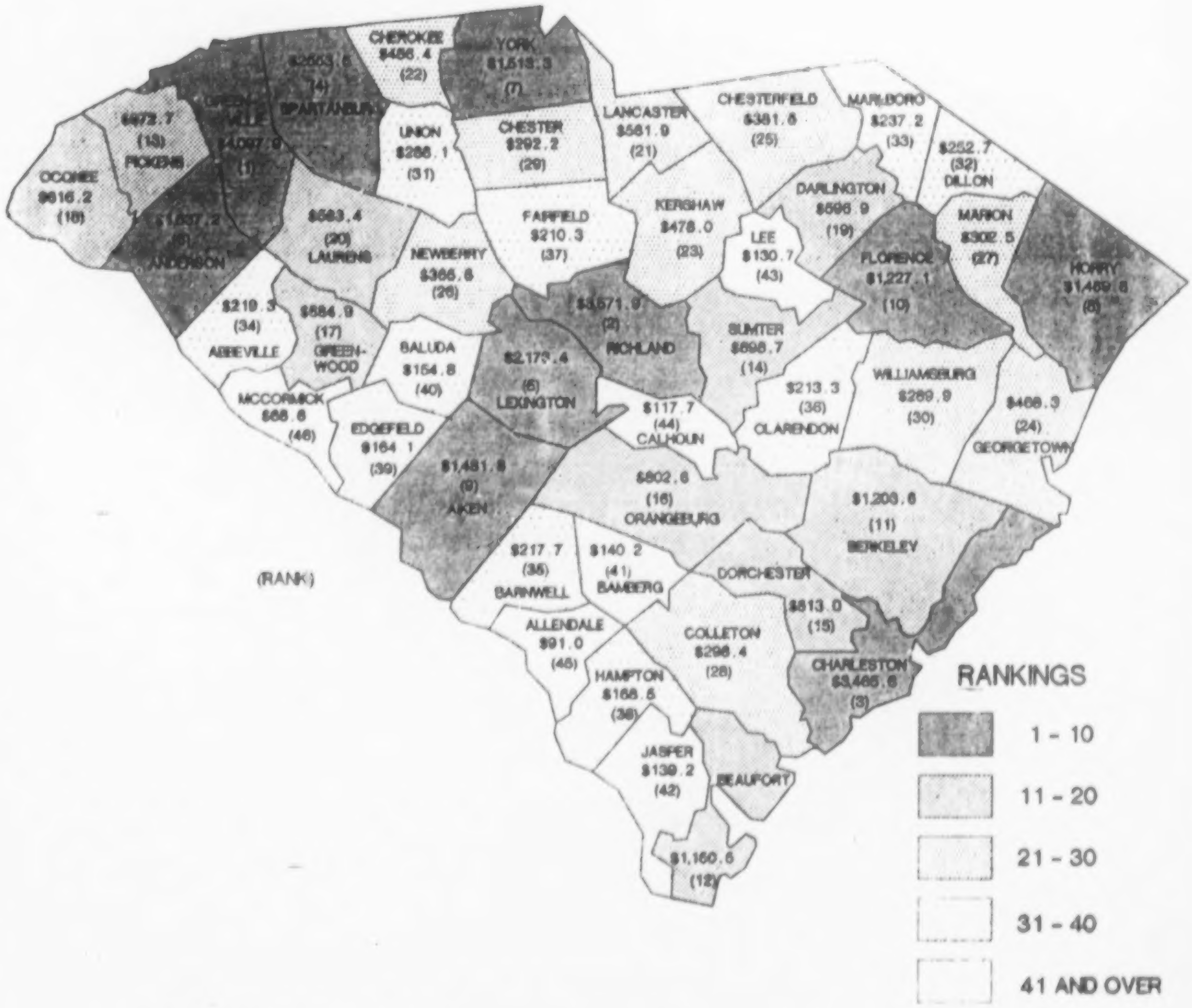
County	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	Rank 1986
Abbeville	$163.1	$169.5	$182.7	$197.2	$206.2	$219.3	34
Aiken	959.8	1,034.9	1,125.3	1,253.1	1,358.9	1,431.3	9
Allendale	67.0	72.6	74.7	82.8	88.7	91.0	45
Anderson	1,129.5	1,174.6	1,267.4	1,383.0	1,451.7	1,537.2	6
Bamberg	103.4	109.3	116.2	131.5	135.2	140.2	41
Barnwell	147.0	157.1	168.4	193.7	208.3	217.7	35
Beaufort	686.7	779.1	840.2	948.8	1,068.8	1,150.5	12
Berkeley	718.4	788.7	887.7	1,016.3	1,115.0	1,203.6	11
Calhoun	87.3	93.3	93.9	111.9	113.1	117.7	44
Charleston	2,539.1	2,703.6	2,856.8	3,102.7	3,287.3	3,465.6	3
Cherokee	3,414.0	349.8	378.1	423.2	451.9	486.4	22
Chester	229.0	235.7	254.3	271.3	281.0	292.2	29
Chesterfield	264.8	276.7	299.6	339.4	351.1	381.5	25
Clarendon	163.9	170.1	180.7	200.8	208.0	213.3	36
Colleton	216.8	226.9	242.5	269.9	283.5	298.4	28
Darlington	462.6	472.4	500.1	548.5	569.9	596.9	19
Dillon	192.2	195.6	209.9	228.0	237.8	252.7	32
Dorchester	526.4	565.8	637.7	705.8	767.1	813.0	15
Edgefield	126.0	126.6	116.6	149.6	159.9	164.1	39
Fairfield	150.6	157.8	171.6	188.1	199.7	210.3	37
Florence	910.8	940.2	996.6	1,095.5	1,162.4	1,227.1	10
Georgetown	322.6	337.9	410.6	438.6	439.6	468.3	24
Greenville	2,841.8	2,992.1	3,190.2	3,512.1	3,784.3	4,097.9	1
Greenwood	515.7	531.4	576.4	621.9	641.3	684.9	17
Hampton	127.6	130.5	141.4	158.6	162.2	168.5	38
Horry	891.9	956.4	1,083.2	1,245.3	1,367.8	1,469.8	8
Jasper	98.4	106.2	109.3	122.6	129.7	139.2	42
Kershaw	348.2	363.5	395.2	434.1	451.6	478.0	23
Lancaster	452.2	454.1	486.8	525.0	542.3	561.9	21
Laurens	439.6	449.2	481.8	521.7	548.1	583.4	20
Lee	103.1	109.5	111.7	126.0	133.0	130.7	43
Lexington	1,302.4	1,404.1	1,521.8	1,751.2	1,992.5	2,173.4	5
McCormick	52.9	55.6	60.4	64.6	67.2	68.6	46
Marion	225.2	237.7	249.8	273.5	286.0	302.5	27
Marlboro	199.6	205.0	211.4	229.6	231.7	237.2	33
Newberry	276.5	283.9	305.6	338.3	348.8	365.5	26
Oconee	409.2	423.7	471.6	524.4	579.1	616.2	18
Orangeburg	585.8	606.0	643.9	713.2	760.9	802.6	16
Pickens	680.4	702.7	773.4	845.7	915.2	972.7	13
Richland	2,589.6	2,727.9	2,971.1	3,167.9	3,342.6	3,571.9	2
Saluda	111.9	113.9	1223.2	141.8	147.6	154.8	40
Spartanburg	1,834.8	1,886.4	2,051.5	2,269.5	2,379.9	2,553.5	4
Sumter	636.5	673.1	723.2	798.8	853.1	898.7	14
Union	226.4	223.9	240.1	258.4	278.9	288.1	31
Williamsburg	226.5	229.5	249.4	268.7	277.5	289.9	30
York	991.7	1,043.0	1,145.5	1,283.3	1,411.9	1,513.3	7

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME FOR SOUTH CAROLINA COUNTIES
1986

(millions of dollars)

SOUTH CAROLINA: $38,101.5


CHEROKEE $486.4 (22)
YORK $1,513.3 (7)
$2563.6 (4) SPARTANBURG
GREENVILLE $4,097.9 (1)
$972.7 (13) PICKENS
OCONEE $616.2 (18)
$1,637.2 (6) ANDERSON
UNION $266.1 (31)
CHESTER $292.2 (29)
LANCASTER $561.9 (21)
CHESTERFIELD $381.6 (25)
MARLBORO $237.2 (33)
$252.7 (32) DILLON
MARION $302.5 (27)
HORRY $1,469.6 (8)
DARLINGTON $596.9 (19)
FLORENCE $1,227.1 (10)
KERSHAW $478.0 (23)
LEE $130.7 (43)
FAIRFIELD $210.3 (37)
NEWBERRY $366.6 (26)
$583.4 (20) LAURENS
$219.3 (34) ABBEVILLE
$684.9 (17) GREENWOOD
SALUDA $154.8 (40)
$3,571.9 (2) RICHLAND
$2,173.4 (5) LEXINGTON
SUMTER $898.7 (14)
$213.3 (36) CLARENDON
WILLIAMSBURG $269.9 (30)
$466.3 (24) GEORGETOWN
MCCORMICK $66.6 (46)
EDGEFIELD $164.1 (39)
$1,481.8 (9) AIKEN
$117.7 (44) CALHOUN
$802.6 (16) ORANGEBURG
$1,203.6 (11) BERKELEY
$217.7 (35) BARNWELL
$140.2 (41) BAMBERG
DORCHESTER
$813.0 (15)
ALLENDALE $91.0 (45)
COLLETON $298.4 (28)
HAMPTON $168.5 (38)
CHARLESTON $3,466.6 (3)
JASPER $139.2 (42)
BEAUFORT
$1,160.6 (12)
(RANK)
RANKINGS
1 - 10
11 - 20
21 - 30
31 - 40
41 AND OVER

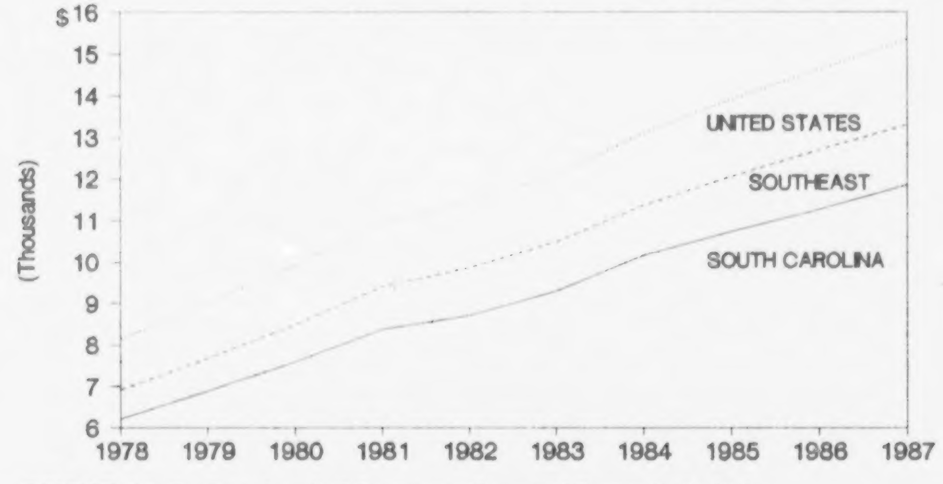
SOURCE: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME
UNITED STATES, SOUTHEAST, and SOUTHEASTERN STATES
1986 and 1987

Area	1986	1987	Percent Change 1986-87	Percent of U.S.	Rank 1987
United States	$14,636	$15,340	4.8	100	---
Southeast	12,695	13,307	4.8	87	---
Alabama	11,323	11,780	4.0	77	44
Arkansas	11,050	11,343	2.7	74	47
Florida	14,607	15,241	4.3	99	19
Georgia	13,459	14,098	4.7	92	27
Kentucky	11,342	11,950	5.4	78	41
Louisiana	11,197	11,362	1.5	74	46
Mississippi	9,699	10,204	5.2	66	50
North Carolina	12,438	13,155	5.8	86	34
SOUTH CAROLINA	11,268	11,858	5.2	77	42
Tennessee	12,002	12,738	6.1	83	37
Virginia	15,461	16,322	5.6	106	10
West Virginia	10,531	10,959	4.1	71	49

SOURCE: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME
UNITED STATES, SOUTHEAST, and SOUTH CAROLINA
1978 - 1987



SOURCE: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

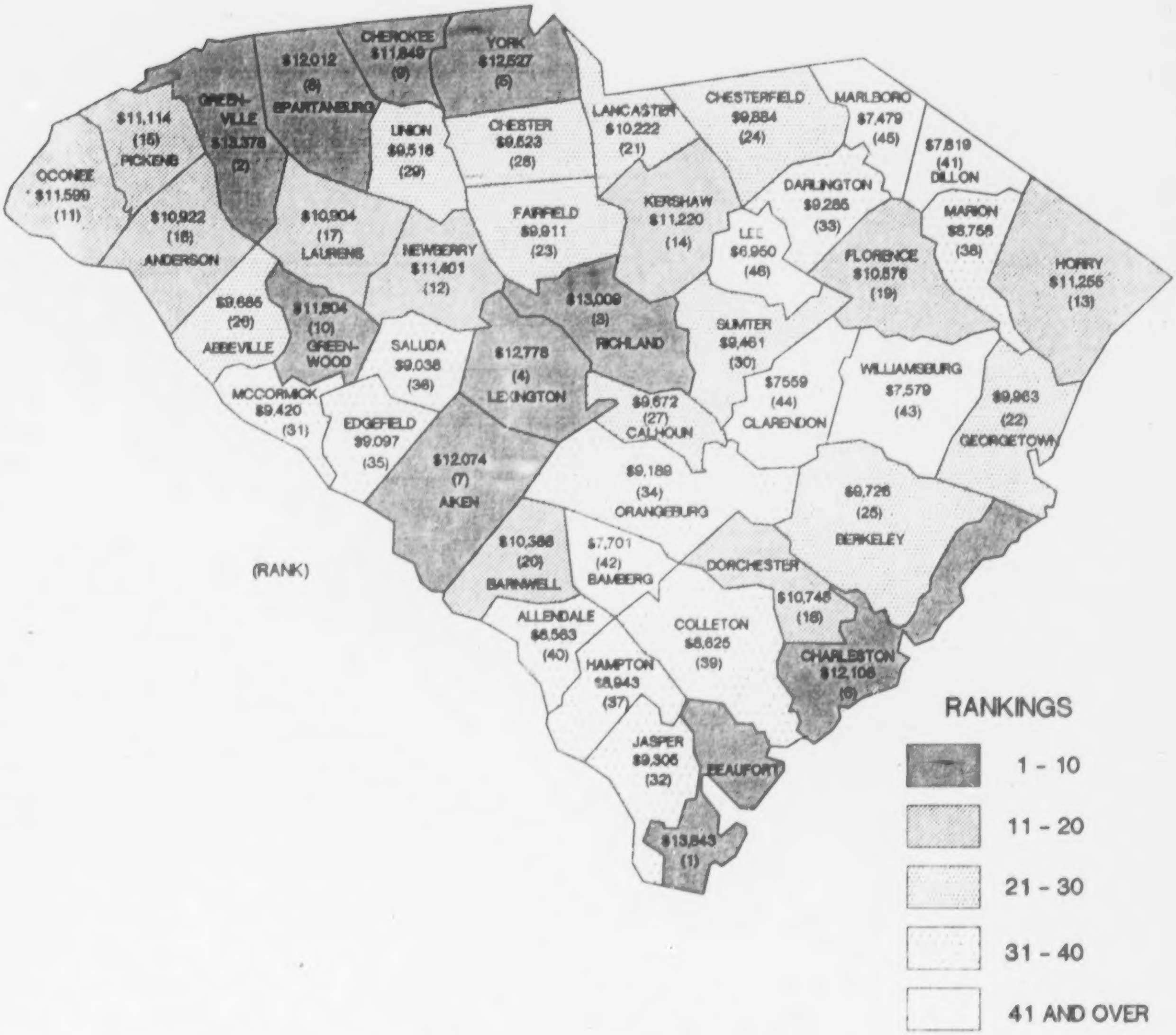
PER CAPITA INCOME OF SOUTH CAROLINA COUNTIES
1981 - 1986

County	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	Rank 1986
Abbeville	$7,164	$7,426	$8,030	$8,657	$9,092	$9,685	26
Aiken	8,934	9,509	10,268	11,129	11,757	12,074	7
Allendale	6,300	6,835	7,049	7,810	8,400	8,563	40
Anderson	8,285	8,574	9,231	9,997	10,411	10,922	16
Bamberg	5,717	5,043	6,427	7,172	7,427	7,701	42
Barnwell	7,365	7,879	8,436	9,558	10,093	10,388	20
Beaufort	9,943	10,699	11,149	12,132	13,294	13,843	1
Berkeley	7,217	7,609	8,301	9,002	9,426	9,726	25
Calhoun	7,291	7,700	7,872	9,253	9,301	9,672	27
Charleston	8,918	9,420	9,808	10,673	11,501	12,106	6
Cherokee	8,327	8,585	9,288	10,384	11,011	11,849	9
Chester	7,449	7,617	8,389	8,879	9,177	9,523	28
Chesterfield	6,912	7,267	7,850	8,816	9,099	9,884	24
Clarendon	5,903	6,077	6,472	7,198	7,418	7,559	44
Colleton	6,733	7,026	7,387	8,034	8,314	8,625	39
Darlington	7,338	7,390	7,818	8,558	8,860	9,285	33
Dillon	6,118	6,161	6,588	7,080	7,304	7,819	41
Dorchester	8,425	8,701	9,456	10,082	10,528	10,748	18
Edgefield	7,097	7,121	6,525	8,389	8,946	9,097	35
Fairfield	7,279	7,661	8,289	8,976	9,406	9,911	23
Florence	8,141	8,379	8,849	9,580	10,045	10,576	19
Georgetown	7,428	7,695	9,083	9,505	9,512	9,963	22
Greenville	9,705	10,128	10,724	11,707	12,487	13,378	2
Greenwood	9,077	9,247	10,030	10,828	11,052	11,804	10
Hampton	6,871	6,996	7,584	8,513	8,716	8,943	37
Horry	8,400	8,763	9,440	10,325	10,816	11,255	13
Jasper	6,758	7,212	7,462	8,247	8,706	9,305	32
Kershaw	8,720	9,045	9,815	10,521	10,731	11,220	14
Lancaster	8,326	8,314	8,911	9,549	9,785	10,222	21
Laurens	8,280	8,505	9,156	9,878	10,302	10,904	17
Lee	5,530	5,912	6,015	6,751	7,131	6,950	46
Lexington	8,983	9,524	10,092	11,393	12,553	12,778	4
McCormick	6,970	7,414	8,180	8,719	9,146	9,420	31
Marion	6,552	6,896	7,207	7,864	8,244	8,758	38
Marlboro	6,234	6,321	6,550	7,135	7,248	7,479	45
Newberry	8,748	8,940	9,646	10,608	10,942	11,401	12
Oconee	8,238	8,424	9,342	10,335	11,177	11,599	11
Orangeburg	7,017	7,223	7,637	8,396	8,807	9,189	34
Pickens	8,405	8,475	9,233	10,022	10,700	11,114	15
Richland	9,475	9,907	10,697	11,341	12,064	13,009	3
Saluda	6,925	6,940	7,401	8,332	8,623	9,038	36
Spartanburg	8,919	9,157	9,917	10,871	11,329	12,012	8
Sumter	7,090	7,409	7,907	8,576	9,035	9,461	30
Union	7,252	7,210	7,752	8,359	9,134	9,518	29
Williamsburg	5,934	6,036	6,496	6,983	7,187	7,479	43
York	9,063	9,402	10,207	11,184	11,935	12,527	5

SOURCE: U. S. Department of Comerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME FOR SOUTH CAROLINA COUNTIES
1986

SOUTH CAROLINA: $11,287


CHEROKEE $11,849 (9)
YORK $12,527 (5)
$12,012 (8) SPARTANBURG
GREEN-VILLE $13,378 (2)
$11,114 (15) PICKENS
OCONEE $11,599 (11)
$10,922 (16) ANDERSON
$10,904 (17) LAURENS
UNION $9,516 (29)
CHESTER $9,623 (28)
LANCASTER $10,222 (21)
CHESTERFIELD $9,884 (24)
MARLBORO $7,479 (45)
$7,819 (41) DILLON
DARLINGTON $9,286 (33)
MARION $8,758 (38)
HORRY $11,256 (13)
FLORENCE $10,576 (19)
LEE $6,950 (46)
KERSHAW $11,220 (14)
FAIRFIELD $9,911 (23)
NEWBERRY $11,401 (12)
$9,686 (26) ABBEVILLE
$11,804 (10) GREEN-WOOD
SALUDA $9,036 (36)
$12,778 (4) LEXINGTON
$13,009 (3) RICHLAND
SUMTER $9,461 (30)
$7559 (44) CLARENDON
WILLIAMSBURG $7,579 (43)
$9,963 (22) GEORGETOWN
MCCORMICK $9,420 (31)
EDGEFIELD $9,097 (35)
$12,074 (7) AIKEN
$9,672 (27) CALHOUN
$9,189 (34) ORANGEBURG
$9,726 (25) BERKELEY
$10,386 (20) BARNWELL
$7,701 (42) BAMBERG
DORCHESTER
$10,745 (18)
ALLENDALE $8,563 (40)
COLLETON $8,625 (39)
HAMPTON $8,943 (37)
CHARLESTON $12,106 (6)
JASPER $9,306 (32)
BEAUFORT
$13,843 (1)
(RANK)
RANKINGS
1 - 10
11 - 20
21 - 30
31 - 40
41 AND OVER

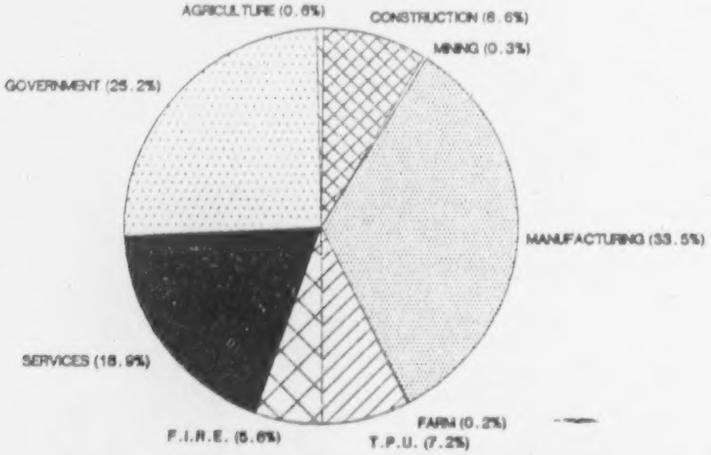
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME IN SOUTH CAROLINA BY INDUSTRY
(millions)
1985 and 1986

Items	1985	1986	Percent Change 1985-1986
Total Personal Income	$35,435	$37,493	5.8
Nonfarm Personal Income	35,284	37,457	6.2
Farm Earnings	151	37	-75.5
Earnings by Industry			
Farm	151	37	-75.5
Nonfarm	26,411	28,303	7.2
Private	20,769	22,209	6.9
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and other	123	135	9.8
Mining	74	71	-4.1
Construction	1,863	2,075	11.4
Manufacturing	7,726	8,094	4.8
Nondurable Goods	5,056	5,320	5.2
Durable Goods	2,670	2,774	3.9
Transportation & Public Utilities	1,694	1,732	2.2
Wholesale Trade	1,246	1,300	4.3
Retail Trade	22,702	2,901	7.4
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	1,207	1,352	12.0
Services	4,137	4,551	10.0
Government and Government Enterprises	5,643	6,094	8.0
Federal Civilian	970	1,004	3.5
Military	1,354	1,436	6.1
State and Local	3,319	3,654	10.1

SOURCE: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME BY INDUSTRY
SOUTH CAROLINA
1986



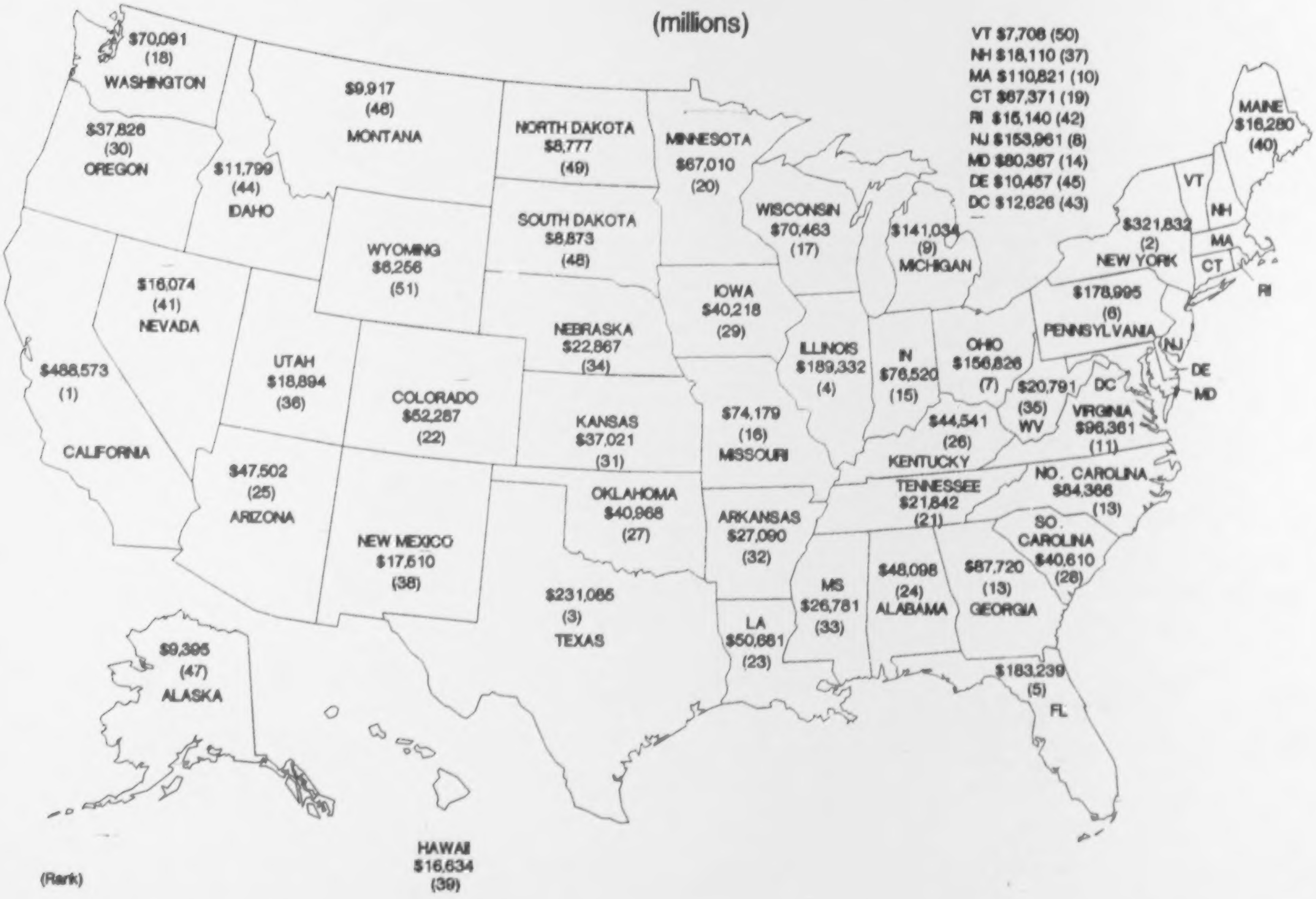
SOURCE: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME, PER CAPITA INCOME, & POPULATION
SOUTH CAROLINA'S METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS
1984 - 1986

AREA	1984	1985	1986	PERCENT CHANGE 1985-1986
Anderson MSA				
Population	138,300	139,400	140,700	0.9
Personal Income (millions $)	1,383.0	1,451.7	1,537.2	5.9
Per Capita Income (dollars)	9,997	10,411	10,922	4.9
Augusta, GA-SC MSA				
Population	370,200	380,100	390,000	2.6
Personal Income (millions $)	4,068.4	4,480.8	4,835.7	7.9
Per Capita Income (dollars)	10,991	11,790	12,399	5.2
Charleston MSA				
Population	473,600	477,000	485,700	1.8
Personal Income (millions $)	4,824.8	5,169.4	5,482.2	6.1
Per Capita Income (dollars)	10,187	10,838	11,288	4.2
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC-SC MSA				
Population	1,031,400	1,053,300	1,065,400	1.1
Personal Income (millions $)	12,833.5	13,963.0	15,206.4	8.9
Per Capita Income (dollars)	12,442	13,257	14,273	7.7
Columbia MSA				
Population	433,000	435,800	444,700	2.0
Personal Income (millions $)	4,919.1	5,335.1	5,745.3	7.7
Per Capita Income (dollars)	11,360	12,242	12,920	5.5
Florence MSA				
Population	114,400	115,700	116,000	0.3
Personal Income (millions $)	1,095.5	1,162.4	1,227.1	5.6
Per Capita Income (dollars)	9,580	10,045	10,576	5.3
Greenville-Spartanburg MSA				
Population	593,100	600,300	606,400	1.0
Personal Income (millions $)	6,627.3	7,097.5	7,624.1	7.4
Per Capita Income (dollars)	11,173	11,824	12,572	6.3

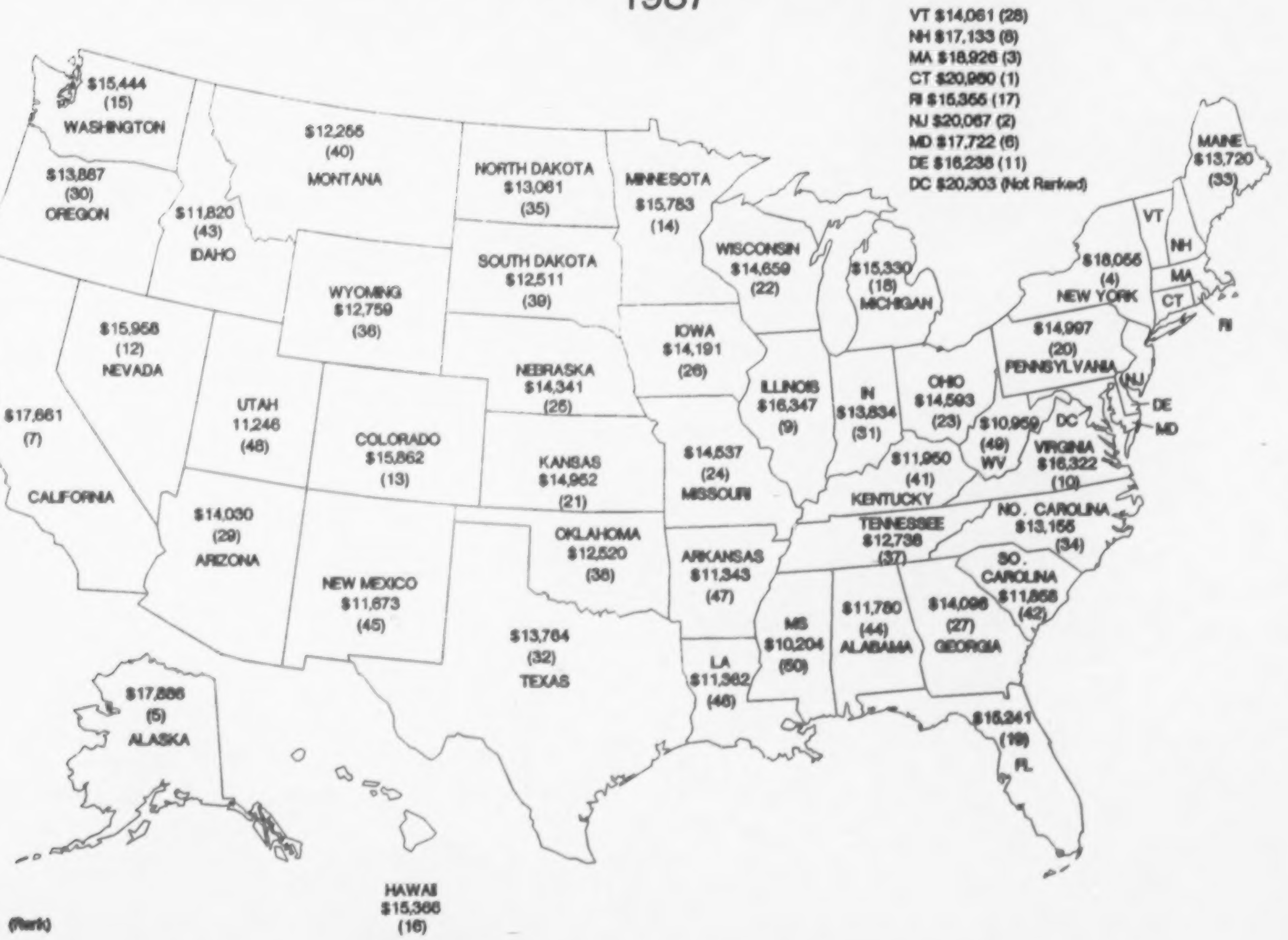
SOURCE: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME BY STATE
1987
(millions)


VT $7,708 (50)
NH $18,110 (37)
MA $110,821 (10)
CT $67,371 (19)
RI $16,140 (42)
NJ $153,961 (8)
MD $80,367 (14)
DE $10,457 (45)
DC $12,626 (43)
$70,091 (18) WASHINGTON
$37,826 (30) OREGON
$11,799 (44) IDAHO
$9,917 (46) MONTANA
NORTH DAKOTA $8,777 (49)
MINNESOTA $67,010 (20)
SOUTH DAKOTA $8,873 (48)
WYOMING $6,256 (51)
WISCONSIN $70,463 (17)
$141,034 (9) MICHIGAN
$321,832 (2) NEW YORK
MAINE $16,280 (40)
VT
NH
MA
CT
RI
$16,074 (41) NEVADA
IOWA $40,218 (29)
$178,995 (6) PENNSYLVANIA
NJ
DE
MD
NEBRASKA $22,867 (34)
UTAH $18,894 (36)
ILLINOIS $189,332 (4)
IN $76,520 (15)
OHIO $156,826 (7)
$20,791 (35) WV
DC
VIRGINIA $96,361 (11)
$488,573 (1) CALIFORNIA
COLORADO $52,287 (22)
KANSAS $37,021 (31)
$74,179 (16) MISSOURI
$44,541 (26) KENTUCKY
$47,502 (25) ARIZONA
OKLAHOMA $40,968 (27)
TENNESSEE $21,842 (21)
NO. CAROLINA $84,366 (13)
ARKANSAS $27,090 (32)
SO. CAROLINA $40,610 (28)
NEW MEXICO $17,510 (38)
$48,098 (24) ALABAMA
$87,720 (13) GEORGIA
MS $26,781 (33)
LA $50,661 (23)
$231,085 (3) TEXAS
$183,239 (5) FL
$9,395 (47) ALASKA
HAWAII $16,634 (39)
(Rank)

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

TOTAL PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME BY STATE
1987



VT $14,061 (28)
NH $17,133 (8)
MA $18,926 (3)
CT $20,980 (1)
RI $15,366 (17)
NJ $20,067 (2)
MD $17,722 (6)
DE $16,238 (11)
DC $20,303 (Not Ranked)
$15,444 (15) WASHINGTON
$13,887 (30) OREGON
$11,820 (43) IDAHO
$12,265 (40) MONTANA
NORTH DAKOTA $13,061 (35)
MINNESOTA $15,783 (14)
SOUTH DAKOTA $12,511 (39)
WYOMING $12,759 (36)
$15,958 (12) NEVADA
$17,661 (7) CALIFORNIA
UTAH 11,246 (48)
COLORADO $15,862 (13)
NEBRASKA $14,341 (25)
IOWA $14,191 (26)
WISCONSIN $14,659 (22)
$15,330 (18) MICHIGAN
KANSAS $14,952 (21)
$14,537 (24) MISSOURI
ILLINOIS $16,347 (9)
IN $13,834 (31)
OHIO $14,593 (23)
$18,056 (4) NEW YORK
$14,997 (20) PENNSYLVANIA
MAINE $13,720 (33)
VT
NH
MA
CT
RI
NJ
DE
MD
DC
$10,959 (49) WV
VIRGINIA $16,322 (10)
$11,950 (41) KENTUCKY
TENNESSEE $12,738 (37)
NO. CAROLINA $13,155 (34)
SO. CAROLINA $11,858 (42)
$14,030 (29) ARIZONA
NEW MEXICO $11,673 (45)
OKLAHOMA $12,520 (38)
ARKANSAS $11,343 (47)
$13,764 (32) TEXAS
LA $11,362 (46)
MS $10,204 (50)
$11,780 (44) ALABAMA
$14,096 (27) GEORGIA
$15,241 (19) FL
$17,886 (5) ALASKA
HAWAII $15,366 (16)
(Rank)

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

MEDIAN INCOME OF HOUSEHOLDS, FAMILIES, AND OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS BY COUNTY
SOUTH CAROLINA
1979

COUNTY	MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979	MEDIAN INCOME OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS	
			OWNER	RENTER
Abbeville	$13,735	$16,477	$15,308	$8,187
Aiken	16,006	18,429	18,206	10,008
Allendale	9,646	11,878	11,488	6,564
Anderson	15,435	17,587	17,415	9,567
Bamberg	10,486	12,241	11,928	6,744
Barnwell	12,640	14,832	15,489	8,028
Beaufort	15,490	17,044	18,198	12,230
Berkeley	16,200	17,562	18,393	12,331
Calhoun	12,527	14,926	14,212	7,048
Charleston	14,826	17,211	19,251	10,364
Cherokee	14,801	17,116	16,646	9,979
Chester	13,922	16,610	15,722	8,562
Chesterfield	12,277	14,410	13,556	8,747
Clarendon	11,108	12,652	13,130	5,691
Colleton	11,668	13,765	12,766	7,639
Darlington	12,989	15,523	16,029	7,855
Dillon	10,909	12,748	13,891	7,163
Dorchester	17,169	18,843	19,152	11,004
Edgefield	12,101	14,537	14,914	7,021
Fairfield	12,563	15,171	14,098	7,389
Florence	13,914	15,798	16,373	8,981
Georgetown	14,325	16,542	16,126	8,171
Greenville	15,998	18,810	19,242	10,743
Greenwood	14,612	17,868	17,572	9,292
Hampton	10,855	13,052	12,599	5,925
Horry	13,485	15,249	15,218	10,062
Jasper	10,804	12,695	11,491	7,261
Kershaw	15,077	17,493	17,122	9,658
Lancaster	15,756	18,047	18,048	10,185
Laurens	15,025	17,515	17,062	10,127
Lee	11,322	13,026	12,591	7,068
Lexington	18,253	20,562	20,555	12,167
McCormick	11,756	14,438	12,956	7,875
Marion	11,351	13,518	13,130	7,707
Marlboro	11,744	14,139	14,074	7,082
Newberry	14,389	17,379	16,057	9,149
Oconee	13,635	16,101	15,750	9,373
Orangeburg	11,520	13,659	13,427	7,690
Pickens	15,586	17,920	17,762	10,086
Richland	15,691	18,597	20,109	10,304
Saluda	12,103	14,364	13,526	8,057
Spartanburg	15,094	17,453	17,371	10,122
Sumter	12,191	14,078	15,396	8,642
Union	14,183	16,523	15,674	8,869
Williamsburg	11,758	13,383	12,928	7,157
York	17,075	19,336	19,614	11,242
TOTAL	$14,711	$16,978	$17,202	$9,912

SOURCE: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

POVERTY STATISTICS FOR PERSONS FOR WHOM POVERTY STATUS IS DETERMINED BY COUNTY
SOUTH CAROLINA
1979

	PERSONS FOR WHOM POVERTY STATUS IS DETERMINED 1/			
		INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		
COUNTY	TOTAL	TOTAL	PERCENT	65 YEARS & OVER
Abbeville	22,016	3,270	14.9	682
Aiken	104,742	13,583	13.0	2,245
Allendale	10,616	3,428	32.3	468
Anderson	131,790	16,491	12.5	3,565
Bamberg	17,233	4,685	27.2	563
Barnwell	19,644	3,861	19.7	618
Beaufort	57,158	9,751	17.1	1,040
Berkeley	93,786	13,533	14.4	1,337
Calhoun	12,192	2,683	22.0	392
Charleston	258,798	46,382	17.9	4,778
Cherokee	40,430	5,750	14.2	938
Chester	30,007	4,840	16.1	626
Chesterfield	37,963	7,418	19.5	1,386
Clarendon	27,263	7,985	29.3	1,143
Colleton	31,600	8.125	25.7	1,069
Darlington	61,871	14,271	23.1	1,713
Dillon	30,810	9,239	30.0	861
Dorchester	58,147	7,739	13.3	942
Edgefield	17,436	4,517	25.9	645
Fairfield	20,345	4,517	22.2	674
Florence	108,670	23,263	21.4	2,633
Georgetown	42,199	9,173	21.7	1,239
Greenville	279,700	33,024	11.8	5,912
Greenwood	56,753	7,800	13.7	1,307
Hampton	18,090	5,119	28.3	739
Horry	99,961	17,949	18.0	2,054
Jasper	14,319	4,150	29.0	581
Kershaw	38,758	6,347	16.4	1,134
Lancaster	52,926	5,930	11.2	1,152
Laurens	49,054	5,726	11.7	1,244
Lee	18,891	5,719	30.3	641
Lexington	138,953	13,227	9.5	1,724
McCormick	7,712	2,058	26.7	328
Marion	33,936	8,913	26.3	1,032
Marlboro	31,410	7,722	24.6	1,030
Newberry	30,501	3,843	12.6	1,157
Oconee	48,243	6,767	14.0	1,387
Orangeburg	79,039	21,110	26.7	2,478
Pickens	72,779	7,786	10.7	1,281
Richland	236,833	36,209	15.3	3,477
Saluda	15,959	3,536	22.2	648
Spartanburg	197,397	27,177	13.8	4,538
Sumter	85,216	20,029	23.5	2,191
Union	30,712	3,648	11.9	909
Williamsburg	38,076	10,663	28.0	1,337
York	103,773	11,407	11.0	1,897
TOTAL	3,013,707	500,363	16.6	69,735

1/ All persons except inmates of institutions, persons in military group quarters and in college dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 15 years old.

NOTE: The average poverty threshold for a family of four persons was $7,412 in 1979.

SOURCE: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL
ALL FAMILIES AND FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT
BY COUNTY IN SOUTH CAROLINA
1979

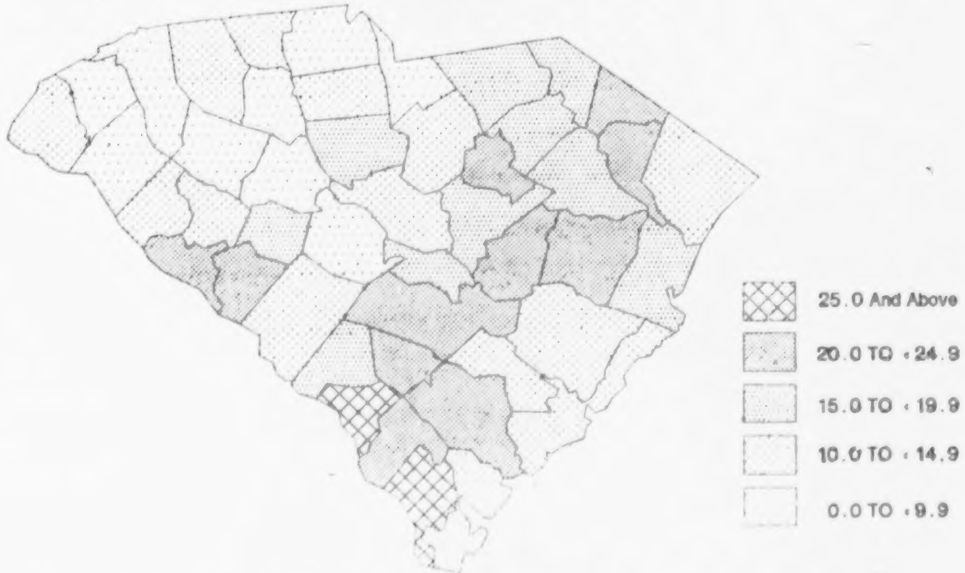
	ALL FAMILIES			FAMILIES WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT		
COUNTY	TOTAL	# BELOW POVERTY	% BELOW POVERTY	TOTAL	# BELOW POVERTY	% BELOW POVERTY
Abbeville	6,180	712	11.5	977	340	34.8
Aiken	29,120	3,047	10.5	4,025	1,345	33.4
Allendale	2,568	699	27.2	625	376	60.2
Anderson	37,698	3,672	9.7	4,747	1,255	26.4
Bamberg	4,409	961	21.8	891	447	50.2
Barnwell	5,114	800	15.6	954	360	37.7
Beaufort	15,695	2,086	13.3	2,178	996	45.7
Berkeley	24,509	2,997	12.2	2,611	1,245	47.7
Calhoun	3,083	534	17.3	476	181	38.0
Charleston	67,633	9,796	14.5	13,036	5,147	39.5
Cherokee	11,006	1,217	11.1	1,554	457	29.4
Chester	7,960	1,001	12.6	1,434	482	33.6
Chesterfield	10,218	1,625	15.9	1,783	637	35.7
Clarendon	6,820	1,681	24.6	1,516	647	42.7
Colleton	8,154	1,697	20.8	1,337	629	47.1
Darlington	16,165	2,990	18.5	2,976	1,379	46.3
Dillon	7,446	1,815	24.4	1,506	657	43.6
Dorchester	15,458	1,740	11.3	1,854	683	36.8
Edgefield	4,413	893	20.2	650	280	43.1
Fairfield	5,143	951	18.5	943	441	46.8
Florence	28,255	4,883	17.3	4,946	1,960	39.6
Georgetown	10,863	1,944	17.9	1,771	846	47.8
Greenville	78,166	7,088	9.1	11,074	3,188	28.8
Greenwood	15,593	1,622	10.4	2,348	713	30.4
Hampton	4,714	1,134	24.1	896	451	50.3
Horry	27,825	3,941	14.2	3,731	1,250	33.5
Jasper	3,620	929	25.7	804	415	51.6
Kershaw	10,571	1,378	13.0	1,477	503	34.1
Lancaster	14,406	1,245	8.6	1,871	536	28.7
Laurens	13,409	1,175	8.8	2,117	458	21.6
Lee	4,664	1,135	24.3	1,023	417	40.8
Lexington	38,371	2,901	7.6	4,514	1,120	24.8
McCormick	1,919	391	20.4	361	189	52.4
Marion	8,453	1,714	20.3	1,947	794	40.8
Marlboro	7,825	1,515	19.4	1,697	690	40.7
Newberry	8,458	804	9.5	1,250	255	20.4
Oconee	13,827	1,472	10.6	1,576	436	27.7
Orangeburg	20,400	4,630	22.7	4,191	2,157	51.5
Pickens	20,562	1,562	7.6	2,028	502	24.8
Richland	61,648	7,131	11.6	11,765	3,648	31.0
Saluda	4,285	777	18.1	658	241	36.6
Spartanburg	55,281	5,909	10.7	8,183	2,569	31.4
Sumter	22,190	4,288	19.3	4,112	1,947	47.4
Union	8,421	738	8.8	1,252	301	24.1
Williamsburg	9,255	2,126	23.0	1,712	882	51.5
York	28,201	2,381	8.4	3,745	1,015	27.1
TOTAL	809,974	105,727	13.1	127,122	45,467	35.8

SOURCE: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

MEDIAN INCOME FOR 4-PERSON FAMILIES BY STATE
1969 - 1985

STATE	1985	1984	1979	1974	1969
Alabama	$28,407	$26,595	$18,613	$12,805	$ 8,825
Alaska	42,897	44,017	31,037	19,368	13,048
Arizona	32,129	29,431	23,000	15,230	10,543
Arkansas	26,255	23,075	18,493	11,890	7,951
California	36,223	33,711	25,109	15,931	11,918
Colorado	35,214	34,154	25,228	15,629	10,612
Connecticut	40,677	39,070	24,410	16,476	12,668
Delaware	34,104	33,809	21,184	15,231	11,166
Florida	31,364	28,858	20,757	14,788	9,990
Georgia	31,907	29,623	21,578	13,666	9,650
Hawaii	34,636	33,445	24,582	17,069	12,411
Idaho	27,383	25,499	20,429	14,075	9,323
Illinois	34,374	33,126	24,265	16,350	11,912
Indiana	31,369	30,302	22,614	14,478	10,941
Iowa	29,425	28,650	22,567	14,371	10,173
Kansas	31,114	30,330	22,848	14,395	9,941
Kentucky	27,307	25,815	19,138	12,514	8,712
Louisiana	29,910	28,430	20,166	12,600	8,874
Maine	28,537	26,237	18,074	12,552	8,964
Maryland	40,055	38,132	24,686	16,650	11,988
Massachusetts	39,079	36,731	23,786	15,630	11,683
Michigan	33,908	32,365	24,422	16,174	11,955
Minnesota	34,376	33,807	24,409	15,792	11,029
Mississippi	25,716	23,660	17,672	11,562	7,825
Missouri	31,414	30,050	21,294	13,770	10,277
Montana	27,999	26,072	20,051	13,686	9,337
Nebraska	30,655	28,752	20,749	13,364	9,651
Nevada	32,314	31,059	25,457	15,357	11,565
New Hampshire	35,702	33,255	22,335	13,986	10,647
New Jersey	40,800	39,096	24,640	16,727	12,456
New Mexico	27,127	25,468	21,032	12,143	8,934
New York	34,478	32,665	21,082	15,169	11,654
North Carolina	30,290	27,995	19,648	13,183	9,104
North Dakota	28,993	28,901	19,520	15,005	8,736
Ohio	33,478	30,779	22,528	15,121	11,185
Oklahoma	29,050	28,856	20,852	12,645	9,219
Oregon	30,741	28,633	24,031	15,013	10,638
Pennsylvania	32,265	29,573	22,314	14,489	10,514
Rhode Island	34,154	32,066	21,636	14,404	10,721
SOUTH CAROLINA	29,417	27,810	20,154	13,055	8,939
South Dakota	26,153	25,391	19,209	12,824	8,582
Tennessee	27,917	26,603	19,437	12,788	8,781
Texas	32,189	31,031	23,416	13,924	9,998
Utah	29,634	27,497	21,250	14,003	9,910
Vermont	30,019	26,645	19,314	13,145	9,746
Virginia	35,353	33,480	22,976	15,130	10,256
Washington	32,791	31,585	24,410	15,401	11,392
West Virginia	26,170	25,316	18,876	12,569	8,514
Wisconsin	32,007	30,622	23,518	15,398	11,025
Wyoming	30,741	29,752	22,673	14,833	9,966
United States	$32,777	$31,097	$22,395	$14,747	$10,782

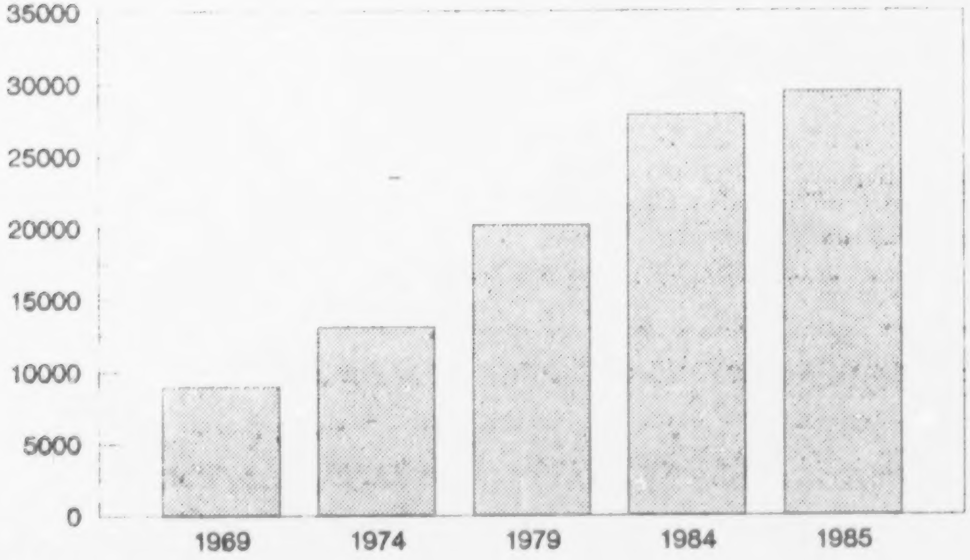
SOURCE: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census



PERCENT OF FAMILIES BELOW POVERTY
1979

25.0 And Above
20.0 TO <24.9
15.0 TO <19.9
10.0 TO <14.9
0.0 TO <9.9

SOURCE: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census



MEDIAN INCOME FOR 4-PERSON FAMILIES
SOUTH CAROLINA
1969, 1974, 1979, 1984, & 1985

SOURCE: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

EDUCATION

EDUCATION HIGHLIGHTS

During the 1986-87 school year there were 1,102 public schools (excludes kindergarten) in South Carolina, with an enrollment of 583,067. This enrollment represented a 1 percent increase from the previous school year. There were 248 private, special, and denominational schools in operation (excludes kindergarten) during the 1986-87 school year. Enrollment in the private schools declined to 38,311, down 7 percent from the previous school year.

The largest enrollment for the 1986-87 school year was in Greenville County public schools with 48,777. The highest private school enrollment was in Charleston County with 6,443. McCormick County public schools had the lowest enrollment with 1,539, while Lancaster County recorded the lowest enrollment in private schools with 45.

A total of 34,047 students graduated from public high schools in South Carolina in the spring of 1987. Of these graduates, 53 percent entered some type of post-secondary education institution in the fall of 1987. Entering gainful employment were 34 percent of the graduates, while 13 percent sought other activities.

During the 1986-87 school year, South Carolina students improved their performance on the Scholastic Aptitude Test (SAT). The mean test score for the verbal portion of the SAT was 397, up 2 points from the previous year and 19 points from the 1981-82 school year. The mean test score for the math portion of the SAT was 435, up 4 points from the previous year and 23 points from the 1981-82 school year.

Since the passage of the Education Improvement Act (EIA) in 1984, teachers' pay in public schools has increased by about 33 percent. In just the 1984-85 school year alone, classroom teachers saw a 16 percent increase in their salaries. In the 1986-87 school year, classroom teachers' salaries increased by seven percent over the previous level. South Carolina's teachers' salaries are now even with the Southeast average.

Turning to higher education, enrollment for all institutions was at 138,350 for fiscal year 1987, a 3 percent increase from 1986. This figure includes a 4 percent increase in enrollment for public institutions and a 0.2 percent decline for private institutions. Public senior colleges and universities enrolled 54 percent of South Carolina's college students.

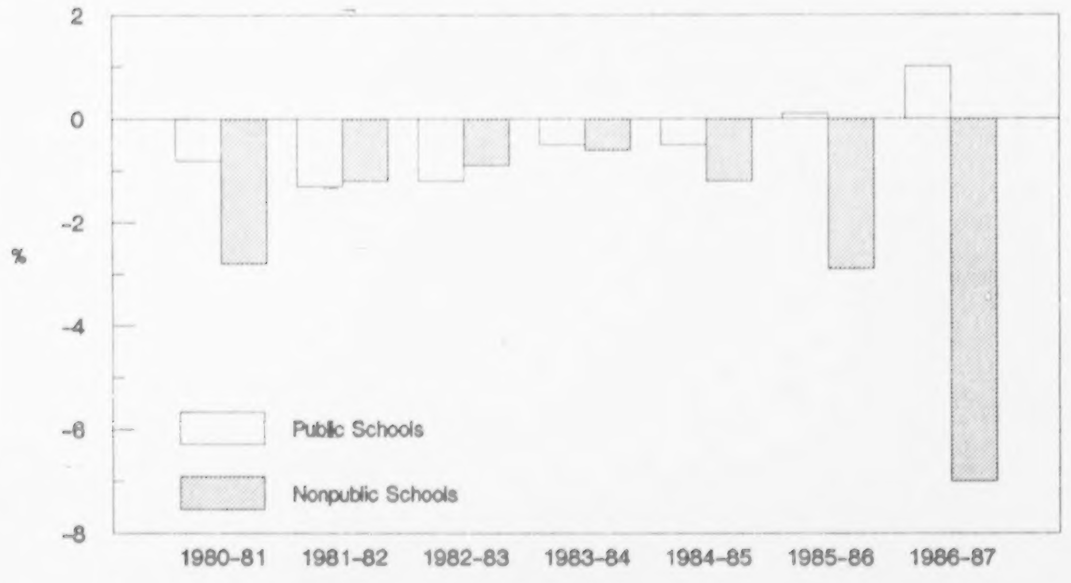
A total of 22,042 college degrees were awarded in fiscal year 1987. Of these degrees 12,562, or 57 percent, were bachelor's; 5,203, or 24 percent, were associate; 4,011, or 18 percent, were master's (includes specialist's); and 266, or 1 percent, were doctorate. Females received 55 percent of all degrees awarded.

NUMBER OF SCHOOLS AND TOTAL ENROLLMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA PUBLIC AND NONPUBLIC SCHOOLS GRADES 1-12, SPECIAL EDUCATION, AND UNGRADED
1974-75 THROUGH 1986-87

	Public Schools			Private, Special, and Denominational Schools		
School Year	Number	Enrollment	% Change in Enrollment From Previous Year	Number	Enrollment	% Change in Enrollment From Previous Year
1974-75	1,175	622,851	-0.8	187	42,958	+0.8
1975-76	1,168	620,003	-0.5	197	44,111	+2.7
1976-77	1,155	618,347	-0.3	207	44,733	+1.4
1977-78	1,155	618,281	-0.01	219	45,620	+2.0
1978-79	1,151	608,611	-1.6	233	46,222	+1.3
1979-80	1,147	602,882	-0.9	241	45,437	-1.7
1980-81	1.146	597,833	-0.8	244	44,182	-2.8
1981-82	1,140	590,050	-1.3	250	43,632	-1.2
1982-83	1,126	582,804	-1.2	254	43,246	-0.9
1983-84	1,117	579,696	-0.5	258	42,966	-0.6
1984-85	1.126	576,657	-0.5	258	42,437	-1.2
1985-86	1,113	577,480	+0.1	259	41,208	-2.9
1986-87	1,102	583,067	+1.0	248	38,311	-7.0

SOURCE: South Carolina Department of Education

CHANGE IN ENROLLMENT IN PUBLIC & NONPUBLIC SCHOOLS
1980-81 through 1986-87



SOURCE: South Carolina Department of Education

NUMBER OF PUBLIC AND PRIVATE SCHOOLS AND ENROLLMENT BY COUNTY (EXCLUDING KINDERGARTEN) SOUTH CAROLINA 1986-87

Counties	Public Schools		Private Schools	
	Number 1/	Enrollment	Number	Enrollment
Abbeville	11	3,667	3	179
Aiken	38	21,730	11	1,251
Allendale	5	2,269	1	170
Anderson	46	23,900	8	720
Bamberg	8	3,268	1	149
Barnwell	11	4,438	3	321
Beaufort	20	10,638	9	974
Berkeley	35	24,548	6	465
Calhoun	5	1,806	1	385
Charleston	69	39,841	32	6,443
Cherokee	19	8,192	3	174
Chester	13	6,352	3	58
Chesterfield	16	7,620	2	141
Clarendon	12	5,651	1	201
Colleton	14	6,352	4	404
Darlington	26	12,428	4	333
Dillon	14	6,951	1	187
Dorchester	18	13,998	6	720
Edgefield	7	3,468	1	140
Fairfield	9	3,992	1	327
Florence	39	21,904	12	1,659
Georgetown	18	9,654	6	549
Greenville	91	48,777	28	5,108
Greenwood	21	10,777	4	506
Hampton	9	4,024	1	234
Horry	35	22,230	9	1,070
Jasper	3	2,677	3	774
Kershaw	18	8,435	5	342
Lancaster	22	10,257	1	45
Laurens	16	8,683	2	332
Lee	8	3,359	2	332
Lexington	47	33,330	8	800
McCormick	3	1,539	1	170
Marion	17	7,204	2	356
Marlboro	17	6,233	1	262
Newberry	18	5,948	2	210
Oconee	23	9,608	3	96
Orangeburg	35	14,653	10	2,515
Pickens	27	13,652	5	321
Richland	65	37,643	17	3,459
Saluda	4	2,169	2	245
Spartanburg	67	36,067	7	894
Sumter	24	16,820	8	2,574
Union	11	5,531	1	70
Williamsburg	15	7,494	1	540
York	38	21,623	6	1,106
Special Districts and Schools	15	1,667	N/A	N/A
TOTALS	1,102	583,067	248	38,311

1/ Includes single- and multi-district area vocational centers.

SOURCE: South Carolina Department of Education

ADULT EDUCATION ENROLLMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA COUNTIES
1982-83 through 1986-87

Counties	1982-83	1983-84	1984-85	1985-86	1986-87
Abbeville	310	298	327	324	241
Aiken	1,496	1,513	1,390	1,368	1,235
Allendale	150	902	1,086	899	888
Anderson	1,109	1,019	1,064	1,193	1,261
Bamberg	316	1/	1/	1/	1/
Barnwell	388	1/	1/	1/	1/
Beaufort	620	535	469	489	637
Berkeley	1,231	1,494	1,764	1,646	1,545
Calhoun	183	142	113	82	2/
Charleston	3,245	3,366	3,429	2,945	3,128
Cherokee	321	471	651	822	825
Chester	319	200	194	258	259
Chesterfield	1,851	1,856	1,653	1,558	1,345
Clarendon	274	207	274	543	708
Colleton	351	406	410	313	379
Darlington	1,365	1,109	916	764	811
Dillon	684	714	847	839	761
Dorchester	337	326	320	368	658
Edgefield	124	173	205	514	510
Fairfield	293	158	107	302	394
Florence	2,947	2,854	3,477	3,741	3,951
Georgetown	558	584	515	555	569
Greenville	5,711	4,221	3,477	5,065	3,458
Greenwood	295	421	363	451	804
Hampton	499	459	421	406	348
Horry	1,697	1,869	1,912	1,781	1,385
Jasper	218	161	143	141	164
Kershaw	600	886	1,032	1,461	1,607
Lancaster	811	891	960	990	902
Laurens	931	1,157	1,078	1,188	1,196
Lee	360	382	315	289	284
Lexington	1,733	1,404	1,171	1,191	1,328
McCormick	56	44	49	3/	3/
Marion	1,542	1,340	1,180	1,064	1,309
Marlboro	1,057	1,213	1,034	1,057	1,044
Newberry	218	178	167	148	135
Oconee	1,096	966	1,008	1,055	998
Orangeburg	1,405	1,374	1,145	1,211	1,192
Pickens	1,173	1,059	917	1,100	983
Richland	5,508	5,082	4,486	4,231	4,412
Saluda	48	51	3/	3/	3/
Spartanburg	2,155	1,953	1,789	1,899	1,271
Sumter	1,935	2,356	2,015	1,821	2,221
Union	376	406	300	328	378
Williamsburg	1,188	1,166	1,039	1,210	1,236
York	617	562	1,170	1,130	1,344
Other Agencies	27,798	23,508	23,304	23,464	20,416
TOTALS	77,499	71,436	69,686	72,204	68,420

1/ Included in Allendale County figure.
2/ Included in Orangeburg County figure.
3/ Included in Edgefield County figure.

SOURCE: South Carolina Department of Education

SOUTH CAROLINA HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENT, DROPOUTS, GRADUATES, AND PERCENT GRADUATES ENTERING POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION 1/ OR GAINFUL EMPLOYMENT 2/ BY COUNTY
1986-87

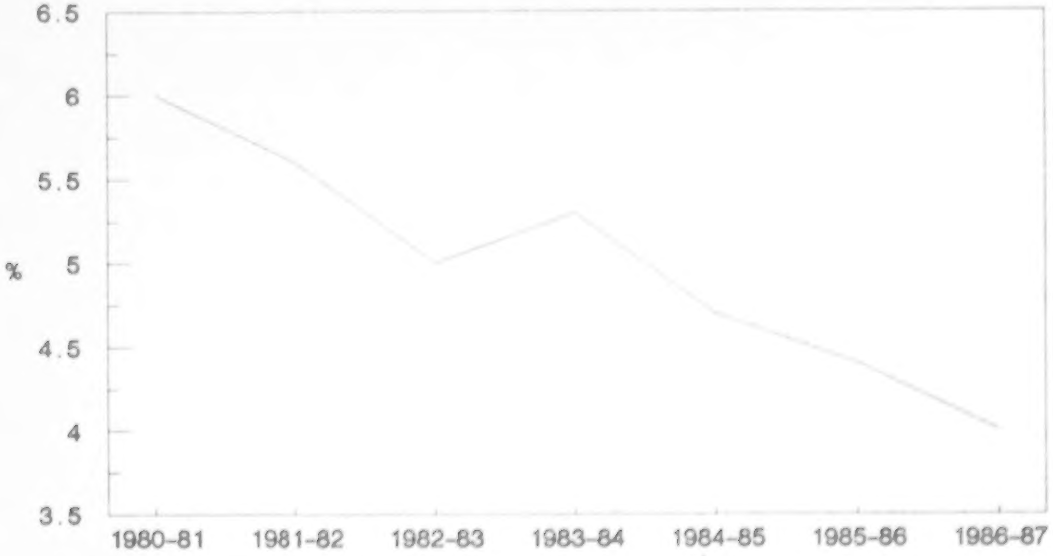
County	Enrollment Grades 9-12 1986-87	Dropouts Grades 9-12		Graduates Spring 1987		
		Number	Percent	Number	% Entering Postsecondary Education Fall 1987	% Entering Gainful Employment Fall 1987
Abbeville	1,248	60	4.8	221	60.7	21.6
Aiken	6,949	339	4.9	1,313	57.5	29.5
Allendale	694	37	5.3	129	29.4	41.8
Anderson	7,839	296	3.8	1,382	51.5	37.8
Bamberg	1,089	46	4.2	213	53.5	39.0
Barnwell	1,423	67	4.7	269	40.5	37.6
Beaufort	3,243	97	3.0	557	54.2	32.3
Berkeley	7,474	343	4.6	1,347	44.9	40.0
Calhoun	571	14	2.5	98	42.8	43.9
Charleston	11,344	598	5.3	1,925	54.8	32.6
Cherokee	2,658	150	5.6	486	50.4	40.8
Chester	2,072	99	4.8	397	47.3	31.5
Chesterfield	2,412	99	4.1	450	44.8	46.8
Clarendon	1,909	69	3.6	364	53.5	36.2
Colleton	2,028	84	4.1	391	34.5	7.7
Darlington	3,843	173	4.5	659	46.7	36.0
Dillon	2,019	107	5.3	376	34.4	54.8
Dorchester	4,327	162	3.7	818	59.1	21.8
Edgefield	1,005	42	4.2	208	41.3	20.2
Fairfield	1,217	50	4.1	206	17.5	64.1
Florence	6,610	341	5.2	1,200	56.8	27.3
Georgetown	2,850	159	5.6	522	50.2	39.4
Greenville	15,730	322	2.0	2,856	66.6	26.5
Greenwood	3,604	129	3.6	693	56.9	36.1
Hampton	1,256	53	4.2	245	51.0	36.7
Horry	7,360	203	2.8	1,289	57.4	27.2
Jasper	745	27	3.6	117	44.4	45.3
Kershaw	2,824	112	4.0	496	48.4	32.3
Lancaster	3,216	177	5.5	584	50.0	34.8
Laurens	2,762	119	4.3	531	48.5	40.3
Lee	1,034	29	2.8	175	41.8	40.5
Lexington	11,333	256	2.3	2,268	63.2	29.4
McCormick	542	20	3.7	102	42.2	48.1
Marion	2,095	57	2.7	379	39.6	49.4
Marlboro	1,943	46	2.4	364	38.4	52.5
Newberry	1,970	106	5.4	335	54.7	37.3
Oconee	3,184	183	5.7	621	49.9	45.0
Orangeburg	4,790	170	3.6	858	52.0	32.7
Pickens	4,454	177	4.0	899	46.3	36.6
Richland	12,609	526	4.2	2,304	62.3	29.2
Saluda	697	20	2.9	146	43.2	30.9
Spartanburg	11,862	593	5.0	2,294	55.1	32.3
Sumter	5,252	208	4.0	1,003	40.3	48.0
Union	1,746	64	3.7	312	49.7	28.5
Williamsburg	2,274	63	2.8	393	36.9	49.4
York	7,025	374	5.3	1,252	55.6	29.2
TOTALS	185,131	7,466	4.0	34,047	53.3	33.7

1/ Includes two- and four-year colleges/universities, technical and trade schools, business/commercial schools, beauty/barber colleges, and other schools offering educational programs beyond the high school level.

2/ Includes the armed services.

SOURCE: South Carolina Department of Education

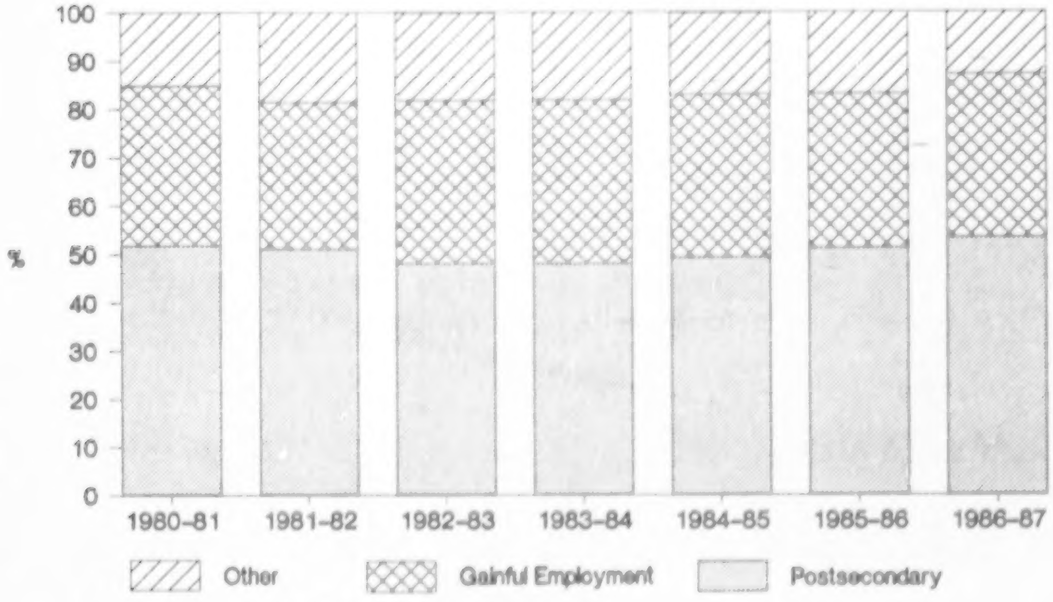
DROPOUT RATE IN SOUTH CAROLINA*
1980-81 through 1986-87



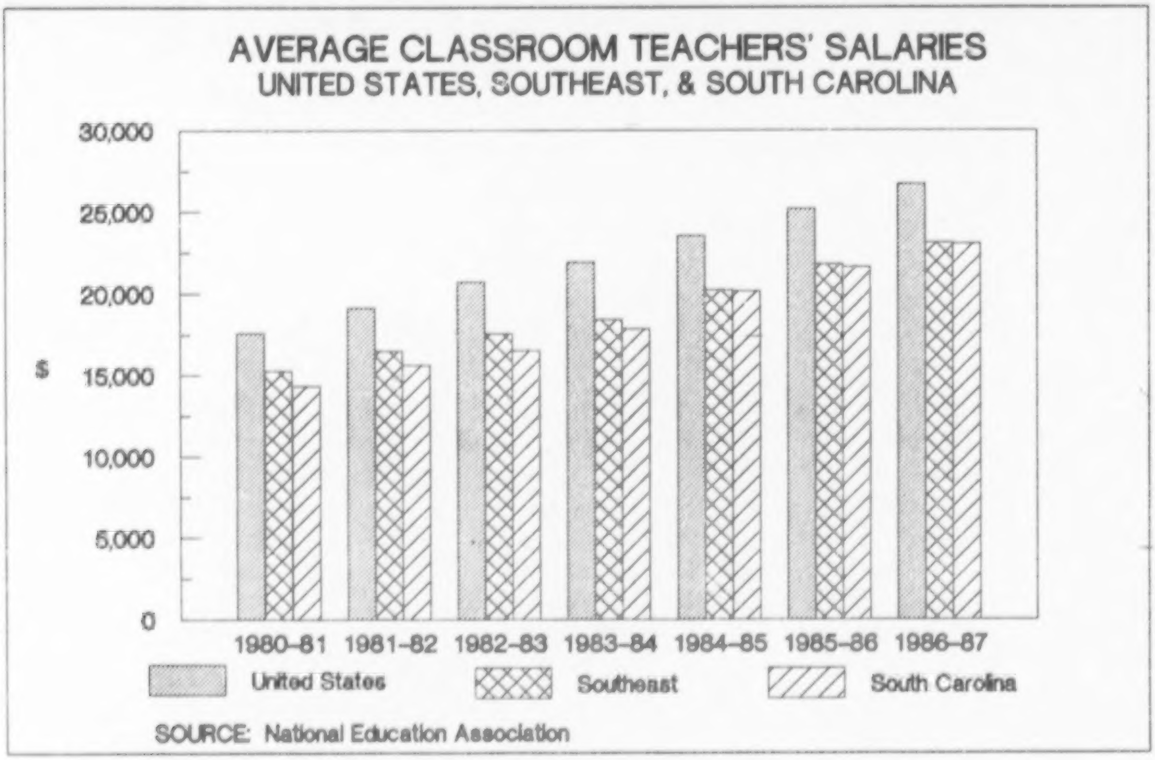
*Percent of enrollment dropping out in grades 9-12.

SOURCE: South Carolina Department of Education

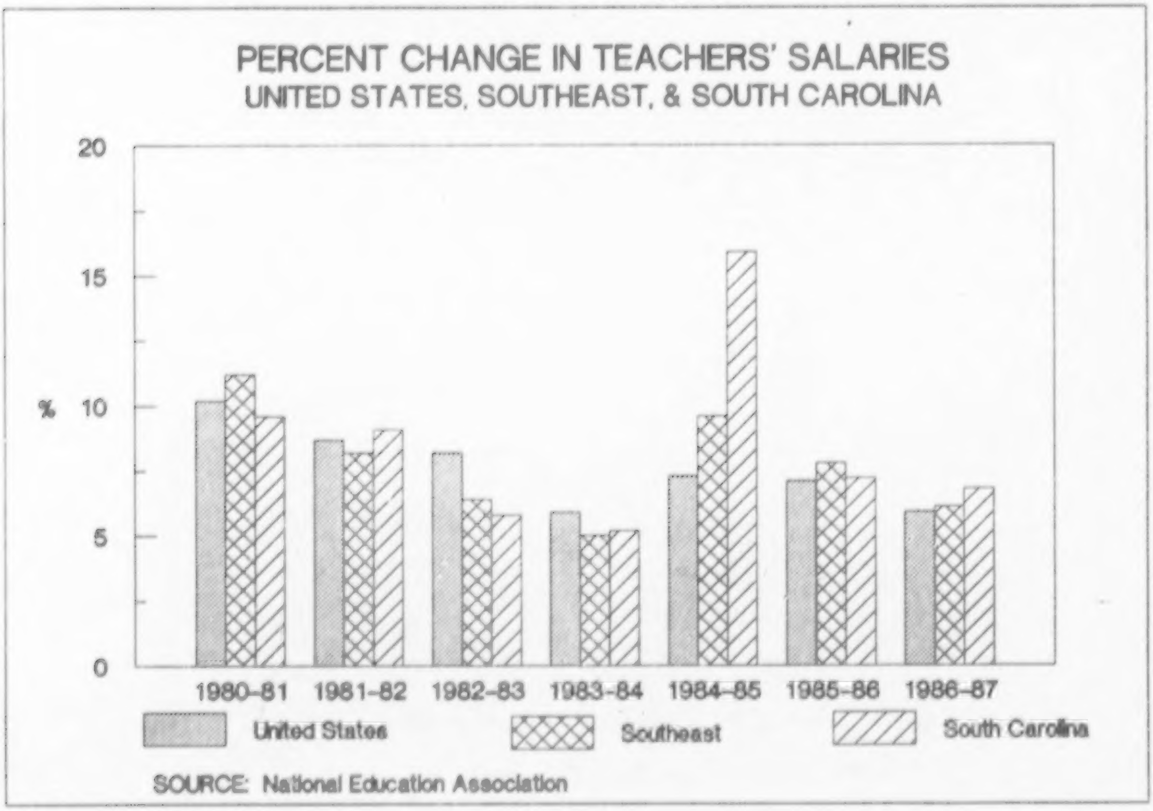
PERCENT OF GRADUATES ENTERING POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION, GAINFUL EMPLOYMENT, AND OTHER
1980-81 through 1986-87



SOURCE: South Carolina Department of Education


AVERAGE CLASSROOM TEACHERS' SALARIES
UNITED STATES, SOUTHEAST, & SOUTH CAROLINA

SOURCE: National Education Association


PERCENT CHANGE IN TEACHERS' SALARIES
UNITED STATES, SOUTHEAST, & SOUTH CAROLINA

SOURCE: National Education Association

SCHOLASTIC APTITUDE TEST SCORE MEANS
SOUTH CAROLINA AND THE UNITED STATES

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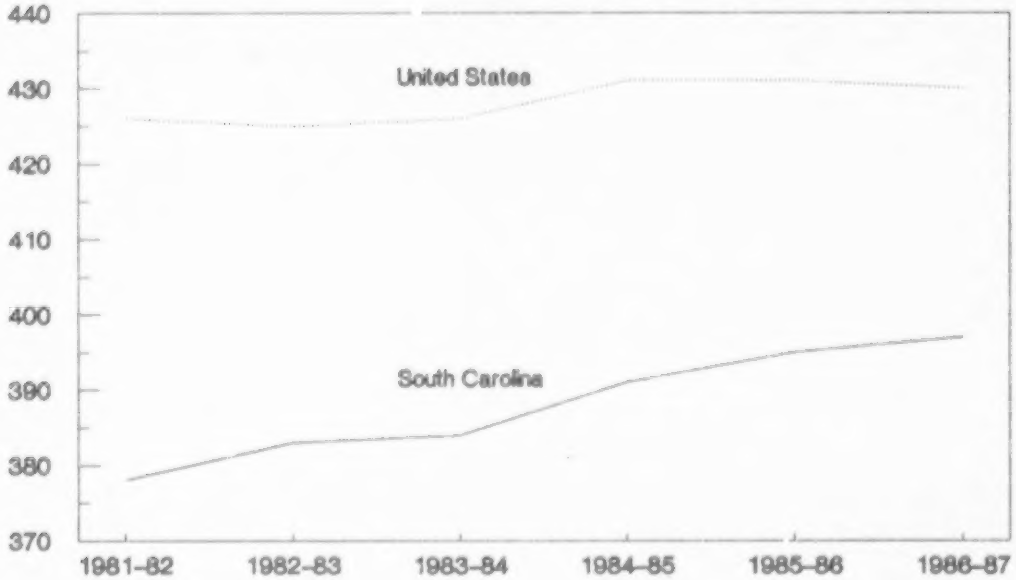

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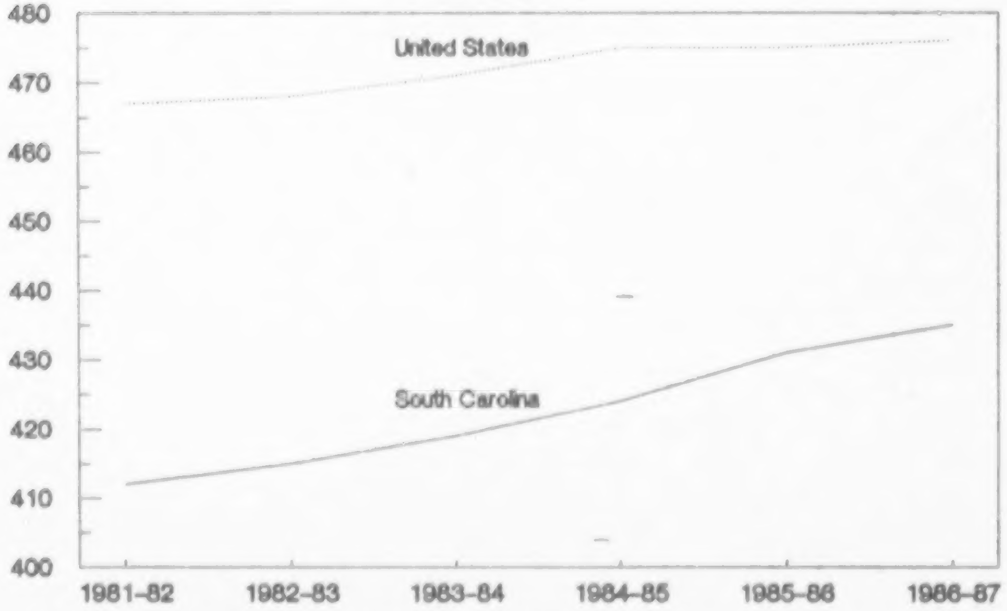
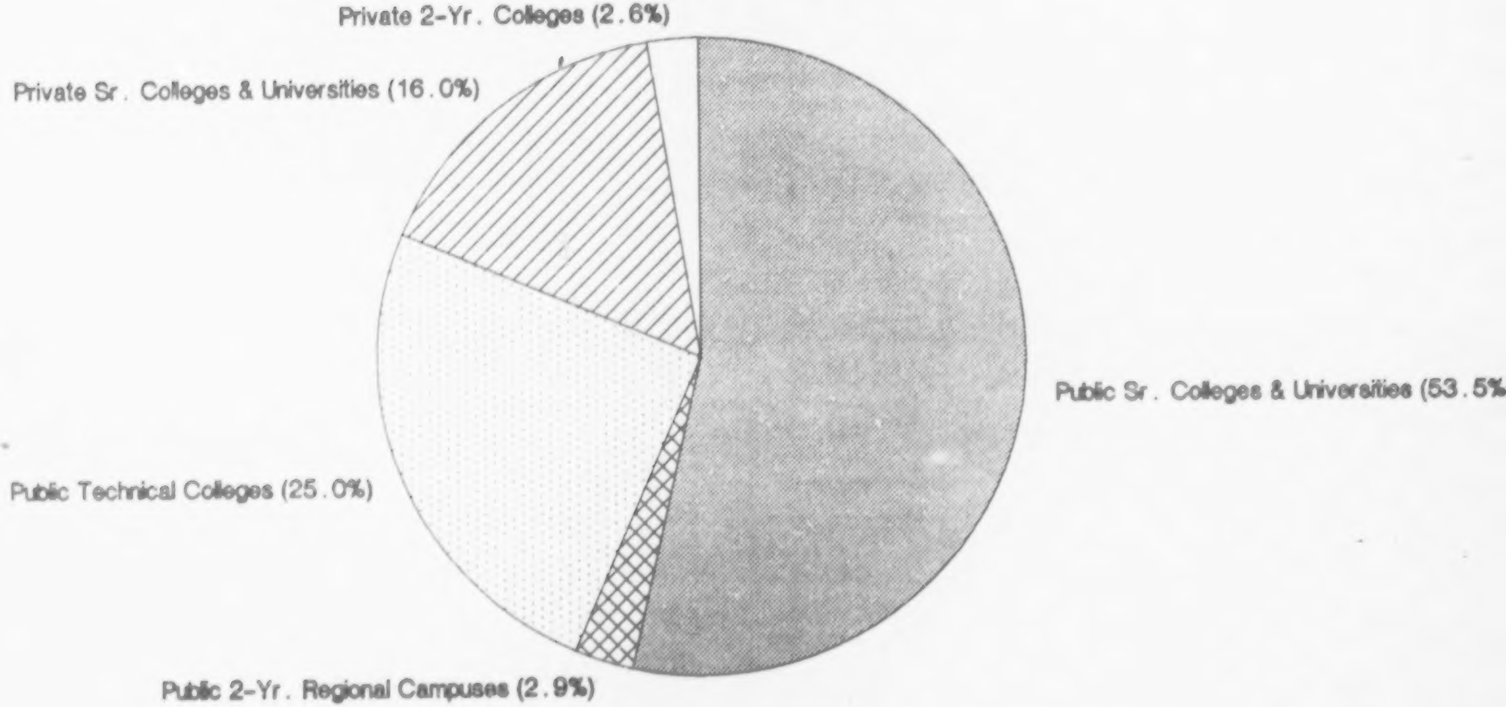


SOURCE: South Carolina Department of Education

OPENING ENROLLMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA
COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES
FALL 1987

Total Enrollment: 138,350



SOURCE: South Carolina Commission on Higher Education

HEAD COUNT ENROLLMENTS IN SOUTH CAROLINA PUBLIC SENIOR COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES
FALL 1986 - FALL 1987

College/University	Fall 1986	Fall 1987	Percent Change 1986-1987
Clemson University	13,062	13,865	6.1
College of Charleston	5,531	5,767	4.3
Francis Marion College	3,673	3,864	5.2
Lander College	2,276	2,262	-0.6
Medical University of S.C.	2,468	2,435	-1.3
S. C. State College	3,869	4,109	6.2
The Citadel	3,339	3,502	4.9
University of S. C.	34,857	37,071	6.4
Aiken	2,068	2,350	13.6
Coastal Carolina	3,176	3,650	14.9
Columbia	22,965	23,946	4.3
Spartanburg	2,956	3,083	4.3
Two-Year Branches	3,692	4,042	9.5
Winthrop College	5,323	5,217	-2.0
TOTAL ENROLLMENT	74,398	78,092	5.0

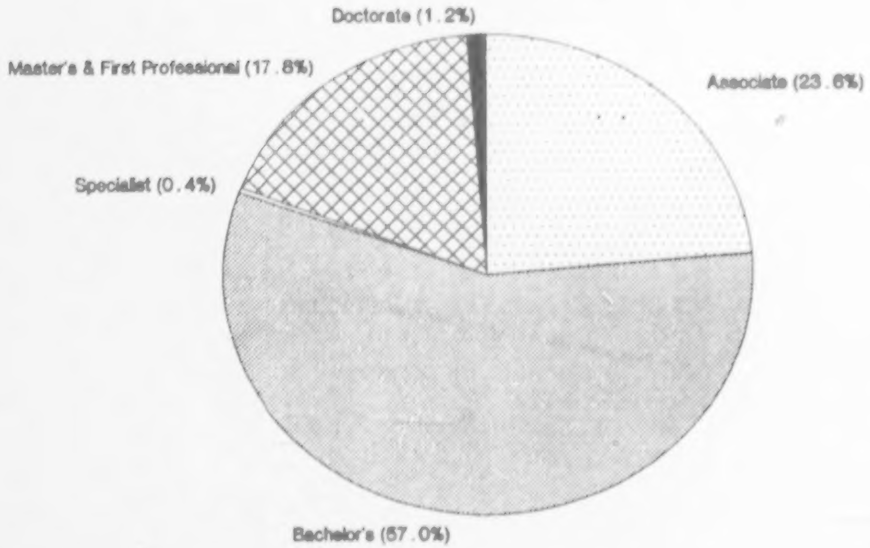
SOURCE: South Carolina Commission on Higher Education

TOTAL DEGREES AWARDED IN SOUTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION AND TYPE OF DEGREE FISCAL YEARS 1983 - 1987

Degrees Awarded	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
TOTAL, ALL INSTITUTIONS	22,396	22,252	21,603	21,971	22,042
Public Institutions	16,408	16,697	16,680	17,126	16,636
Senior Colleges & Universities	12,573	12,550	12,813	13,186	12,864
Associate	571	552	510	409	173
Bachelor's	8,583	8,726	8,970	9,335	9,075
Master's & First Professional	3,216	3,070	3,121	3,194	3,301
Specialist	NA	NA	NA	NA	68
Doctorate	203	202	212	248	247
Regional Campuses - Associate	353	361	314	291	323
Technical Colleges - Associate	3,482	3,786	3,553	3,649	3,449
Private Institutions	5,988	5,555	4,923	4,845	5,406
Associate	1,560	1,288	865	761	1,258
Bachelor's	3,754	3,670	3,439	3,480	3,487
Master's & First Professional	672	591	607	594	632
Specialist	NA	NA	NA	NA	10
Doctorate	7	6	12	10	19

SOURCE: South Carolina Commission on Higher Education

DEGREES AWARDED IN SOUTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES FISCAL YEAR 1987



SOURCE: South Carolina Commission on Higher Education

TOTAL DEGREES AWARDED BY SOUTH CAROLINA COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES
BY RACE, SEX, AND TYPE OF DEGREE
FISCAL YEAR 1987

Race/Sex	Associate Degrees	Bachelor's Degrees	Master's/ First Professional Degrees 1/	Doctoral Degrees	Total
TOTAL	5,203	12,562	4,011	266	22,042
percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
White Male	1,420	4,968	1,458	121	7,967
percent	27.3	39.5	36.4	45.5	36.1
White Female	2,056	5,407	1,918	73	9,454
percent	39.5	43.0	47.8	27.4	42.9
Black Male	574	721	81	9	1,385
percent	11.0	5.7	2.0	3.4	6.3
Black Female	947	1,152	294	9	2,402
percent	18.2	9.2	7.3	3.4	10.9
Other Male	86	192	201	47	526
percent	1.7	1.5	5.0	17.7	2.4
Other Female	120	122	59	7	308
percent	2.3	1.0	1.5	2.6	1.4
Total White	3,476	10,375	3,376	194	17,421
percent	66.8	82.6	84.2	72.9	79.0
Total Black	1,521	1,873	375	18	3,787
percent	29.2	14.9	9.3	6.8	17.2
Total Other	206	314	260	54	834
percent	4.0	2.5	6.5	20.3	3.8
Total Male	2,080	5,881	1,740	177	9,878
percent	40.0	46.8	43.4	66.5	44.8
Total Female	3,123	6,681	2,271	89	12,164
percent	60.0	53.2	56.6	33.5	55.2

1/ Includes Specialist.

SOURCE: South Carolina Commission of Higher Education

PROJECTIONS

POPULATION
2000

South Carolina's population is expected to grow by nearly one million between 1980 and 2000. Growth will be fairly consistent, averaging about 50,000 each year. The rate of growth will slow from 16 percent in the 1980's to 14 percent in the 1990's.

Several observations can be made about age groups within the population. First, the population is maturing. The largest single age group in 1980 was 15-24 years old; by 1990, the 25-34 age group will be the largest; and, by the year 2000, the largest age group will be 35-44. The 15-24 age group accounted for over 20 percent of the population in 1980. By 2000, the 15-24 age group will account for only 14 percent of the population.

The 15-24 age group will decline over the 1980-2000 period. This age group will constitute the smallest age group in 1995. Then it will start increasing by 2000. This group will decline due to "baby-boomers" postponing marriage and children. The shrinking of the younger population will impact education, businesses catering to young people, and the make-up of the entry-level labor force.

Significant changes are expected within the 35-54 age group, with growth projected at 57 percent in the 1980's and 60 percent in the 1990's. A 151 percent increase is projected between 1980 and 2000 for the 35-54 nonwhite population, compared to 93 percent for the total 35-54 age group.

The nonwhite population will grow almost 40 percent between 1980 and 2000. Blacks and other minorities made up 31 percent of the 1980 population. Growing one percentage point each decade, the nonwhites will account for 33 percent of the 2000 population.

The female population will grow nearly 31 percent between 1980 and 2000. Despite this gain, women will account for a slightly lower share of the population in 2000. The largest female age group in 1980 was 15-24. In 1990, the largest age group will be 25-34, and by 2000, the 35-44 age group will be the largest. Growth in the prime working-age female population will lead to increased demand for services related to convenience and child care. In 1980 the largest age group for the nonwhite female population was 25-34. By 1990, the largest age group for this segment of the population will again be 25-34, and 35-44 in the year 2000.

The county with the largest projected population growth rate between 1980 and 2000 is Dorchester at 135 percent, with Beaufort close behind at 132 percent. Of all 46 counties, Greenville had the largest population in 1980 (287,913) and is projected to have the largest in 2000 (342,500). The only county in South Carolina with a projected decline in population by 2000 is McCormick at six percent. McCormick will also have the smallest population by the year 2000.

SOUTH CAROLINA POPULATION PROJECTIONS BY AGE, RACE, & SEX
1990, 1995, & 2000

	WHITE		NONWHITE		
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
			1990		
0-4	84,900	81,100	53,600	52,900	272,600
5-9	84,400	81,300	55,200	54,600	275,500
10-14	79,000	74,300	50,000	48,300	251,500
15-19	89,900	82,000	51,900	49,900	273,700
20-24	98,000	89,300	51,700	50,600	289,700
25-29	115,400	104,100	57,800	57,300	334,600
30-34	113,200	104,700	50,300	56,500	324,600
35-39	96,800	97,000	43,900	49,900	287,600
40-44	91,000	91,100	34,200	38,000	254,300
45-49	74,000	73,700	22,900	26,700	197,300
50-54	58,800	61,600	17,200	21,800	159,400
55-59	55,100	59,300	14,600	19,900	148,800
60-64	51,400	58,600	13,400	19,500	142,800
65-69	48,400	58,700	12,100	17,600	136,900
70-74	35,100	46,600	10,100	15,100	106,900
75-79	22,400	36,000	7,700	13,500	79,600
80-84	11,900	25,100	4,000	8,200	49,200
85+	6,800	20,900	2,600	6,600	36,900
TOTAL	1,217,000	1,245,000	553,000	607,000	3,622,000
			1995		
0-4	84,700	80,900	54,800	54,100	274,400
5-9	85,900	82,800	54,700	54,000	277,400
10-14	87,100	82,800	57,400	56,000	283,200
15-19	84,900	77,800	51,800	49,200	263,600
20-24	97,000	87,200	51,300	49,100	284,600
25-29	100,000	92,100	51,300	50,700	294,100
30-34	118,100	107,400	59,700	60,800	346,100
35-39	114,100	107,200	52,200	58,200	331,700
40-44	98,600	99,200	45,100	51,200	294,000
45-49	91,100	92,500	34,000	38,100	255,800
50-54	74,400	74,600	22,200	26,700	198,100
55-59	58,600	62,600	16,200	21,200	158,600
60-64	53,600	59,300	13,300	19,000	145,200
65-69	48,700	58,100	11,800	18,000	136,700
70-74	41,900	54,400	9,900	15,700	121,900
75-79	26,900	41,100	7,700	13,100	88,900
80-84	15,400	29,900	5,200	10,700	61,200
85+	9,700	28,900	3,400	8,700	50,700
TOTAL	1,291,000	1,319,000	602,000	655,000	3,866,000
			2000		
0-4	82,800	79,100	54,800	54,100	270,700
5-9	86,300	83,200	56,100	55,400	281,000
10-14	89,100	84,700	57,100	55,600	286,500
15-19	94,700	87,000	59,900	57,200	298,800
20-24	92,500	83,300	51,500	48,600	275,800
25-29	99,600	90,600	51,100	49,300	290,700
30-34	103,000	95,900	53,300	54,000	306,300
35-39	120,100	110,800	62,400	62,900	356,200
40-44	115,900	110,000	53,900	59,800	339,600
45-49	99,000	101,000	45,200	51,600	296,800
50-54	92,300	94,200	33,300	38,300	258,100
55-59	74,500	76,300	21,100	26,200	198,100
60-64	57,500	63,000	14,900	20,500	155,900
65-69	51,600	59,300	11,900	17,800	140,500
70-74	42,700	54,600	9,800	16,100	123,200
75-79	32,500	48,500	7,600	13,800	102,400
80-84	18,900	35,000	5,300	10,600	69,700
85+	13,200	38,100	4,500	11,900	67,700
TOTAL	1,366,000	1,394,000	654,000	704,000	4,118,000

SOURCE: S.C. Division of Research and Statistical Services, State Data Center

POPULATION OF SOUTH CAROLINA COUNTIES
1900 - 2000

COUNTY	1900 CENSUS	1920 CENSUS	1940 CENSUS	1960 CENSUS	1980 CENSUS	2000 PROJECTION
Abbeville	33,400	27,139 2/	22,931	21,417	22,627	26,900
Aiken	39,032	45,574	49,916	53,137	105,625	136,600
Allendale	1/	16,098	13,040	11,362	10,700	12,200
Anderson	55,728	76,349	88,712	98,478	133,235	167,600
Bamberg	17,296	20,962	18,643	16,274	18,118	18,400
Barnwell	35,504	23,081 2/	20,138	17,659	19,868	24,600
Beaufort	35,495	22,269 2/	22,037	44,187	65,364	151,400
Berkeley	30,454	22,558 2/	27,128	38,196	94,727	203,600
Calhoun	1/	18,384	16,229	12,256	12,206	13,300
Charleston	88,006	108,450	121,105	216,382	276,974	327,300
Cherokee	21,359	27,570	33,290	35,205	40,983	48,400
Chester	28,616	33,389	32,579	30,888	30,148	30,900
Chesterfield	20,401	31,969	35,963	33,717	31,161	41,200
Clarendon	28,184	34,878	31,500	29,490	27,464	34,700
Colleton	33,452	29,897 2/	26,268	27,816	31,776	41,900
Darlington	32,388	39,126	45,198	52,928	62,717	67,700
Dillon	1/	25,278	29,625	30,584	31,083	39,200
Dorchester	16,294	19,459	19,928	24,383	58,761	138,200
Edgefield	25,478	23,928 2/	17,894	15,735	17,528	23,800
Fairfield	29,425	27,159 2/	24,187	20,713	20,700	22,900
Florence	28,474	50,406	70,582	84,438	110,163	127,900
Georgetown	22,846	21,716	26,352	34,798	42,461	65,100
Greenville	53,490	88,498	136,580	209,776	287,913	342,500
Greenwood	28,343	35,791	40,083	44,346	57,847	69,200
Hampton	23,738	19,550 2/	17,465	17,425	18,159	21,400
Horry	23,364	32,077	51,951	68,247	101,419	225,800
Jasper	1/	9,868	11,011	12,237	14,504	20,500
Kershaw	24,696	29,398	32,913	33,585	39,015	52,400
Lancaster	24,311	28,628	33,542	39,352	53,361	62,900
Laurens	37,382	42,560	44,185	47,609	52,214	57,300
Lee	1/	26,827	24,908	21,832	18,929	19,700
Lexington	27,264	35,676	35,994	60,726	140,353	206,900
McCormick	1/	16,444	10,367	8,629	7,797	7,300
Marion	35,181	23,721 2/	30,107	32,014	34,179	36,400
Marlboro	27,639	33,180	33,281	28,529	31,634	36,500
Newberry	30,182	35,552	33,577	29,416	31,242	34,700
Oconee	23,634	30,117	36,512	40,204	48,611	63,800
Orangeburg	59,663	64,907	63,707	68,559	82,276	98,400
Pickens	19,375	28,329	37,111	46,030	79,292	96,900
Richland	45,589	78,122	104,843	200,102	269,735	323,200
Saluda	18,966	22,088	17,192	14,554	16,150	19,100
Spartanburg	65,560	94,265	127,733	156,830	201,861	221,800
Sumter	51,237	43,040 2/	52,463	74,941	88,243	111,700
Union	25,501	30,372	31,360	30,015	30,751	32,100
Williamsburg	31,685	38,539	41,011	40,932	38,226	45,700
York	41,684	50,536	58,663	78,760	106,720	147,600
TOTAL	1,340,316	1,683,724	1,899,804	2,382,594	3,121,820	4,118,000

1/ County was not organized in 1900.
2/ Part of county annexed.

SOURCE: U.S Department Commerce, Bureau of the Census, and S.C. Division of Research and Statistical Services.

LABOR FORCE
1989

South Carolina's labor force is expected to grow by 20,500 between 1987 and 1989. This growth should represent a 1.3 percent increase over the period.

The largest group in the labor force during 1987 was 25-34 years of age, and should be so through 1989. The 25-34 year olds are expected to add nearly 25,000 more members to the labor force over the two-year period. Their unemployment rate is projected to be 4.8 percent, down 0.9 percentage point from the 1987 rate of 5.7 percent.

The traditional entry-level workers, those between 16 and 19 years of age, accounted for 7.0 percent of the labor force in 1987 and are expected to represent 7.3 percent in 1989. These younger workers should increase by nearly 6,500 over the two-year period. By 1989, their unemployment rate is expected to decline to 13.4 percent. Despite this projected improvement, their unemployment rate is expected to remain the highest of all age groups.

The nonwhite labor force should increase 2.4 percent by 1989. Nonwhites made up 26.9 percent of labor force in 1987, and, by 1989, they are projected to reach 27.2 percent. Nonwhite males are expected to fare better than females, with projected unemployment rates of 7.4 percent and 10.2 percent, respectively.

The number of women in the labor force is expected to show a slight decrease between 1987 and 1989; however, as a group they will continue to represent 45 percent of the labor force. The largest female age group in 1987 was 25-34. This age group is expected to remain the largest in 1989, as it should increase by 11,000, or 5.0 percent, during the two-year period. Nonwhite females aged 16-19 are expected to have the highest unemployment rate (27.3%) of any group.

Among the state's 46 counties, Greenville had the largest labor force in 1987 (165,770) and is projected to have the largest in 1989 (165,610). Lexington County had the lowest unemployment rate in 1987 (3.2%) and is projected to have the lowest rate in 1989 (3.0%). The highest unemployment rate in 1989 should be found in McCormick County (11.8%).

SOUTH CAROLINA LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND UNEMPLOYMENT
BY AGE, RACE & SEX
PROJECTED 1989

	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE
TOTAL	1,652,500	1,568,300	84,200	5.1%
16-19	121,440	105,160	16,280	13.4%
20-24	249,200	229,020	20,180	8.1%
25-29	248,800	235,190	13,610	5.5%
30-34	226,960	217,880	9,080	4.0%
35-44	327,200	316,090	11,110	3.4%
45-54	257,930	250,260	7,670	3.0%
55-59	109,670	106,630	3,040	2.8%
60-64	66,230	64,470	1,760	2.7%
65+	45,060	43,590	1,470	3.3%
WHITE MALE	684,370	662,360	22,010	3.2%
16-19	49,880	45,040	4,840	9.7%
20-24	91,490	86,780	4,710	5.1%
25-29	95,390	92,290	3,100	3.2%
30-34	93,350	91,330	2,020	2.2%
35-44	140,340	137,440	2,900	2.1%
45-54	113,920	111,650	2,270	2.0%
55-59	50,250	49,250	1,000	2.0%
60-64	29,680	29,040	640	2.2%
65+	20,070	19,540	530	2.6%
WHITE FEMALE	518,580	495,730	22,850	4.4%
16-19	39,260	34,890	4,370	11.1%
20-24	79,290	74,440	4,850	6.1%
25-29	74,740	71,260	3,480	4.7%
30-34	67,640	65,110	2,530	3.7%
35-44	104,790	101,500	3,290	3.1%
45-54	83,720	81,290	2,430	2.9%
55-59	35,650	34,660	990	2.8%
60-64	20,590	20,050	540	2.6%
65+	12,900	12,530	370	2.9%
NONWHITE MALE	227,960	211,150	16,810	7.4%
16-19	17,790	14,680	3,110	17.5%
20-24	38,400	33,930	4,470	11.6%
25-29	38,920	35,900	3,020	7.8%
30-34	33,100	31,230	1,870	5.6%
35-44	41,330	39,330	2,000	4.8%
45-54	30,790	29,390	1,400	4.5%
55-59	12,680	12,140	540	4.3%
60-64	8,480	8,190	290	3.4%
65+	6,470	6,360	110	1.7%
NONWHITE FEMALE	221,550	199,020	22,530	10.2%
16-19	14,500	10,540	3,960	27.3%
20-24	40,010	33,860	6,150	15.4%
25-29	39,750	35,740	4,010	10.1%
30-34	32,870	30,210	2,660	8.1%
35-44	40,740	37,820	2,920	7.2%
45-54	29,500	27,930	1,570	5.3%
55-59	11,090	10,580	510	4.6%
60-64	7,480	7,190	290	3.9%
65+	5,610	5,150	460	8.2%

SOURCE: S.C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

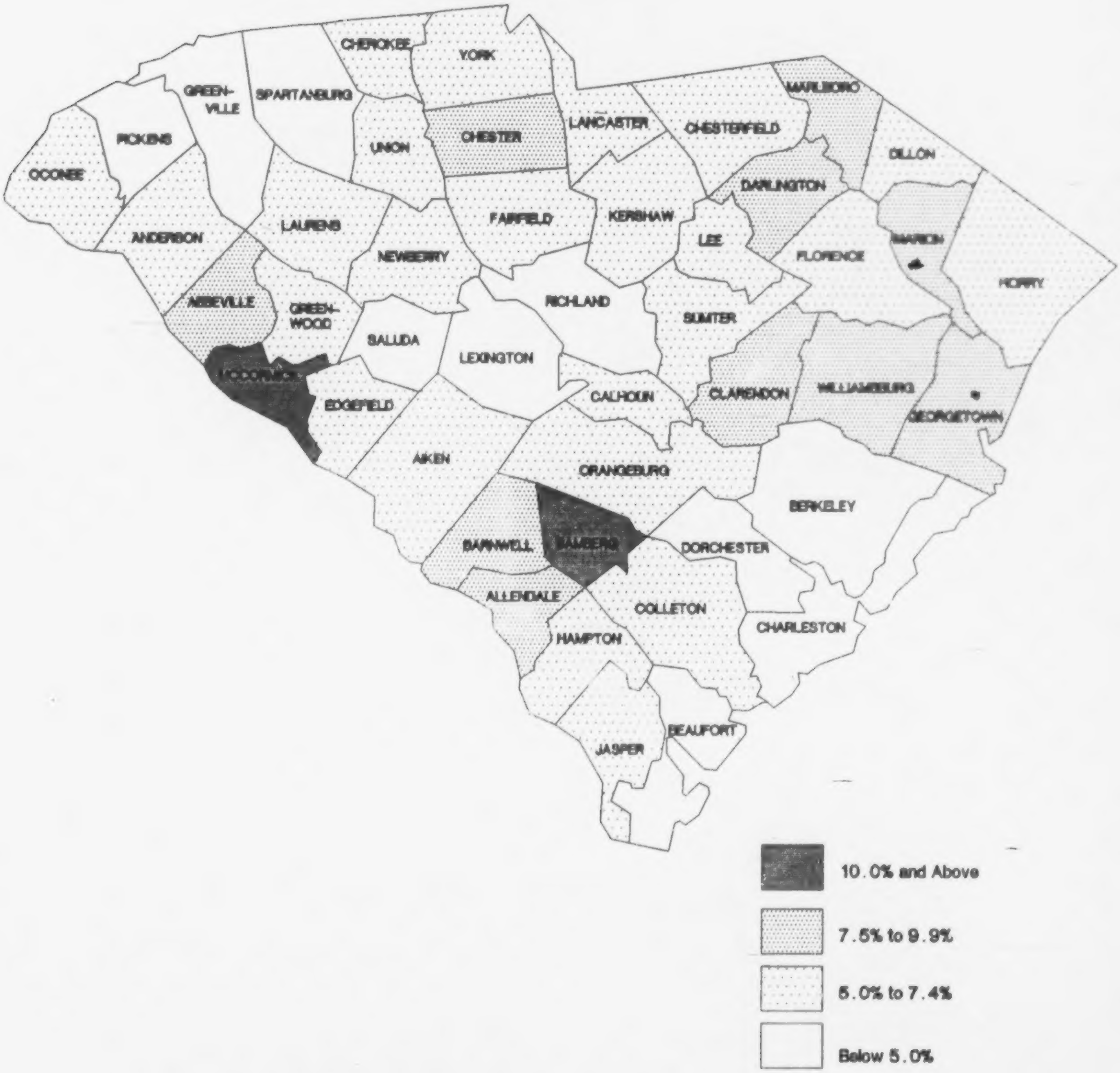
SOUTH CAROLINA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES BY COUNTY
PROJECTED 1989

COUNTY	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYMENT 1/	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE
ABBEVILLE	10,750	9,890	860	8.0%
AIKEN	60,360	57,180	3,180	5.3
ALLENDALE	4,780	4,370	410	8.6
ANDERSON	68,590	65,110	3,480	5.1
BAMBERG	6,680	6,000	680	10.2
BARNWELL	8,910	8,070	840	9.4
BEAUFORT	35,810	34,350	1,460	4.1
BERKELEY	51,760	49,430	2,330	4.5
CALHOUN	5,390	5,020	370	6.9
CHARLESTON	140,230	134,300	5,930	4.3
CHEROKEE	23,240	21,990	1,250	5.4
CHESTER	14,250	13,110	1,140	8.0
CHESTERFIELD	20,440	19,250	1,190	5.8
CLARENDON	11,940	10,870	1,070	8.9
COLLETON	18,090	16,890	1,200	6.6
DARLINGTON	28,740	26,460	2,280	7.9
DILLON	14,430	13,520	910	6.3
DORCHESTER	34,390	33,320	1,070	3.2
EDGEFIELD	7,770	7,380	390	5.0
FAIRFIELD	8,960	8,310	650	7.3
FLORENCE	55,590	52,360	3,230	5.8
GEORGETOWN	22,810	20,620	2,190	9.6
GREENVILLE	165,610	160,260	5,350	3.2
GREENWOOD	29,860	27,740	2,120	7.1
HAMPTON	7,390	6,870	520	7.0
HORRY	68,630	64,530	4,100	6.0
JASPER	6,640	6,270	370	5.5
KERSHAW	19,270	18,110	1,160	6.0
LANCASTER	25,110	23,450	1,660	6.6
LAURENS	22,540	21,060	1,480	6.6
LEE	8,250	7,740	510	6.2
LEXINGTON	93,590	90,790	2,780	3.0
MCCORMICK	2,880	2,540	340	11.8
MARION	14,330	13,050	1,280	8.9
MARLBORO	13,260	12,010	1,250	9.4
NEWBERRY	15,360	14,450	910	5.9
OCONEE	28,630	26,910	1,720	6.0
ORANGEBURG	39,990	37,060	2,930	7.3
PICKENS	46,340	44,400	1,940	4.2
RICHLAND	135,210	130,350	4,860	3.6
SALUDA	8,100	7,700	400	4.9
SPARTANBURG	110,770	106,440	4,330	3.9
SUMTER	36,360	34,060	2,300	6.3
UNION	14,510	13,450	1,060	7.3
WILLIAMSBURG	16,980	15,680	1,300	7.6
YORK	69,000	65,580	3,420	5.0
TOTAL	1,652,500	1,568,300	84,200	5.1

1/ Includes workers involved in labor-management disputes.

SOURCE: S. C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

SOUTH CAROLINA
UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BY COUNTY
PROJECTED 1989


CHEROKEE
YORK
GREEN-VILLE
SPARTANBURG
MARLBORO
PICKENS
UNION
CHESTER
LANCASTER
CHESTERFIELD
DILLON
OCONEE
DARLINGTON
LAURENS
FAIRFIELD
KERSHAW
LEE
ANDERSON
NEWBERRY
MARION
FLORENCE
HORRY
ABBEVILLE
GREEN-WOOD
RICHLAND
SUMTER
SALUDA
LEXINGTON
McCORMICK
EDGEFIELD
CALHOUN
CLARENDON
WILLIAMSBURG
GEORGETOWN
AIKEN
ORANGEBURG
BERKELEY
BARNWELL
BAMBERG
DORCHESTER
ALLENDALE
COLLETON
CHARLESTON
HAMPTON
BEAUFORT
JASPER
10.0% and Above
7.5% to 9.9%
5.0% to 7.4%
Below 5.0%

Source: S. C. Employment Security Commission,
Labor Market Information Division

INDUSTRY EMPLOYMENT
2000

Nonfarm employment in South Carolina is expected to increase 24 percent between 1987 and 2000, representing 335,000 workers. The current trend toward service-providing jobs and away from goods-producing jobs will continue over the period.

Manufacturing in South Carolina has been declining over the last decade but will rebound with slight growth by 2000. However, its share of jobs will continue to shrink, from 27 percent in 1987 to 22 percent in 2000. Textile and apparel jobs will continue their decline, dropping 20,000 over the 1987-2000 period. However, other manufacturing sectors will gain jobs, particularly durable goods producers. The greatest growth will be in machinery, lumber and wood products, paper and allied products, food and kindred products, and fabricated metal products. Clearly, while it will account for a lower share of jobs, manufacturing will still be a major contributor to South Carolina's economy in 2000.

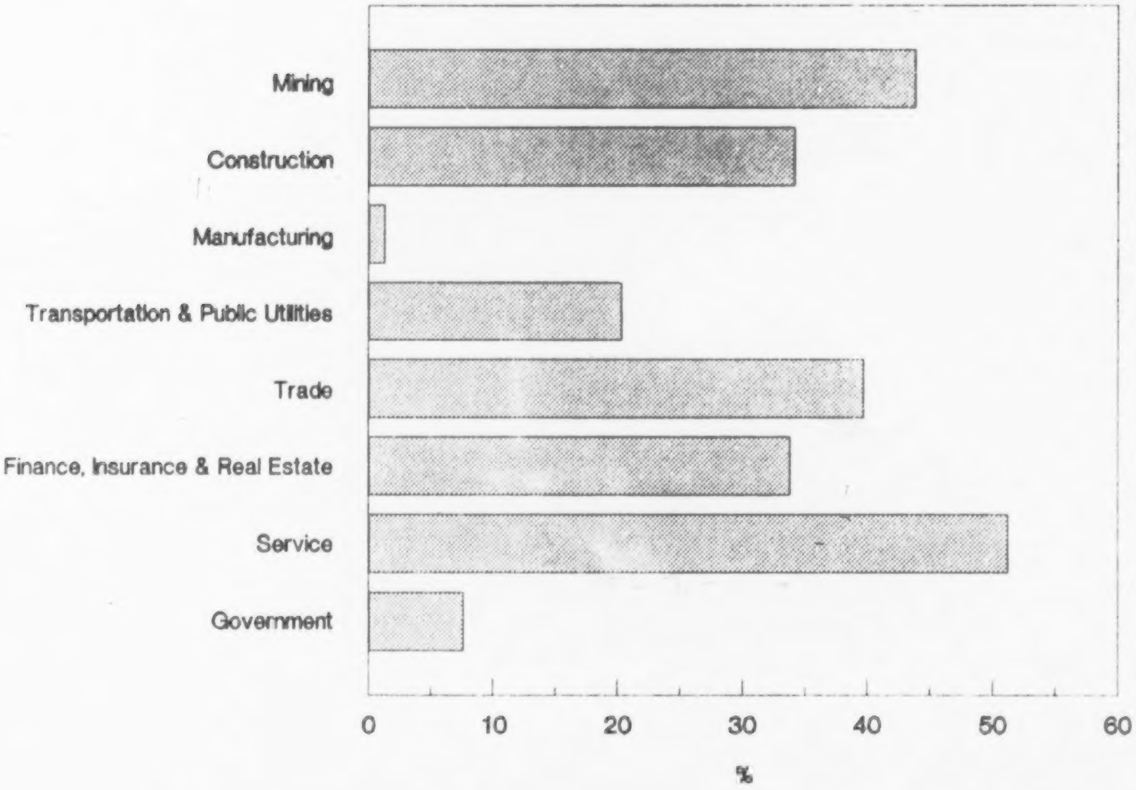
At the same time, service-producing jobs will grow tremendously, as they have in recent years. Service providers (transportation, public utilities, wholesale and retail trade, finance, insurance, real estate, government, and other services) will add over 300,000 jobs over the 1987-2000 period, or almost 90 percent of new jobs. Growth and aging of the population, increasing numbers of working women, and tourism will contribute to the surge in this sector. Restaurants and bars, and business service firms will account for over 125,000 new jobs.

NONFARM EMPLOYMENT PROJECTIONS
SOUTH CAROLINA
2000

Industry	1987 (actual)	2000 (proj.)	Change 1987-2000 Net	Change 1987-2000 %
Total Nonfarm Employment	1,392,500	1,727,500	335,000	24.1
Total Private	1,136,800	1,452,400	315,600	27.8
Mining	1,600	2,300	700	43.8
Construction	86,600	116,200	29,600	34.2
Manufacturing	373,400	378,200	4,800	1.3
Durable Goods	124,800	140,600	15,800	12.7
Lumber and Wood Products	15,600	18,000	2,400	15.4
Fabricated Metal Products	15,300	17,400	2,100	13.7
Machinery, except Electrical	30,400	33,800	3,400	11.2
Electrical & Electronic Eqpt.	21,600	23,000	1,400	6.5
Nondurable Goods	248,600	237,600	-11,000	-4.4
Food & Kindred Products	15,700	17,900	2,200	14.0
Textile Mill Products	107,100	90,800	-16,300	-15.2
Apparel	44,500	40,400	-4,100	-9.2
Paper & Allied Products	16,000	18,500	2,500	15.6
Chemical & Allied Products	32,200	33,300	1,100	3.4
Rubber & Misc. Plastics Products	21,400	22,600	1,200	5.6
Transportation & Public Utilities	58,700	70,600	11,900	20.3
Trucking & Warehousing	17,600	22,000	4.400	25.0
Communication	12,600	14,900	2,300	18.3
Electric, Gas & Sanitary Services	15,100	17,300	2,200	14.6
Wholesale & Retail Trade	310,400	433,500	123,100	39.7
Wholesale Trade	56,500	80,300	23,800	42.1
Retail Trade	253,900	353,200	99,300	39.1
General Merchandise Stores	31,200	38,400	7,200	23.1
Food Stores	44,100	58,100	14,000	31.7
Eating & Drinking Places	80,800	140,100	59,300	73.4
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	64,500	86,300	21,800	33.8
Banking	14,600	20,200	5,600	38.4
Insurance Carriers	15,100	16,100	1,000	6.6
Real Estate	14,300	22,600	8,300	58.0
Services	241,600	365,300	123,700	51.2
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	22,400	37,100	14,700	65.6
Business Services	57,700	104,500	46,800	81.1
Health Services	48,600	61,200	12,600	25.9
Educational Services	21,600	24,100	2,500	11.6
Total Government	255,600	275,100	19,500	7.6
Federal Government	38,300	44,300	6,000	15.7
State Government	83,500	87,000	3,500	4.2
Local Government	133,800	143,800	10,000	7.5

SOURCE: S. C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

PERCENT CHANGE IN EMPLOYMENT BY MAJOR INDUSTRY IN SOUTH CAROLINA
1987 - 2000



SOURCE: S.C. Employment Security Commission,
Labor Market Information Division

OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT
1995

Many different factors influence occupational trends in South Carolina. The dominant factor is the demand for goods and services by consumers, business, and government. Also affecting occupational employment are technology, organization, and the supply-demand conditions of other occupations. Occupations are grouped into seven major categories: 1) managerial and management-related; 2) professional, paraprofessional, and technical; 3) sales and related; 4) clerical and administrative support; 5) service; 6) agriculture, forestry, and fishing; and 7) production, operatives, and maintenance occupations.

In 1985, employment in all occupations, including self-employed and unpaid family workers, was estimated at 1,327,760. By 1995, employment is projected to reach 1,630,350, an increase of 3 percent, or 302,590 workers.

A combination of two factors create openings for a particular occupation. First are openings due to new jobs resulting from expansion in the economy. The second component is openings resulting from worker separation from the labor force due to retirement, disability, death, or other reasons. Total average annual openings should number approximately 73,890 between 1985 and 1995, with an estimated 41 percent, or 30,280 openings, resulting from growth. The remaining 59 percent, or 43,610, will result from separations from the labor force. The largest number of annual openings will occur in production and related occupations (19,930) and service occupations (14,670), together representing over 46 percent of the total average annual openings.

MANAGERIAL AND MANAGEMENT occupations will represent nearly eight percent of total employment growth. This category will increase 31 percent, for an additional 26,500 workers. Two occupations, general managers, and food service and lodging managers,will add 12,450 workers. Changes in business size and organizational structure have resulted in divergent growth trends among managers. Food service and lodging managers will account for an increase of 3,450 workers and represent the fastest growth, 46 percent, within the category.

PROFESSIONAL, PARAPROFESSIONAL, AND TECHNICAL workers will represent almost 17 percent of the jobs added through 1995. These occupations are expected to add 12,340 workers annually. About 22 percent of the workers in this category are health practitioners and technicians. The growing professions in health and medicine will be greatly affected by the aging of the population and its greater health consciousness. The largest change in health occupations is for professional nurses, which will add 5,060 new workers. The most annual openings (1,370) will occur for elementary school teachers.

Increasing SALES employment represents over 15 percent of the total change. Employment in this category is expected to increase by 46,290, or about 34 percent. Factors influencing growth in sales occupations are a growing population and business expansion. These factors, in conjunction with the increased expansion and longer operating hours of retail merchandising facilities in suburban areas, will continue to increase demand for sales workers. Changing techniques in merchandising, self-service, and computerized checkout counters will not temper the demand for sales workers since retail trade is expanding rapidly. Retail salespersons will show the largest annual openings of all occupations, with about 3,700 openings per year.

CLERICAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT employment is projected to grow by 36,200, or about 18 percent. This represents over 12 percent of total growth. Technological developments in information processing systems, office equipment, and communication systems are expected to temper employment growth of various clerical occupations. However, these developments will not affect clerical workers who are involved in personal or public contact. Demand will also increase for clericals because of rapid expansion in medical and health services and miscellaneous business services.

The largest growth is seen in SERVICE occupations, where change of over 43 percent will account for 76,050 new workers. This represents over 25 percent of total growth. Reasons for this large increase are population growth, expansion of business activity, increased leisure time, and a rising level of disposable income. Three service occupations are among the top ten for highest annual job openings. They are: 1) janitors, cleaners, and maids (2,595); 2) guards and watch guards (1,726); and 3) waiters/waitresses (1,424). Service occupations are projected to provide 14,670 openings each year.

More than 55 percent of the workers in AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, AND FISHING occupations were employed as gardeners and groundskeepers. The category will increase by nearly 30 percent between 1985 and 1995 with over 65 percent of the job openings resulting from labor force separations. This is the smallest occupational category, representing less than 1.5 percent of annual job openings. Employment is projected to reach 13,780 by 1995.

PRODUCTION, OPERATIVES, AND MAINTENANCE is the largest occupational category and is projected to grow by 58,030 jobs by 1995. More than 2.4 openings will be created by labor force separations for each job created by growth. This category will represent 27 percent of the job openings each year. Truck driver, with nearly 1,700 job openings annually, is the highest demand occupation in this category. Construction trade workers will show the largest growth (12,500) while textile machine operators and related workers will show the largest decline, 7,500 workers. Electrical and electronic assemblers will also decline by 1,000 workers.

OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA
1985 - 1995
TOP 30 OCCUPATIONS RANKED BY GROWTH

OCCUPATIONS	EST. EMP. 1985	PROJ. EMP. 1995	TOTAL GROWTH 1985-1995	ANNUAL OPENINGS	ANNUAL GROWTH	ANNUAL SEPARATIONS
JANITORS, CLEANERS, MAIDS	34,129	48,603	14,474	2,597	1,447	1,150
SALESPERSONS, RETAIL	39,066	52,685	13,619	3,679	1,362	2,317
CASHIERS	34,260	47,366	13,106	2,274	1,311	963
WAITERS AND WAITRESSES	19,765	31,273	11,508	1,424	1,151	273
ALL OTHER SALES & RELATED OCCUPATIONS	33,048	43,048	10,000	2,058	1,000	1,058
GENERAL MANAGERS AND TOP EXECUTIVES	29,756	38,770	9,014	2,083	901	1,182
ALL OTHER MANAGERS & ADMINISTRATORS	24,423	32,583	8,160	1,608	816	792
TRUCK DRIVERS	28,719	36,517	7,798	1,687	780	907
SECRETARIES	34,523	41,168	6,645	1,717	665	1,052
GUARDS AND WATCH GUARDS	9,194	15,128	5,934	1,726	593	1,133
TEACHERS, PRESCHOOL, KINDER., ELEM.	25,979	31,693	5,714	1,373	571	802
GENERAL OFFICE CLERKS	23,010	28,348	5,338	1,315	534	781
REGISTERED NURSES	14,534	19,596	5,062	992	506	486
FOOD COUNTER WORKERS, FOUNTAIN & RELATED	11,468	16,478	5,010	889	501	388
COOKS, FAST FOOD AND SHORT ORDER	10,124	14,942	4,818	830	482	348
FOOD PREPARATION WORKERS	9,135	13,317	4,182	775	418	357
MAINTENANCE REPAIRERS, GENERAL UTILITY	15,478	19,609	4,131	809	413	396
BLUE-COLLAR WORKER SUPERVISORS	28,153	32,052	3,899	1,227	390	837
STOCK CLERKS, SALES FLOOR	13,060	16,642	3,582	1,111	358	753
COOKS, RESTAURANT	6,157	9,667	3,510	652	351	301
FOOD SERVICE & LODGING MANAGERS	7,489	10,954	3,465	665	347	318
BOOKKEEPING & ACCOUNTING CLERKS	21,251	24,545	3,294	1,146	329	817
ALL OTHER HELPERS, LABORERS, MOVERS	26,972	30,040	3,068	1,099	307	792
TEACHERS, SECONDARY SCHOOL	17,001	20,038	3,037	808	304	504
ALL OTHER SERVICE WORKERS	8,915	11,886	2,971	586	297	289
HELPERS, ALL OTHER CONSTRUCTION	13,456	16,338	2,882	702	288	414
DINING ROOM & BARTENDER HELPERS	5,345	8,213	2,868	399	287	112
ACCOUNTANTS AND AUDITORS	7,568	10,410	2,842	507	284	223
ALL OTHER MANAGEMENT SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	7,490	10,298	2,808	528	281	247
FIRST LINE SUPERVISORS, CLERICAL	10,975	13,776	2,801	625	280	345

SOURCE: S. C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA
1985 - 1995
TOP 30 OCCUPATIONS RANKED BY ANNUAL SEPARATIONS

OCCUPATIONS	EST. EMP. 1985	PROJ. EMP. 1995	TOTAL GROWTH 1985-1995	ANNUAL OPENINGS	ANNUAL GROWTH	ANNUAL SEPARATIONS
SALESPERSONS, RETAIL	39,066	52,685	13,619	3,679	1,362	2,317
GENERAL MANAGERS AND TOP EXECUTIVES	29,756	38,770	9,014	2,083	901	1,182
JANITORS, CLEANERS, MAIDS	34,129	48,603	14,474	2,597	1,447	1,150
GUARDS AND WATCH GUARDS	9,194	15,128	5,934	1,726	593	1,133
ALL OTHER SALES & RELATED OCCUPATIONS	33,048	43,048	10,000	2,058	1,000	1,058
SECRETARIES	34,523	41,168	6,645	1,717	665	1,052
CASHIERS	34,260	47,366	13,106	2,274	1,311	963
TEXTILE DRAWOUT & WINDING MACHINE OPERATORS/SETTERS	37,261	31,125	-6,136	337	-614	951
TRUCK DRIVERS	28,719	36,517	7,798	1,687	780	907
BLUE-COLLAR WORKER SUPERVISORS	28,153	32,052	3,899	1,227	390	837
BOOKKEEPING & ACCOUNTING CLERKS	21,251	24,545	3,294	1,146	329	817
TEACHERS, PRESCHOOL, KINDER., ELEM.	25,979	31,693	5,714	1,373	571	802
ALL OTHER MANAGERS & ADMINISTRATORS	24,423	32,583	8,160	1,608	816	792
ALL OTHER HELPERS, LABORERS, MOVERS	26,972	30,040	3,068	1,099	307	792
GENERAL OFFICE CLERKS	23,010	28,348	5,338	1,315	534	781
STOCK CLERKS, SALES FLOOR	13,060	16,642	3,582	1,111	358	753
SEWING MACH. OPERATORS, GARMENT	25,408	24,494	-914	610	-91	701
INSPECTORS & RELATED OCCUPATIONS	18,300	19,023	723	591	72	519
NURSING AIDES AND ORDERLIES	10,069	12,365	2,296	743	230	513
TEACHERS, SECONDARY SCHOOL	17,001	20,038	3,037	808	304	504
REGISTERED NURSES	14,534	19,596	5,062	992	506	486
FREIGHT & MATERIAL MOVERS, HAND	16,112	18,338	2,226	702	223	479
SALES AGENTS, REAL ESTATE	7,222	9,552	2,330	705	233	472
INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY MECHANICS	15,187	16,587	1,400	582	140	442
GARDENERS AND GROUNDSKEEPERS	5,920	8,180	2,260	655	226	429
HELPERS, ALL OTHER CONSTRUCTION	13,456	16,338	2,882	702	288	414
MAINTENANCE REPAIRERS, GENERAL UTILITY	15,478	19,609	4,131	809	413	396
FOOD COUNTER WORKERS, FOUNTAIN & RELATED	11,468	16,478	5,010	889	501	388
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS	5,321	6,568	1,247	510	125	385
ALL OTHER ASSEMBLERS & FABRICATORS	12,507	13,852	1,345	501	135	366

SOURCE: S. C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA
1985 - 1995
TOP 30 OCCUPATIONS RANKED BY ANNUAL OPENINGS

OCCUPATIONS	EST. EMP. 1985	PROJ. EMP. 1995	TOTAL GROWTH 1985-1995	ANNUAL OPENINGS	ANNUAL GROWTH	ANNUAL SEPARATIONS
SALESPERSONS, RETAIL	39,066	52,685	13,619	3,679	1,362	2,317
JANITORS, CLEANERS, MAIDS	34,129	48,603	14,474	2,597	1,447	1,150
CASHIERS	34,260	47,366	13,106	2,274	1,311	963
GENERAL MANAGERS AND TOP EXECUTIVES	29,756	38,770	9,014	2,083	901	1,182
ALL OTHER SALES & RELATED OCCUPATIONS	33,048	43,048	10,000	2,058	1,000	1,058
GUARDS AND WATCH GUARDS	9,194	15,128	5,934	1,726	593	1,133
SECRETARIES	34,523	41,168	6,645	1,717	665	1,052
TRUCK DRIVERS	28,719	36,517	7,798	1,687	780	907
ALL OTHER MANAGERS & ADMINISTRATORS	24,423	32,583	8,160	1,608	816	792
WAITERS AND WAITRESSES	19,765	31,273	11,508	1,424	1,151	273
TEACHERS, PRESCHOOL, KINDER., ELEM.	25,979	31,693	5,714	1,373	571	802
GENERAL OFFICE CLERKS	23,010	28,348	5,338	1,315	534	781
BLUE-COLLAR WORKER SUPERVISORS	28,153	32,052	3,899	1,227	390	837
BOOKKEEPING & ACCOUNTING CLERKS	21,251	24,545	3,294	1,146	329	817
STOCK CLERKS, SALES FLOOR	13,060	16,642	3,582	1,111	358	753
ALL OTHER HELPERS, LABORERS, MOVERS	26,972	30,040	3,068	1,099	307	792
REGISTERED NURSES	14,534	19,596	5,062	992	506	486
FOOD COUNTER WORKERS, FOUNTAIN & RELATED	11,468	16,478	5,010	889	501	388
COOKS, FAST FOOD AND SHORT ORDER	10,124	14,942	4,818	830	482	348
MAINTENANCE REPAIRERS, GENERAL UTILITY	15,478	19,609	4,131	809	413	396
TEACHERS, SECONDARY SCHOOL	17,001	20,038	3,037	808	304	504
FOOD PREPARATION WORKERS	9,135	13,317	4,182	775	418	357
NURSING AIDES AND ORDERLIES	10,069	12,365	2,296	743	230	513
SALES AGENTS, REAL ESTATE	7,222	9,552	2,330	705	233	472
FREIGHT & MATERIAL MOVERS, HAND	16,112	18,338	2,226	702	223	479
HELPERS, ALL OTHER CONSTRUCTION	13,456	16,338	2,882	702	288	414
FOOD SERVICE & LODGING MANAGERS	7,489	10,954	3,465	665	347	318
GARDENERS AND GROUNDSKEEPERS	5,920	8,180	2,260	655	226	429
COOKS, RESTAURANT	6,157	9,667	3,510	652	351	301
FIRST LINE SUPERVISORS, CLERICAL	10,975	13,776	2,801	625	280	345

SOURCE: S. C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA
1985 - 1995
DECLINING OCCUPATIONS

OCCUPATIONS	EST. EMP. 1985	PROJ. EMP. 1995	TOTAL GROWTH 1985-1995	ANNUAL OPENINGS	ANNUAL GROWTH	ANNUAL SEPARATIONS
TEXTILE DRAWOUT & WINDING MACHINE OPERATORS/SETTERS	37,261	31,125	-6,136	337	-614	951
INDUSTRIAL TRUCK & TRACTOR OPERATORS	7,434	6,255	-1,179	0	-118	118
ELECTRICAL, ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLERS	2,846	1,839	-1,007	-59	-101	42
SEWING MACHINE OPERATORS, GARMENT	25,408	24,494	-914	610	-91	701
SEWING MACHINE OPERATORS, NON-GARMENT	5,774	5,287	-487	106	-49	155
TEXTILE MACHINE SETTERS/OPERATORS	7,453	7,203	-250	188	-25	213
TEXTILE DYEING MACHINE OPERATORS	3,385	3,151	-234	77	-23	100
DATA ENTRY KEYERS, EXCEPT COMPOSING	3,531	3,331	-200	3	-20	23
CHEMICAL EQUIPMENT TENDERS	1,818	1,658	-160	32	-16	48
CHEMICAL PLANT AND ~~SYSTEM~~ OPERATORS	1,060	924	-136	2	-14	16
MACHINE FEEDERS AND OFFBEARERS	7,579	7,466	-113	74	-11	85
RAILROAD CONDUCTORS, YARDMASTERS	477	427	-50	9	-5	14
RAILROAD BRAKE, SIGNAL, SWITCH OPERATORS	476	429	-47	-3	-5	2
ALL OTHER PRINTING, BINDING, RELATED WORKERS	839	807	-32	20	-3	23
COIL WINDERS, TAPERS, FINISHERS	328	297	-31	4	-3	7
PORTABLE MACHINE CUTTERS	513	483	-30	-1	-3	2
STENOGRAPHERS	958	928	-30	19	-3	22
STATISTICAL CLERKS	634	604	-30	7	-3	10
FABRIC PATTERNMAKERS, LAYOUT WORKERS	417	388	-29	11	-3	14
LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS	262	234	-28	6	-3	9
PRESSERS, HAND	660	634	-26	12	-3	15
PROCUREMENT CLERKS	600	581	-19	10	-2	12
RAIL YARD ENGINEERS, DINKEY OPERATORS	253	240	-13	8	-1	9
SIGNAL OR TRACK SWITCH MAINT. WORKERS	67	55	-12	0	-1	1
EXTRUDING MACHINE OPERATORS, FIBERS	4,431	4,421	-10	135	-1	136
MINING, QUARRYING & TUNNELING OCCUPATIONS	32	23	-9	0	-1	1
SCREEN PRINTING MACHINE SETTERS/OPERATORS	548	542	-6	15	-1	16
ALL OTHER RAIL VEHICLE OPERATORS	16	12	-4	0	0	0

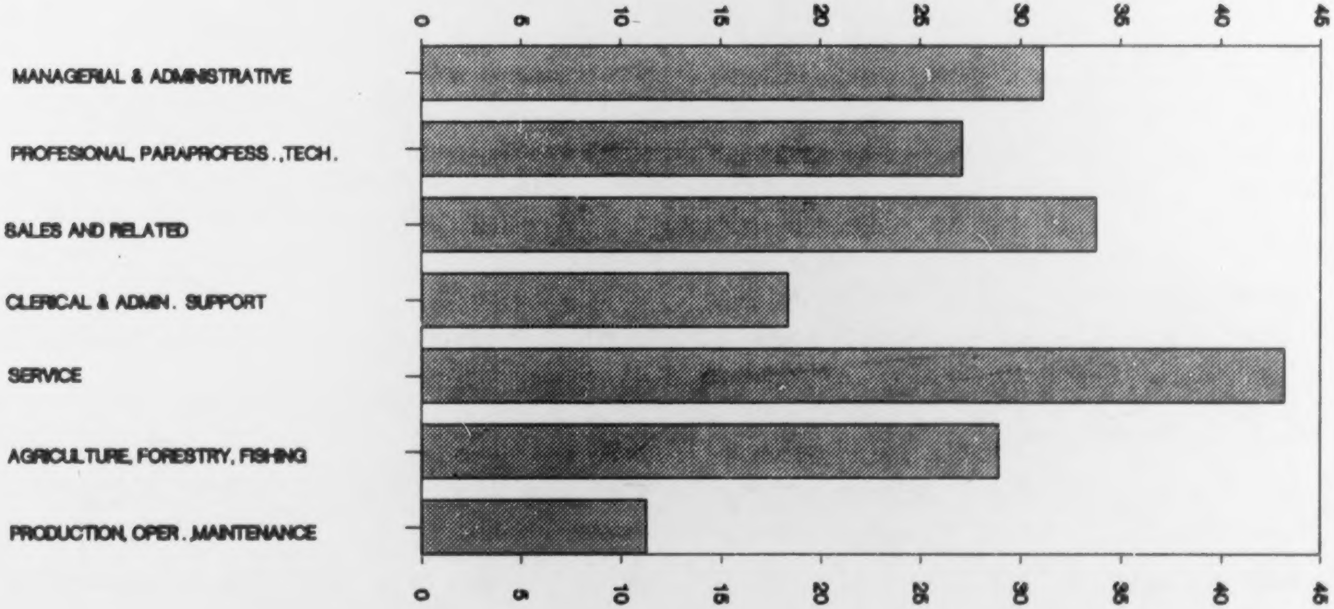
SOURCE: S. C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA
BY MAJOR OCCUPATIONAL CATEGORIES
1985 - 1995

OCCUPATIONS	ESTIMATED EMPLOY. 1985	PROJECTED EMPLOY. 1995	EMPLOY-MENT CHANGE 1985-1995	% CHANGE	ANNUAL			TOTAL OPENINGS
					OPENINGS	GROWTH	SEPA-RATIONS	
TOTAL, ALL OCCUPATIONS	1,327,763	1,630,353	302,590	22.79	73,888	30,281	43,607	436,070
MANAGERIAL & ADMINISTRATIVE OCC.	85,183	111,684	26,501	31.11	5,744	2,650	3,094	30,940
PROFESSIONAL, PARAPROFESS.,TECH.	208,416	264,835	56,419	27.07	12,338	5,650	6,688	66,880
SALES AND RELATED OCCUPATIONS	137,071	183,360	46,289	33.77	10,698	4,630	6,068	60,680
CLERICAL & ADMIN. SUPPORT OCC.	196,785	232,998	36,213	18.40	9,599	3,624	5,975	59,750
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	176,046	252,095	76,049	43.20	14,669	7,606	7,063	70,630
AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING	10,690	13,781	3,091	28.91	906	310	596	5,960
PRODUCTION, OPER., MAINTENANCE	513,572	571,600	58,028	11.30	19,934	5,811	14,123	141,230

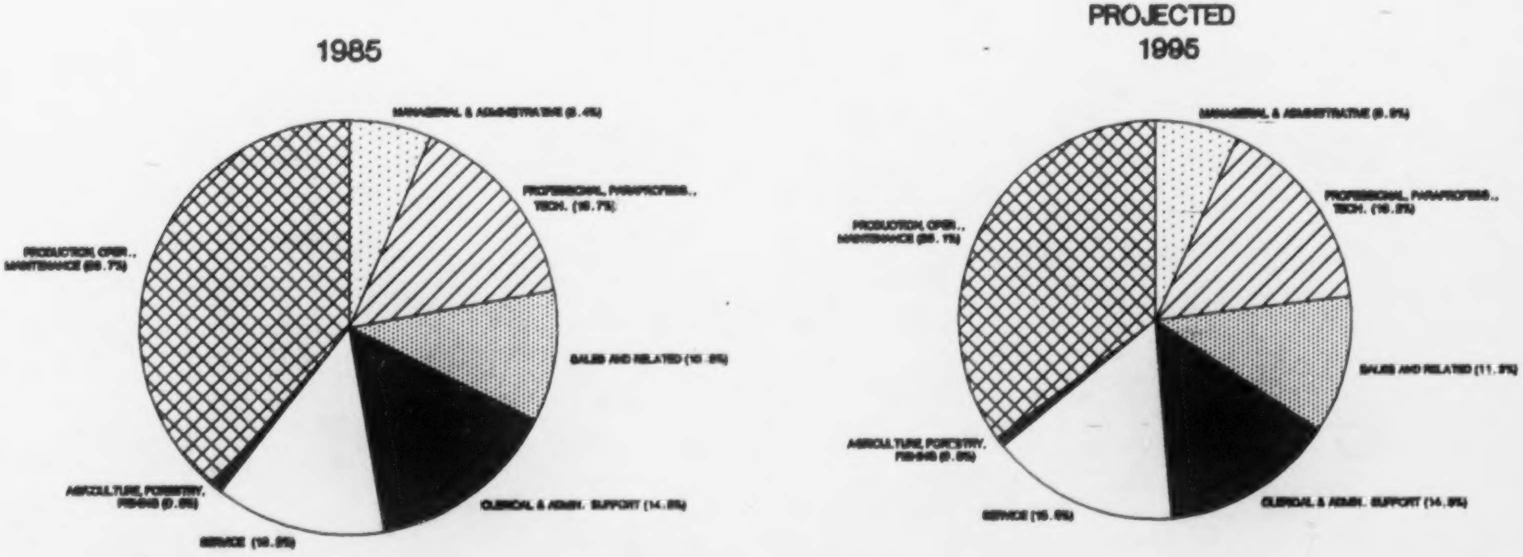
SOURCE: S. C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

PERCENT CHANGE IN EMPLOYMENT
BY MAJOR OCCUPATIONAL CATEGORY IN SOUTH CAROLINA
1985 - 1995



SOURCE: S. C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

PERCENT OF TOTAL EMPLOYMENT
BY MAJOR OCCUPATIONAL CATEGORIES IN SOUTH CAROLINA
1985 - 1995



1985

PROJECTED
1995

SOURCE: S. C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA
1985 - 1995

					ANNUAL			
OCCUPATIONS	ESTIMATED EMPLOY. 1985	PROJECTED EMPLOY. 1995	EMPLOY-MENT CHANGE 1985-1995	% CHANGE	OPENINGS	GROWTH	SEPA-RATIONS	TOTAL OPENINGS
TOTAL, ALL OCCUPATIONS	1,327,763	1,630,353	302,590	22.79	73,888	30,281	43,607	738,880
MANAGERIAL & ADMINISTRATIVE OCCS.	85,183	111,684	26,501	31.11	5,744	2,650	3,094	57,440
FINANCIAL MANAGERS	7,244	9,335	2,091	28.87	381	209	172	3,810
PERSONNEL, TRAINING, LABOR REL. MGRS.	1,871	2,288	417	22.29	94	42	52	940
PURCHASING MANAGERS	2,963	3,541	578	19.51	144	58	86	1,440
MARKETING, ADV., PUBLIC REL. MGRS.	3,091	4,075	984	31.83	197	98	99	1,970
POSTMASTERS, MAIL SUPERINTENDENTS	502	604	102	20.32	68	10	58	680
EDUCATION ADMINISTRATORS	6,152	7,386	1,234	20.06	351	123	228	3,510
PROPERTY, REAL ESTATE MANAGERS	520	701	181	34.81	64	18	46	640
FOOD SERVICE & LODGING MANAGERS	7,489	10,954	3,465	46.27	665	347	318	6,650
PUBLIC ADMIN., LEG., GEN. ADMINS.	1,172	1,447	275	23.46	90	28	62	900
GENERAL MANAGERS AND TOP EXECS.	29,756	38,770	9,014	30.29	2,083	901	1,182	20,830
ALL OTHER MANAGERS & ADMINISTS.	24,423	32,583	8,160	33.41	1,607	816	791	16,070
PROFESSIONAL, PARAPROFESS.,TECH. OCCS.	208,416	264,835	56,419	27.07	12,338	5,650	6,688	123,380
MANAGEMENT SUPPORT OCCUPATIONS	9,234	12,671	3,437	37.22	611	343	268	6,110
UNDERWRITERS	671	945	274	40.83	38	27	11	380
LOAN OFFICERS AND COUNSELORS	995	1,316	321	32.26	66	32	34	660
ACCOUNTANTS AND AUDITORS	7,568	10,410	2,842	37.55	507	284	223	5,070
PURCHASING AGENTS AND BUYERS	3,563	4,051	488	13.70	144	49	95	1,440
WHOLESALE, RETAIL BUYERS, EX. FARM	1,749	2,070	321	18.35	85	32	53	850
PURCHASING AGENTS, EX. WHOLE., RETAIL, FARM	1,814	1,981	167	9.21	59	17	42	590
PERSONNEL SPECIALISTS & RELATED	3,044	3,988	944	31.01	168	94	74	1,680
EMPLOYMENT INTERVIEWERS	862	1,302	440	51.04	67	44	23	670
PERSONNEL, TRAIN., LABOR REL. SPECS.	2,182	2,686	504	23.10	101	50	51	1,010
OTHER MANAGEMENT SUPPORT OCCS.	13,064	17,195	4,131	31.62	904	415	489	9,040
COST ESTIMATORS	1,873	2,323	450	24.03	125	45	80	1,250
MANAGEMENT ANALYSTS	964	1,159	195	20.23	82	20	62	820
CONSTRUCTION, BUILDING INSPECTORS	509	605	96	18.86	35	10	25	350
COMPLIANCE & ENFORCE. INSPECTORS	1,111	1,248	137	12.33	49	14	35	490
TAX EXAMINERS, COLLECTORS, REV. AGENTS	522	610	88	16.86	26	9	17	260
CLAIMS EXAMINERS, INSURANCE	595	952	357	60.00	59	36	23	590
ALL OTHER MANAGEMENT SUPPORT OCCS.	7,490	10,298	2,808	37.49	528	281	247	5,280
ENGINEERS, ARCHITECTS, SURVEYORS	24,314	30,404	6,090	25.05	1,181	610	571	11,810
ENGINEERS	11,860	15,105	3,245	27.36	559	325	234	5,590
AERONAUTICAL & ASTRO. ENGINEERS	62	75	13	20.97	4	1	3	40
METALLURGISTS AND REL. ENGINEERS	235	301	66	28.09	8	7	1	80
MINING ENGINEERS, INC. SAFETY	22	22	0	0.00	0	0	0	0
PETROLEUM ENGINEERS	74	78	4	5.41	0	0	0	0

OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA (CONT'D)
1985 - 1995

OCCUPATIONS	ESTIMATED EMPLOY. 1985	PROJECTED EMPLOY. 1995	EMPLOY-MENT CHANGE 1985-1995	% CHANGE	ANNUAL			TOTAL OPENINGS
					OPENINGS	GROWTH	SEPA-RATIONS	
CHEMICAL ENGINEERS	1,054	1,216	162	15.37	29	16	13	290
NUCLEAR ENGINEERS	621	638	17	2.74	11	2	9	110
CIVIL ENGINEERS, INCL. TRAFFIC	1,440	1,817	377	26.18	72	38	34	720
ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC ENGINEERS	2,652	3,569	917	34.58	139	92	47	1,390
INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERS, EXC. SAFETY	1,496	1,934	438	29.28	69	44	25	690
MECHANICAL ENGINEERS	3,000	3,917	917	30.57	156	92	64	1,560
ALL OTHER ENGINEERS	1,204	1,538	334	27.74	71	33	38	710
ARCHITECTS AND SURVEYORS	767	974	207	26.99	54	21	33	540
ARCHITECTS, EXC. LAND. & MARINE	717	906	189	26.36	50	19	31	500
LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS	50	68	18	36.00	4	2	2	40
SURVEYING AND MAPPING SCIENTISTS	911	1,137	226	24.81	51	23	28	510
ENGINEERING TECHNICIANS	10,776	13,188	2,412	22.38	517	241	276	5,170
ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC TECHNS.	2,701	3,588	887	32.84	120	89	31	1,200
DRAFTERS	3,001	3,353	352	11.73	123	35	88	1,230
ALL OTHER ENGINEERING TECHNICIANS	5,074	6,247	1,173	23.12	274	117	157	2,740
NATURAL, COMPUTER, MATH SCIENTISTS	6,034	6,825	791	13.11	248	80	168	2,480
PHYSICAL SCIENTISTS	1,393	1,546	153	10.98	50	16	34	500
PHYSICISTS AND ASTRONOMERS	63	69	6	9.52	2	1	1	20
CHEMISTS, EXCEPT BIOCHEMISTS	1,083	1,201	118	10.90	37	12	25	370
METEOROLOGISTS	34	37	3	8.82	0	0	0	0
GEOLOGISTS, GEOPHYSICISTS, OCEANOGS.	134	154	20	14.93	8	2	6	80
ALL OTHER PHYSICAL SCIENTISTS	79	85	6	7.59	3	1	2	30
LIFE SCIENTISTS	1,265	1,450	185	14.62	53	19	34	530
FORESTERS, CONSERVATION SCIENTISTS	218	226	8	3.67	11	1	10	110
AGRICULTURAL AND FOOD SCIENTISTS	310	351	41	13.23	13	4	9	130
BIOLOGICAL SCIENTISTS	455	546	91	20.00	16	9	7	160
ALL OTHER LIFE SCIENTISTS	282	327	45	15.96	13	5	8	130
PHYSICAL & LIFE SCI. TECHNICIANS	3,376	3,829	453	13.42	145	45	100	1,450
COMPUTER AND MATHEMATICAL OCCS.	6,755	10,569	3,814	56.46	534	381	153	5,340
COMPUTER AND RELATED OCCUPATIONS	6,183	9,727	3,544	57.32	498	354	144	4,980
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, EDP	2,393	3,951	1,558	65.11	169	156	13	1,690
COMPUTER PROGRAMMERS & AIDES	3,711	5,683	1,972	53.14	327	197	130	3,270
PROGRAMMERS, NUMERICAL, TOOL	79	93	14	17.72	2	1	1	20
MATHEMATICAL AND RELATED OCCUPS.	572	842	270	47.20	36	27	9	360
OPERATIONS AND SYSTEMS ANALYSTS	449	681	232	51.67	30	23	7	300
STATISTICIANS	34	43	9	26.47	1	1	0	10
ACTUARIES	33	56	23	69.70	2	2	0	20
ALL OTHER MATHEMATICAL SCIENTISTS	56	62	6	10.71	3	1	2	30
SOCIAL SCIENTISTS, REC., RELIGION WORKERS	10,435	13,677	3,242	31.07	682	324	358	6,820

OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA (CONT'D)
1985 - 1995

OCCUPATIONS	ESTIMATED EMPLOY. 1985	PROJECTED EMPLOY. 1995	EMPLOY-MENT CHANGE 1985-1995	% CHANGE	ANNUAL			TOTAL OPENINGS
					OPENINGS	GROWTH	SEPA-RATIONS	
SOCIAL SCIENTISTS	2,520	3,071	551	21.87	97	55	42	970
ECONOMISTS, MARKET ANALYSTS	752	869	117	15.56	22	12	10	220
URBAN AND REGIONAL PLANNERS	311	393	82	26.37	9	8	1	90
PSYCHOLOGISTS	1,300	1,610	310	23.85	57	31	26	570
ALL OTHER SOCIAL SCIENTISTS	157	199	42	26.75	9	4	5	90
SOCIAL, RECREATION, RELIGION OCCS.	7,915	10,606	2,691	34.00	585	269	316	5,850
SOCIAL SERVICE TECHNICIANS	336	518	182	54.17	28	18	10	280
SOCIAL WORKERS	4,783	6,020	1,237	25.86	274	124	150	2,740
RECREATION WORKERS	1,548	2,191	643	41.54	107	64	43	1,070
CLERGY	435	623	188	43.22	53	19	34	530
DIRECTORS, RELIGIOUS ACTIV./EDUC.	813	1,254	441	54.24	123	44	79	1,230
LAW AND RELATED OCCUPATIONS	5,896	8,191	2,295	38.92	502	231	271	5,020
LAWYERS AND JUDGES	4,464	6,117	1,653	37.03	388	166	222	3,880
JUDGES, MAGISTRATES, ADJUDICATORS	674	862	188	27.89	40	19	21	400
LAWYERS	3,790	5,255	1,465	38.65	348	147	201	3,480
LEGAL ASSISTANTS AND TECHNICIANS	1,432	2,074	642	44.83	114	65	49	1,140
PARALEGAL PERSONNEL	540	877	337	62.41	54	34	20	540
TITLE EXAMINERS AND CLERKS	169	268	99	58.58	16	10	6	160
ALL OTHER LEGAL ASSISTANTS	723	929	206	28.49	44	21	23	440
TEACHERS, LIBRARIANS, COUNSELORS	69,195	83,155	13,960	20.17	3,581	1,396	2,185	35,810
COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY FACULTY	6,943	8,186	1,243	17.90	334	124	210	3,340
TEACHERS AND INSTRUCTORS	58,829	70,896	12,067	20.51	3,032	1,207	1,825	30,320
TEACHERS, PRESCHOOL, KINDER., ELEM.	25,979	31,693	5,714	21.99	1,371	571	800	13,710
TEACHERS, SECONDARY SCHOOL	17,001	20,038	3,037	17.86	808	304	504	8,080
TEACHERS, VOCATIONAL EDUCATION	3,899	4,564	665	17.06	205	67	138	2,050
INSTRUCTORS, NONVOCATIONAL EDUC.	2,173	2,805	632	29.08	144	63	81	1,440
FARM & HOME MANAGEMENT ADVISORS	446	523	77	17.26	24	8	16	240
ALL OTHER TEACHERS, INSTRUCTORS	9,331	11,273	1,942	20.81	480	194	286	4,800
LIBRARIANS, ARCHIVISTS, CURATORS	3,423	4,073	650	18.99	215	65	150	2,150
LIBRARIANS, PROFESSIONAL	1,528	1,807	279	18.26	113	28	85	1,130
TECHNICAL ASSISTANTS, LIBRARY	635	745	110	17.32	46	11	35	460
CURATORS,ARCHIVISTS, MUSEUM TECHS.	79	80	1	1.27	4	0	4	40
VOCATIONAL & EDUC. COUNSELORS	1,181	1,441	260	22.02	52	26	26	520
HEALTH PRACTITIONERS, TECHNICIANS	44,653	58,243	13,590	30.43	3,058	1,362	1,696	30,580
HEALTH TREATING PRACTITIONERS	7,549	9,412	1,863	24.68	661	187	474	6,610
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS	5,321	6,568	1,247	23.44	510	125	385	5,100
DENTISTS	1,636	2,114	478	29.22	115	48	67	1,150
OPTOMETRISTS	465	580	115	24.73	33	12	21	330
PODIATRISTS	58	72	14	24.14	2	1	1	20
VETERINARIANS, VET. INSPECTORS	69	78	9	13.04	1	1	0	10

OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA (CONT'D)
1985 - 1995

OCCUPATIONS	ESTIMATED EMPLOY. 1985	PROJECTED EMPLOY. 1995	EMPLOYMENT CHANGE 1985-1995	% CHANGE	ANNUAL OPENINGS	ANNUAL GROWTH	ANNUAL SEPARATIONS	TOTAL OPENINGS
THERAPISTS	2,237	2,973	736	32.90	94	74	20	940
RESPIRATORY THERAPISTS	704	931	227	32.24	30	23	7	300
OCCUPATIONAL THERAPISTS	125	172	47	37.60	5	5	0	50
PHYSICAL THERAPISTS	519	759	240	46.24	32	24	8	320
SPEECH PATHOLOGISTS, AUDIOLOGISTS	472	571	99	20.97	11	10	1	110
RECREATION THERAPISTS	347	450	103	29.68	12	10	2	120
ALL OTHER THERAPISTS	70	90	20	28.57	4	2	2	40
HEALTH CARE MAINTENANCE, TREATING OCCS.	26,450	34,900	8,450	31.95	1,807	845	962	18,070
REGISTERED NURSES	14,534	19,596	5,062	34.83	992	506	486	9,920
LICENSED PRACTICAL NURSES	7,124	9,155	2,031	28.51	470	203	267	4,700
EMERGENCY MEDICAL TECHNICIANS	847	1,095	248	29.28	37	25	12	370
PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS	461	571	110	23.86	20	11	9	200
OPTICIANS, DISPENSING & MEASURING	503	610	107	21.27	68	11	57	680
PHARMACISTS	2,374	3,065	691	29.11	166	69	97	1,660
DIETITIANS AND NUTRITIONISTS	460	623	163	35.43	42	16	26	420
DIETETIC TECHNICIANS	147	185	38	25.85	12	4	8	120
MED. TECHNICIANS & TECHNOLOGISTS	8,417	10,958	2,541	30.19	496	256	240	4,960
DENTAL HYGIENISTS	735	1,010	275	37.41	36	28	8	360
MED. & CLINIC LAB TECHNS. & TECHNOLS.	2,840	3,368	528	18.59	139	53	86	1,390
MEDICAL RECORDS TECHNS.& TECHNOLS.	493	718	225	45.64	46	23	23	460
NUCLEAR MEDICINE TECHNOLOGISTS	94	119	25	26.60	3	3	0	30
RADIOLOGIC TECHNOLS. & TECHNICIANS	1,335	1,844	509	38.13	95	51	44	950
ELECTROENCEPHALOGRAPH TECHNICIANS	52	70	18	34.62	3	2	1	30
ELECTROCARDIOGRAPH TECHNICIANS	178	209	31	17.42	5	3	2	50
SURGICAL TECHNICIANS	623	846	223	35.79	31	22	9	310
ALL OTHER HEALTH PROFS., PARAS., TECH.	2,067	2,774	707	34.20	138	71	67	1,380
WRITERS, ARTISTS, ENTERS., ATHLETES	8,535	11,430	2,895	33.92	542	290	252	5,420
WRITERS, EDITORS, INCL. TECHNICAL	893	1,154	261	29.23	54	26	28	540
PUBLIC RELATIONS SPECIALISTS	1,303	1,984	681	52.26	95	68	27	950
RADIO & TV ANNOUNCERS & NEWSCASTERS	853	965	112	13.13	36	11	25	360
REPORTERS AND CORRESPONDENTS	832	1,057	225	27.04	52	23	29	520
PHOTOGRAPHERS	1,160	1,466	306	26.38	60	31	29	600
CAMERA OPERATORS, TV & MOVIES	99	122	23	23.23	4	2	2	40
BROADCAST TECHNICIANS	290	327	37	12.76	12	4	8	120
DESIGNERS	1,523	2,218	695	45.63	122	70	52	1,220
ARTISTS AND RELATED WORKERS	1,011	1,325	314	31.06	63	31	32	630
MUSICIANS	320	497	177	55.31	29	18	11	290
DANCERS AND CHOREOGRAPHERS	34	45	11	32.35	2	1	1	20
PRODS., DIRECTS., ACTORS, ENTERTAINERS	217	270	53	24.42	13	5	8	130

OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA (CONT'D)
1985 - 1995

OCCUPATIONS	ESTIMATED EMPLOY. 1985	PROJECTED EMPLOY. 1995	EMPLOY-MENT CHANGE 1985-1995	% CHANGE	ANNUAL			TOTAL OPENINGS
					OPENINGS	GROWTH	SEPA-RATIONS	
OTHER PROFESS. & TECHNICAL OCCUPS.	500	566	66	13.20	17	7	10	170
AIR TRAFFIC CONTROLLERS	245	254	9	3.67	3	1	2	30
ALL OTHER TECHNICIANS	255	312	57	22.35	14	6	8	140
ALL OTHER PROF., PARAPROF., TECHN. OCCS.	3,194	3,870	676	21.16	166	68	98	1,660
SALES AND RELATED OCCUPATIONS	137,071	183,360	46,289	33.77	10,698	4,630	6,068	106,980
SALES OCCUPATIONS, SERVICES	15,990	21,459	5,469	34.20	1,392	548	844	13,920
INSURANCE SALES WORKERS	6,274	8,432	2,158	34.40	453	216	237	4,530
BROKERS, REAL ESTATE	718	991	273	38.02	75	27	48	750
SALES AGENTS, REAL ESTATE	7,222	9,552	2,330	32.26	705	233	472	7,050
REAL ESTATE APPRAISERS	349	456	107	30.66	34	11	23	340
SECURITIES, FINANCIAL SERV. SALES WORKERS	1,010	1,476	466	46.14	86	47	39	860
TRAVEL AGENTS	417	552	135	32.37	39	14	25	390
COMMODITY SALES WORKERS	88,033	118,853	30,820	35.01	7,250	3,082	4,168	72,500
SALESPERSONS, RETAIL	39,066	52,685	13,619	34.86	3,679	1,362	2,317	36,790
COUNTER AND RENTAL CLERKS	1,647	2,160	513	31.15	186	51	135	1,860
STOCK CLERKS, SALES FLOOR	13,060	16,642	3,582	27.43	1,111	358	753	11,110
CASHIERS	34,260	47,366	13,106	38.25	2,274	1,311	963	22,740
ALL OTHER SALES & RELATED OCCS.	33,048	43,048	10,000	30.26	2,056	1,000	1,056	20,560
CLERICAL & ADMIN. SUPPORT OCCS.	196,785	232,998	36,213	18.40	9,599	3,624	5,975	95,990
FIRST LINE SUPERVISORS, CLERICAL	10,975	13,776	2,801	25.52	625	280	345	6,250
INDUSTRY SPECIFIC SUPPORT OCCS.	26,999	34,700	7,701	28.52	1,615	770	845	16,150
BANK., SECURITY, FINANCE, CREDIT WORKERS	11,291	13,957	2,666	23.61	500	266	234	5,000
TELLERS	5,636	6,737	1,101	19.54	192	110	82	1,920
NEW ACCOUNTS CLERKS	1,102	1,404	302	27.40	46	30	16	460
CREDIT AUTHORIZERS	113	122	9	7.96	4	1	3	40
CREDIT CHECKERS	410	562	152	37.07	28	15	13	280
LOAN AND CREDIT CLERKS	1,818	2,417	599	32.95	119	60	59	1,190
ADJUSTMENT CLERKS	1,714	2,043	329	19.19	82	33	49	820
STATEMENT CLERKS	386	520	134	34.72	22	13	9	220
BROKERAGE CLERKS	112	152	40	35.71	7	4	3	70
RECORDS PROCESSING OCCS., EX. FINAN.	15,708	20,743	5,035	32.05	1,115	504	611	11,150
INSURANCE ADJUSTERS, INVESTIGATORS	911	1,310	399	43.80	59	40	19	590
INSURANCE CLAIMS CLERKS	474	520	46	9.70	13	5	8	130
INSURANCE POLICY PROCESS. CLERKS	982	1,080	98	9.98	39	10	29	390
WELFARE ELIGIBILITY WORKERS	366	459	93	25.41	20	9	11	200
BILL AND ACCOUNT COLLECTORS	1,249	1,879	630	50.44	128	63	65	1,280
COURT CLERKS	304	407	103	33.88	20	10	10	200

OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA (CONT'D)
1985 - 1995

OCCUPATIONS	ESTIMATED EMPLOY. 1985	PROJECTED EMPLOY. 1995	EMPLOY-MENT CHANGE 1985-1995	% CHANGE	ANNUAL			TOTAL OPENINGS
					OPENINGS	GROWTH	SEPA-RATIONS	
MUNICIPAL CLERKS	178	222	44	24.72	10	4	6	100
OTHER ADJUSTERS, CLERKS, INTERVIEWERS	352	496	144	40.91	26	14	12	260
HOTEL DESK CLERKS	2,150	3,335	1,185	55.12	290	119	171	2,900
RES. & TICKET AGTS., TRAVEL CONS.	762	1,025	263	34.51	51	26	25	510
LIBRARY ASSISTANTS & BOOKMOBILE CLERKS	393	458	65	16.54	22	7	15	220
TEACHER AIDES & EDUC. ASSISTANTS	7,197	9,010	1,813	25.19	406	181	225	4,060
ADVERTISING CLERKS	155	201	46	29.68	11	5	6	110
REAL ESTATE CLERKS	235	341	106	45.11	20	11	9	200
SECRETARIAL, GENERAL OFFICE OCCS.	110,218	129,043	18,825	17.08	5,431	1,883	3,548	54,310
SECRETARIES	34,523	41,168	6,645	19.25	1,715	665	1,050	17,150
GENERAL OFFICE OCCUPATIONS	75,695	87,875	12,180	16.09	3,716	1,218	2,498	37,160
STENOGRAPHERS	958	928	-30	-3.13	19	-3	22	190
RECEPTIONISTS, INFORMATION CLERKS	6,331	8,480	2,149	33.94	467	215	252	4,670
TYPISTS AND WORD PROCESSORS	9,245	9,338	93	1.01	267	9	258	2,670
PERSONNEL CLERKS, EXCEPT PAYROLL	1,511	1,647	136	9.00	64	14	50	640
FILE CLERKS	1,469	1,823	354	24.10	63	35	28	630
ORDER CLERKS, MATERIALS, SERVICE	2,829	2,981	152	5.37	87	15	72	870
PROCUREMENT CLERKS	600	581	-19	-3.17	10	-2	12	100
STATISTICAL CLERKS	634	604	-30	-4.73	7	-3	10	70
INTERVIEWING CLERKS, EX. PERSONNEL	792	1,037	245	30.93	37	25	12	370
CUSTOMER SERVICE REPS., UTILITIES	1,366	1,540	174	12.74	53	17	36	530
BOOKKEEPING & ACCOUNTING CLERKS	21,251	24,545	3,294	15.50	1,146	329	817	11,460
PAYROLL AND TIMEKEEPING CLERKS	2,728	2,733	5	0.18	71	1	70	710
BILLING, COST, AND RATE CLERKS	2,971	3,290	319	10.74	110	32	78	1,100
GENERAL OFFICE CLERKS	23,010	28,348	5,338	23.20	1,315	534	781	13,150
DATA PROC., COMM. EQUIP., DISTRIB, OCCS.	48,593	55,479	6,886	14.17	1,928	691	1,237	19,280
DATA PROCESSING CLERKS, OFFICE MACHINES	8,731	10,149	1,418	16.24	244	143	101	2,440
BILL., POST., CALCULATING MACH. OPS.	1,102	1,219	117	10.62	23	12	11	230
COMPUTER OPERATORS, EX. PERIPH.	2,560	3,700	1,140	44.53	139	114	25	1,390
PERIPHERAL EDP EQUIP. OPERATORS	263	363	100	38.02	18	10	8	180
DATA ENTRY KEYERS, EX. COMPOSING	3,531	3,331	-200	-5.66	3	-20	23	30
DATA ENTRY KEYERS, COMPOSING	201	317	116	57.71	14	12	2	140
DUPL., MAIL., & OTHER OFFICE EQUIP. OPERS.	1,074	1,219	145	13.50	47	15	32	470
COMMUNICATIONS EQUIP. OPERATORS	3,067	3,726	659	21.49	138	66	72	1,380
SWITCHBOARD OPERATORS	2,689	3,302	613	22.80	124	61	63	1,240
DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE OPERATORS	187	213	26	13.90	7	3	4	70
CENTRAL OFFICE OPERATORS	38	42	4	10.53	1	0	1	10
ALL OTHER COMMUNICATION OPERATORS	153	169	16	10.46	6	2	4	60
MAIL & MESSAGE DISTRIB. WORKERS	5,198	6,134	936	18.01	286	95	191	2,860
MAIL CLERKS, EX. MAIL MACHINE	923	1,023	100	10.83	40	10	30	400

OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA (CONT'D)
1985 - 1995

OCCUPATIONS	ESTIMATED EMPLOY. 1985	PROJECTED EMPLOY. 1995	EMPLOY-MENT CHANGE 1985-1995	% CHANGE	ANNUAL			TOTAL OPENINGS
					OPENINGS	GROWTH	SEPA-RATIONS	
POSTAL MAIL CARRIERS	2,633	3,168	535	20.32	164	54	110	1,640
POSTAL SERVICE CLERKS	948	1,114	166	17.51	45	17	28	450
MESSENGERS	694	829	135	19.45	37	14	23	370
MATERIAL RECORD., SCHED., DISTRIB. WORKERS	27,748	30,880	3,132	11.29	1,069	313	756	10,690
DISPATCHERS, POLICE, FIRE, AMBULANCE	1,030	1,281	251	24.37	73	25	48	730
DISPATCHERS, EX. POL., FIRE, AMB.	1,256	1,506	250	19.90	82	25	57	820
PRODUCTION, EXPEDITING CLERKS	2,869	3,166	297	10.35	99	30	69	990
METER READERS, UTILITIES	745	773	28	3.76	24	3	21	240
WEIGHERS, MEASURERS, CHECKERS	733	776	43	5.87	29	4	25	290
STOCK CLERKS, STOCKROOM OR WAREH.	10,481	11,150	669	6.38	281	67	214	2,810
ORDER FILLERS, SALES	1,299	1,482	183	14.09	46	18	28	460
TRAFFIC, SHIPPING, & RCVG. CLERKS	7,527	8,590	1,063	14.12	345	106	239	3,450
ALL OTHER MATERIAL WORKERS	1,808	2,156	348	19.25	90	35	55	900
ALL OTHER CLERICAL & ADM. SUPPORT WORKERS	3,849	4,590	741	19.25	191	74	117	1,910
SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	176,046	252,095	76,049	43.20	14,669	7,606	7,063	146,690
FIRST LINE SUPERVISORS, SERVICE	3,247	4,486	1,239	38.16	467	124	343	4,670
FIRE FIGHTING & PREV. SUPERVISORS	496	623	127	25.60	17	13	4	170
POLICE AND DETECTIVE SUPERVISORS	1,083	1,381	298	27.52	65	30	35	650
HOUSEKEEPERS, INSTITUTIONAL	1,668	2,482	814	48.80	385	81	304	3,850
PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	22,491	32,520	10,029	44.59	2,551	1,003	1,548	25,510
FIRE INSPECTION OCCUPATIONS	429	516	87	20.28	22	9	13	220
FIRE FIGHTERS	2,216	2,785	569	25.68	82	57	25	820
POLICE DETECTIVES & INVESTIGATORS	733	893	160	21.83	39	16	23	390
POLICE PATROL OFFICERS	3,248	4,119	871	26.82	141	87	54	1,410
CORRECTION OFFICERS AND JAILERS	2,445	3,267	822	33.62	180	82	98	1,800
OTHER PROTECTIVE SERVICE WORKERS	9,734	15,776	6,042	62.07	1,816	604	1,212	18,160
CROSSING GUARDS	540	648	108	20.00	90	11	79	900
GUARDS AND WATCH GUARDS	9,194	15,128	5,934	64.54	1,726	593	1,133	17,260
ALL OTHER PROTECTIVE SERVICE WORKERS	3,686	5,164	1,478	40.10	271	148	123	2,710
FOOD AND BEVERAGE OCCUPATIONS	73,625	110,980	37,355	50.74	5,935	3,737	2,198	59,350
HOSTS & HOSTESSES, REST. & LOUNGE	1,500	2,356	856	57.07	144	86	58	1,440
BARTENDERS	2,060	3,228	1,168	56.70	143	117	26	1,430
WAITERS AND WAITRESSES	19,765	31,273	11,508	58.22	1,424	1,151	273	14,240
DINING ROOM & BARTENDER HELPERS	5,345	8,213	2,868	53.66	399	287	112	3,990
COOKS, EXCEPT SHORT ORDER	72	99	27	37.50	5	3	2	50
BAKERS, BREAD AND PASTRY	963	1,494	531	55.14	100	53	47	1,000
COOKS, RESTAURANT	6,157	9,667	3,510	57.01	652	351	301	6,520
COOKS, INSTITUTION OR CAFETERIA	4,177	5,628	1,451	34.74	332	145	187	3,320

OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA (CONT'D)
1985 - 1995

OCCUPATIONS	ESTIMATED EMPLOY. 1985	PROJECTED EMPLOY. 1995	EMPLOY-MENT CHANGE 1985-1995	% CHANGE	ANNUAL OPENINGS	ANNUAL GROWTH	ANNUAL SEPA-RATIONS	TOTAL OPENINGS
COOKS, FAST FOOD AND SHORT ORDER	10,124	14,942	4,818	47.59	830	482	348	8,300
FOOD PREPARATION WORKERS	9,135	13,317	4,182	45.78	775	418	357	7,750
FOOD COUNTER WORKERS, FOUNTAIN & RELATED	11,468	16,478	5,010	43.69	889	501	388	8,890
ALL OTHER FOOD SERVICE WORKERS	2,859	4,285	1,426	49.88	242	143	99	2,420
HEALTH SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	15,051	19,021	3,970	26.38	1,087	397	690	10,870
DENTAL ASSISTANTS	1,614	2,177	563	34.88	75	56	19	750
MEDICAL ASSISTANTS	827	1,128	301	36.40	64	30	34	640
NURSING AIDES AND ORDERLIES	10,069	12,365	2,296	22.80	743	230	513	7,430
HOME HEALTH AIDES	311	481	170	54.66	36	17	19	360
PSYCHIATRIC AIDES	110	120	10	9.09	6	1	5	60
PHYSICAL, CORRECT. THERAPY ASSTS.	272	372	100	36.76	21	10	11	210
OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY ASSISTANTS	109	154	45	41.28	10	5	5	100
AMBULANCE DRIVERS & ATTENDANTS	33	40	7	21.21	2	1	1	20
PHARMACY ASSISTANTS	698	892	194	27.79	47	19	28	470
ALL OTHER HEALTH SERVICE WORKERS	1,008	1,292	284	28.17	83	28	55	830
CLEANING & BUILDING SERVICE OCCS.	38,606	54,670	16,064	41.61	2,886	1,606	1,280	28,860
JANITORS, CLEANERS, MAIDS	34,129	48,603	14,474	42.41	2,595	1,447	1,148	25,950
PEST CONTROLLERS AND ASSISTANTS	819	1,177	358	43.71	49	36	13	490
ALL OTHER CLEAN, BUILDING SERVICE OCCS.	3,658	4,890	1,232	33.68	242	123	119	2,420
PERSONAL SERVICE OCCUPATIONS	14,111	18,532	4,421	31.33	1,157	442	715	11,570
BARBERS	1,144	1,408	264	23.08	171	26	145	1,710
HAIRDRESSERS AND COSMETOLOGISTS	4,902	5,884	982	20.03	279	98	181	2,790
MANICURISTS	43	52	9	20.93	3	1	2	30
SHAMPOOERS	54	59	5	9.26	3	1	2	30
AMUSEMENT & RECREATION ATTENDANTS	1,730	2,349	619	35.78	133	62	71	1,330
USHERS, LOBBY ATTS., TICKET TAKERS	424	525	101	23.82	23	10	13	230
BAGGAGE PORTERS AND BELLHOPS	205	308	103	50.24	12	10	2	120
SOCIAL WELFARE SERVICE AIDES	309	436	127	41.10	31	13	18	310
CHILD CARE WORKERS	5,300	7,511	2,211	41.72	502	221	281	5,020
ALL OTHER SERVICE WORKERS	8,915	11,886	2,971	33.33	586	297	289	5,860
AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING	10,690	13,781	3,091	28.91	906	310	596	9,060
SUPERVISORS, FARM., FOREST., AG. REL.	324	390	66	20.37	17	7	10	170
FORESTRY AND LOGGING OCCUPATIONS	3,048	3,455	407	13.35	123	41	82	1,230
FALLERS AND BUCKERS	1,033	1,160	127	12.29	47	13	34	470
LOG HANDLING EQUIPMENT OPERATORS	579	670	91	15.72	28	9	19	280
LOGGING TRACTOR OPERATORS	1,214	1,377	163	13.43	38	16	22	380
ALL OTHER TIMBER CUTTING WORKERS	222	248	26	11.71	10	3	7	100
OTHER AGRICULTURE & FORESTRY OCCS.	6,825	9,355	2,530	37.07	742	253	489	7,420

OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA (CONT'D)
1985 - 1995

OCCUPATIONS	ESTIMATED EMPLOY. 1985	PROJECTED EMPLOY. 1995	EMPLOY-MENT CHANGE 1985-1995	% CHANGE	ANNUAL			TOTAL OPENINGS
					OPENINGS	GROWTH	SEPA-RATIONS	
FOREST AND CONSERVATION WORKERS	267	298	31	11.61	14	3	11	140
NURSERY WORKERS	299	401	102	34.11	47	10	37	470
GARDENERS AND GROUNDSKEEPERS	5,920	8,180	2,260	38.18	655	226	429	6,550
ANIMAL CARETAKERS, EXCEPT FARM	339	476	137	40.41	26	14	12	260
ALL OTHER AGRIC., FOREST., FISH. OCCS.	493	581	88	17.85	24	9	15	240
PRODUCTION, OPER., MAINTENANCE	513,572	571,600	58,028	11.30	19,934	5,811	14,123	199,340
BLUE-COLLAR WORKER SUPERVISORS	28,153	32,052	3,899	13.85	1,225	390	835	12,250
INSPECTORS & RELATED OCCUPATIONS	18,300	19,023	723	3.95	590	72	518	5,900
MECHANICS, INSTALLERS, REPAIRERS	32,695	38,836	6,141	18.78	1,486	614	872	14,860
INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY MECHANICS	15,187	16,587	1,400	9.22	581	140	441	5,810
MILLWRIGHTS	2,030	2,640	610	30.05	96	61	35	960
MAINTENANCE REPAIRERS, GEN. UTIL.	15,478	19,609	4,131	26.69	809	413	396	8,090
VEHICLE & MOBILE EQUIP. MECHANIC	18,372	22,810	4,438	24.16	865	446	419	8,650
AUTOMOTIVE MECHANICS	8,895	10,994	2,099	23.60	424	210	214	4,240
AUTOMOTIVE BODY, RELATED REPAIRERS	2,980	3,606	626	21.01	131	63	68	1,310
MOTORCYCLE REPAIRERS	151	166	15	9.93	4	2	2	40
BUS, TRUCK, DIESEL ENG. MECHANICS	3,343	4,339	996	29.79	157	100	57	1,570
MOBILE HEAVY EQUIPMENT MECHANICS	1,221	1,516	295	24.16	66	30	36	660
RAIL CAR REPAIRERS	219	236	17	7.76	8	2	6	80
FARM EQUIPMENT MECHANICS	460	518	58	12.61	23	6	17	230
AIRCRAFT MECHANICS	375	501	126	33.60	22	13	9	220
AIRCRAFT ENGINE SPECIALISTS	103	127	24	23.30	3	2	1	30
SMALL ENGINE SPECIALISTS	625	807	182	29.12	27	18	9	270
COMMUNICATIONS EQUIP. MECHANICS	1,357	1,472	115	8.47	46	12	34	460
CENTRAL OFFICE & PBX INSTALS. & RPRS.	992	1,062	70	7.06	32	7	25	320
FRAME WIRERS, CENTRAL OFFICE	91	97	6	6.59	3	1	2	30
SIGNAL OR TRACK SWITCH MAINT. WORKERS	67	55	-12	-17.91	0	-1	1	0
RADIO MECHANICS	88	116	28	31.82	5	3	2	50
ALL OTHER COMMUN. EQUIP. MECHANICS	119	142	23	19.33	6	2	4	60
ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC EQ. MECHS.	8,780	10,338	1,558	17.74	300	155	145	3,000
TELEPHONE & CABLE TV INSTALS./RPRS.	1,840	2,066	226	12.28	30	23	7	300
DATA PROCESSING EQUIP. REPAIRERS	667	1,049	382	57.27	42	38	4	420
HOME ENTERTAINMENT EQ. REPAIRERS	546	708	162	29.67	38	16	22	380
HOME APPL. & POWER TOOL REPAIRERS	841	988	147	17.48	40	15	25	400
ELECTRONICS REPAIRERS, COMM. & IND.	1,314	1,587	273	20.78	62	27	35	620
ELEC. INSTALLS.; ELEC. MOTOR REPAIRERS	690	823	133	19.28	34	13	21	340
ELECTRICAL POWERLINE INSTALS./RPRS.	1,895	2,126	231	12.19	44	23	21	440
TELEPH. STATION INSTALLS. & REPAIRERS	987	991	4	0.41	10	0	10	100

OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA (CONT'D)
1985 - 1995

OCCUPATIONS	ESTIMATED EMPLOY. 1985	PROJECTED EMPLOY. 1995	EMPLOY-MENT CHANGE 1985-1995	% CHANGE	ANNUAL OPENINGS	ANNUAL GROWTH	ANNUAL SEPA-RATIONS	TOTAL OPENINGS
OTHER MECHANICS, INSTALLERS, & RPRS.	13,013	15,247	2,234	17.17	602	222	380	6,020
HEATING, A/C, REFRIG. MECHANICS	3,840	4,774	934	24.32	154	93	61	1,540
PRECISION INSTRUMENT REPAIRERS	935	1,027	92	9.84	74	9	65	740
ELECTROMEDICAL & BIOMED. REPAIRERS	98	119	21	21.43	9	2	7	90
ELECTRIC METER INSTALLERS/REPAIRERS	149	165	16	10.74	12	2	10	120
CAMERA & PHOTOGRAPHIC REPAIRERS	12	15	3	25.00	1	0	1	10
WATCHMAKERS	89	103	14	15.73	7	1	6	70
MUSICAL INSTRUMENT REPAIRERS & TUNERS	189	230	41	21.69	18	4	14	180
OFFICE MACHINE, REGISTER SERVICERS	461	611	150	32.54	32	15	17	320
ELEVATOR INSTALLERS & REPAIRERS	41	52	11	26.83	4	1	3	40
RIGGERS	628	699	71	11.31	22	7	15	220
COIN & VENDING MACHINE SERVICERS	634	748	114	17.98	27	11	16	270
BICYCLE REPAIRERS	84	101	17	20.24	4	2	2	40
TIRE REPAIRERS AND CHANGERS	1,860	2,248	388	20.86	86	39	47	860
ALL OTHER MECHANICS, INSTALLERS	3,993	4,355	362	9.07	152	36	116	1,520
CONSTRUCTION TRADES, EXTRACTIVE	52,554	65,057	12,503	23.79	2,642	1,252	1,390	26,420
CONSTRUCTION WORKERS	50,984	63,184	12,200	23.93	2,564	1,222	1,342	25,640
CEILING TILE INSTALLERS	193	245	52	26.94	12	5	7	120
CARPENTERS	8,744	11,319	2,575	29.45	536	258	278	5,360
DRYWALL INSTALLERS & FINISHERS	1,011	1,297	286	28.29	61	29	32	610
ELECTRICIANS	8,872	10,377	1,505	16.96	314	151	163	3,140
HARD TILE SETTERS	364	461	97	26.65	15	10	5	150
BRICKLAYERS AND STONE MASONS	1,956	2,456	500	25.56	111	50	61	1,110
CONCRETE AND TERRAZZO FINISHERS	1,367	1,747	380	27.80	126	38	88	1,260
PLASTERERS AND STUCCO MASONS	251	300	49	19.52	23	5	18	230
STRUCT. & REINFORC. METAL WORKERS	1,002	1,261	259	25.85	57	26	31	570
PAINTERS AND PAPERHANGERS	7,744	9,822	2,078	26.83	474	208	266	4,740
PLUMBERS, PIPEFITTERS, STEAMFITTERS	6,909	8,522	1,613	23.35	328	161	167	3,280
PIPELAYERS & PIPELAYING FITTERS	1,155	1,443	288	24.94	65	29	36	650
CARPET INSTALLERS	612	808	196	32.03	24	20	4	240
PAVING, SURFACING, TAMPING WORKERS	852	1,076	224	26.29	26	22	4	260
HIGHWAY MAINTENANCE WORKERS	2,752	3,273	521	18.93	101	52	49	1,010
INSULATION WORKERS	1,743	2,204	461	26.45	58	46	12	580
ROOFERS	2,133	2,658	525	24.61	82	53	29	820
GLAZIERS	371	480	109	29.38	14	11	3	140
ALL OTHER CONSTRUCTION WORKERS	2,953	3,435	482	16.32	137	48	89	1,370
EXTRACTIVE AND BLASTING WORKERS	1,570	1,873	303	19.30	78	30	48	780
MINING, QUARRYING & TUNNELING OCCS.	32	23	-9	-28.13	0	-1	1	0
ALL OTHER EXTRACTIVE & RELATED OCCS.	1,538	1,850	312	20.29	78	31	47	780
PRECISION PRODUCTION OCCUPATIONS	164,724	166,126	1,402	0.85	4,762	143	4,619	47,620

OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA (CONT'D)
1985 - 1995

OCCUPATIONS	ESTIMATED EMPLOY. 1985	PROJECTED EMPLOY. 1995	EMPLOYMENT CHANGE 1985-1995	% CHANGE	ANNUAL			TOTAL OPENINGS
					OPENINGS	GROWTH	SEPARATIONS	
PRECISION METAL WORKERS	11,327	12,801	1,474	13.01	393	146	247	3,930
TOOL AND DIE MAKERS	1,307	1,530	223	17.06	46	22	24	460
MACHINISTS	3,801	4,017	216	5.68	126	22	104	1,260
SHIPFITTERS	552	565	13	2.36	12	1	11	120
JEWELERS AND SILVERSMITHS	294	367	73	24.83	17	7	10	170
SHEET METAL WORKERS	3,438	4,170	732	21.29	119	73	46	1,190
BOILERMAKERS	522	605	83	15.90	19	8	11	190
ALL OTHER PRECISION METAL WORKERS	1,413	1,547	134	9.48	54	13	41	540
PRECISION WOODWORKERS	2,246	2,685	439	19.55	112	44	68	1,120
PRECISION TEXTILE, APPAREL, FURN. WORKERS	3,766	4,340	574	15.24	248	58	190	2,480
FABRIC PATTERNMAKERS, LAYOUT WORKERS	417	388	-29	-6.95	11	-3	14	110
CUSTOM TAILORS AND SEWERS	923	1,142	219	23.73	77	22	55	770
UPHOLSTERERS	998	1,163	165	16.53	58	17	41	580
SHOE AND LEATHER WORKERS	139	203	64	46.04	48	6	42	480
ALL OTHER PRECISION TEXTILE & REL. WORKERS	1,289	1,444	155	12.02	54	16	38	540
PRECISION PRINTING WORKERS	802	952	150	18.70	27	15	12	270
PRECISION COMPOSITORS, TYPESETTERS	254	255	1	0.39	3	0	3	30
JOB PRINTERS	268	336	68	25.37	11	7	4	110
PRECISION LITHOGRAPHERS & PHOTOGRAPHERS	232	303	71	30.60	9	7	2	90
BOOKBINDERS	48	58	10	20.83	4	1	3	40
PRECISION FOOD WORKERS	3,914	4,593	679	17.35	188	68	120	1,880
BUTCHERS AND MEATCUTTERS	3,123	3,580	457	14.63	139	46	93	1,390
BAKERS, MANUFACTURING	659	819	160	24.28	38	16	22	380
ALL OTHER PRECISION FOOD, TOBACCO WORKERS	132	194	62	46.97	11	6	5	110
OTHER PRECISION WORKERS	2,088	2,432	344	16.48	89	35	54	890
PHOTOGRAPHIC PROCESS WORKERS	89	124	35	39.33	6	4	2	60
OPTICAL GOODS WORKERS	36	40	4	11.11	1	0	1	10
DENTAL LABORATORY TECHNICIANS	329	438	109	33.13	14	11	3	140
ALL OTHER PRECISION WORKERS	1,634	1,830	196	12.00	68	20	48	680
MACH. SETS., SET-UP OPS., OPERS. & TENDS.	12,833	13,759	926	7.22	409	93	316	4,090
LATHE, TURNING MACH. SETS./OPS., METAL/PLASTIC	1,093	1,155	62	5.67	22	6	16	220
DRILLING, BORING MACH. SETS./OPS., METAL/PLAS.	903	936	33	3.65	22	3	19	220
GRINDING, BUFFING MACH. SETS./OPS., METAL/PLAS.	1,521	1,609	88	5.79	39	9	30	390
MACHINE TOOL CUTTING OPERS., METAL/PLASTIC	2,292	2,394	102	4.45	80	10	70	800
PUNCHING MACH. SETTERS/OPERS., METAL/PLAS.	603	642	39	6.47	17	4	13	170
MACHINE FORMING OPERATORS, METAL/PLAS.	1,951	2,067	116	5.95	51	12	39	510
ALL OTHER MACH. TOOL OPS., CUTTS. & FORMS.	2,078	2,200	122	5.87	71	12	59	710
NUMERICAL CONTROL MACH. TOOL OPS., M/P	1,157	1,346	189	16.34	52	19	33	520

OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA (CONT'D)
1985 - 1995

OCCUPATIONS	ESTIMATED EMPLOY. 1985	PROJECTED EMPLOY. 1995	EMPLOY-MENT CHANGE 1985-1995	% CHANGE	ANNUAL OPENINGS	ANNUAL GROWTH	ANNUAL SEPA-RATIONS	TOTAL OPENINGS
COMBIN. MACH. TOOL SETS./OPERS., M/P	1,235	1,410	175	14.17	55	18	37	550
METAL FABRICATING SETTERS & OPERS.	1,807	2,039	232	12.84	72	23	49	720
SOLDERING, BRAZING MACH. SETS./OPS.	297	338	41	13.80	13	4	9	130
STRUCTURAL METAL FABRICATORS	417	494	77	18.47	16	8	8	160
WELDING MACHINE SETS./OPS./TENDERS	1,093	1,207	114	10.43	43	11	32	430
METAL & PLASTIC PROCESS. MACH. SETTERS	5,223	5,840	617	11.81	192	62	130	1,920
METAL MOLDING MACH. OPS./TEND./SETTERS	437	480	43	9.84	17	4	13	170
FOUNDRY MOLD ASSEMBLY/SHAKEOUT WORKERS	42	48	6	14.29	2	1	1	20
ELECTROLYTIC PLATING MACH. OPERS.	429	430	1	0.23	12	0	12	120
HEATING EQUIP. SETTERS/OPERS., M/P	172	208	36	20.93	4	4	0	40
NONELECTROLYTIC PLATING MACH. OPRS.	42	48	6	14.29	2	1	1	20
HEAT TREATING, TEMPERING MACH. OPS.	394	458	64	16.24	7	6	1	70
FURNACE OPERATORS AND TENDERS	240	263	23	9.58	3	2	1	30
HEATERS, METAL AND PLASTIC	41	43	2	4.88	0	0	0	0
PLASTIC MOLDING, CASTING OPERS.	1,227	1,423	196	15.97	57	20	37	570
ALL OTHER MET. & PLAS. MACH. SETS./OPS.	2,199	2,439	240	10.91	88	24	64	880
WOODWORKING MACHINE SETTERS, OPS.	2,440	2,763	323	13.24	104	32	72	1,040
HEAD SAWYERS & SAW MACH. OPRS./TENDERS	1,452	1,642	190	13.09	62	19	43	620
WOODWORKING MACHINE OPERATORS	988	1,121	133	13.46	42	13	29	420
PRINTING, BINDING, & RELATED OCCS.	3,842	4,410	568	14.78	167	58	109	1,670
OFFSET LITHOGRAPHIC PRESS SETTERS	564	770	206	36.52	37	21	16	370
LETTERPRESS SETTERS/OPERATORS	72	78	6	8.33	3	1	2	30
ALL OTHER PRINTING PRESS SETS./OPS.	87	107	20	22.99	4	2	2	40
PHOTOENG. & LITHOG. MACH. OPS./TENDERS	157	214	57	36.31	11	6	5	110
SCREEN PRINTING MACH. SETTERS/OPS.	548	542	-6	-1.09	15	-1	16	150
BINDERY MACH. OPERATORS/SETS./TENDERS	291	380	89	30.58	18	9	9	180
TYPESETTING MACH. OPERATORS/TENDERS	177	189	12	6.78	3	1	2	30
PRINTING PRESS MACH. OPS./SETS./TENDERS	1,107	1,323	216	19.51	56	22	34	560
ALL OTHER PRINTING, BINDING, & REL. OCCS.	839	807	-32	-3.81	20	-3	23	200
TEXTILE MACH. OPERATORS & RELATED OCCS.	88,032	80,553	-7,479	-8.50	1,724	-748	2,472	17,240
TEXTILE MACHINE SETTERS/OPERATORS	7,453	7,203	-250	-3.35	188	-25	213	1,880
EXTRUDING MACH. OPERATORS, FIBERS	4,431	4,421	-10	-0.23	135	-1	136	1,350
TEXTILE DRAWOUT & WIND. MACH. OPS./SETS.	37,261	31,125	-6,136	-16.47	335	-614	949	3,350
TEXTILE DYEING MACHINE OPERATORS	3,385	3,151	-234	-6.91	77	-23	100	770
SEWING MACHINE OPERATORS, GARMENT	25,408	24,494	-914	-3.60	610	-91	701	6,100
SEWING MACHINE OPERATORS, NON-GARMENT	5,774	5,287	-487	-8.43	106	-49	155	1,060
SHOE SEWING MACHINE OPERATORS	97	110	13	13.40	3	1	2	30
LAUNDRY, DRYCLEANING MACH. OPERATORS	1,867	2,356	489	26.19	155	49	106	1,550

OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA (CONT'D)
1985 - 1995

OCCUPATIONS	ESTIMATED EMPLOY. 1985	PROJECTED EMPLOY. 1995	EMPLOY-MENT CHANGE 1985-1995	% CHANGE	ANNUAL			TOTAL OPENINGS
					OPENINGS	GROWTH	SEPA-RATIONS	
PRESSING MACHINE OPERATORS, TEXTILES	2,356	2,406	50	2.12	115	5	110	1,150
OTHER MACH. SETTERS, OPERATORS, TENDERS	26,404	28,959	2,555	9.68	1,037	257	780	10,370
MOTION PICTURE PROJECTIONISTS	119	148	29	24.37	6	3	3	60
PHOTOGRAPHIC PROCESSING MACH. OPERATORS	159	211	52	32.70	8	5	3	80
COOKING MACHINE OPERS., FOOD/TOBACCO	169	182	13	7.69	6	1	5	60
PAPER GOODS MACHINE SETTERS/OPERS.	1,108	1,300	192	17.33	39	19	20	390
FURNACE, KILN, OVEN, KETTLE OPERATORS	1,461	1,557	96	6.57	45	10	35	450
LOW PRESSURE BOILER OPERATORS	647	684	37	5.72	25	4	21	250
CHEMICAL EQUIPMENT TENDERS	1,818	1,658	-160	-8.80	32	-16	48	320
DAIRY PROCESSING EQUIP. OPERATORS	106	126	20	18.87	4	2	2	40
CUTTING & SLICING MACH. SETS./OPS.	1,121	1,308	187	16.68	53	19	34	530
PAINTERS, TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	407	514	107	26.29	20	11	9	200
CEMENTING & GLUING MACHINE OPERATORS	494	563	69	13.97	15	7	8	150
PAINTING MACHINE OPERATORS	1,432	1,616	184	12.85	60	18	42	600
SEPARATING, FILTERING MACH. OPERATORS	93	98	5	5.38	2	1	1	20
CRUSHING & MIXING MACHINE OPERATORS	2,744	3,012	268	9.77	86	27	59	860
EXTRUDING & FORMING MACH. SETS./OPS.	3,112	3,451	339	10.89	125	34	91	1,250
PACKAGING & FILLING MACHINE OPERATORS	4,076	4,548	472	11.58	233	47	186	2,330
ALL OTHER MACHINE OPERATORS	7,338	7,983	645	8.79	278	65	213	2,780
HAND WORKING OCCS., INC. ASSEMBLERS	40,029	43,742	3,713	9.28	1,304	373	931	13,040
PRECISION ASSEMBLERS	3,016	3,337	321	10.64	89	34	55	890
MACHINE BUILDERS	526	542	16	3.04	12	2	10	120
STRUCTURAL METAL FITTERS	294	329	35	11.90	10	4	6	100
ELECTROMECHANICAL EQUIPT. ASSEMBLERS	300	338	38	12.67	10	4	6	100
ELECTRICAL, ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLERS	1,760	1,966	206	11.70	50	21	29	500
ALL OTHER PRECISION ASSEMBLERS	136	162	26	19.12	7	3	4	70
OTHER HAND WORKERS & ASSEMBLERS	32,195	35,319	3,124	9.70	1,036	312	724	10,360
MACHINE ASSEMBLERS	593	656	63	10.62	17	6	11	170
ELECRICAL, ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLERS	2,846	1,839	-1,007	-35.38	-59	-101	42	-590
COIL WINDERS, TAPERS, FINISHERS	328	297	-31	-9.45	4	-3	7	40
WELDERS AND CUTTERS	5,702	6,753	1,051	18.43	175	105	70	1,750
SOLDERERS AND BRAZERS	425	522	97	22.82	18	10	8	180
PRESSERS, HAND	660	634	-26	-3.94	12	-3	15	120
SEWERS, HAND	259	263	4	1.54	8	0	8	80
CUTTERS AND TRIMMERS, HAND	1,034	1,131	97	9.38	15	10	5	150
PORTABLE MACHINE CUTTERS	513	483	-30	-5.85	-1	-3	2	-10
CANNERY WORKERS	231	268	37	16.02	10	4	6	100
MEAT, POULTRY, FISH CUTTERS	1,163	1,339	176	15.13	24	18	6	240
METAL POURERS, BASIC SHAPES	236	258	22	9.32	3	2	1	30
PAINTERS, HAND	442	515	73	16.52	14	7	7	140

OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA (CONT'D)
1985 - 1995

OCCUPATIONS	ESTIMATED EMPLOY. 1985	PROJECTED EMPLOY. 1995	EMPLOY-MENT CHANGE 1985-1995	% CHANGE	ANNUAL			TOTAL OPENINGS
					OPENINGS	GROWTH	SEPA-RATIONS	
GRINDERS AND POLISHERS, HAND	685	744	59	8.61	33	6	27	330
ALL OTHER ASSEMBLERS & FABRICATORS	12,507	13,852	1,345	10.75	501	135	366	5,010
ALL OTHER HAND WORKERS	4,571	5,765	1,194	26.12	262	119	143	2,620
PLANT & SYSTEM OCCUPATIONS	4,818	5,086	268	5.56	179	27	152	1,790
WATER & WASTE TREAT. PLANT OPERS.	1,375	1,617	242	17.60	101	24	77	1,010
CHEMICAL PLANT AND SYSTEM OPERS.	1,060	924	-136	-12.83	2	-14	16	20
GAS & PETROLEUM PLANT, SYSTEM OCCS.	1	1	0	0.00	0	0	0	0
POWER DISTRIBUTORS & DISPATCHERS	562	589	27	4.80	8	3	5	80
STATIONARY ENGINEERS	405	415	10	2.47	14	1	13	140
ALL OTHER PLANT AND SYSTEM OCCS.	1,020	1,137	117	11.47	42	12	30	420
POWER & REACTOR PLANT OPERATORS	395	403	8	2.03	12	1	11	120
TRANSP. & MAT. MOVING MACH. OPERS.	57,399	67,770	10,371	18.07	2,809	1,039	1,770	28,090
MOTOR VEHICLE OPERATORS	36,889	46,143	9,254	25.09	2,094	926	1,168	20,940
TRUCK DRIVERS	28,719	36,517	7,798	27.15	1,685	780	905	16,850
BUS DRIVERS	666	943	277	41.59	38	28	10	380
BUS DRIVERS, SCHOOL	2,741	3,345	604	22.04	97	60	37	970
TAXI DRIVERS AND CHAUFFEURS	797	952	155	19.45	74	16	58	740
DRIVERS/SALES WORKERS	3,102	3,310	208	6.71	67	21	46	670
ALL OTHER MOTOR VEHICLE OPERATORS	864	1,076	212	24.54	133	21	112	1,330
RAIL TRANSPORTATION WORKERS	1,484	1,342	-142	-9.57	20	-14	34	200
RAILROAD CONDUCTORS, YARDMASTERS	477	427	-50	-10.48	9	-5	14	90
LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS	262	234	-28	-10.69	6	-3	9	60
RAIL YARD ENGINEERS, DINKEY OPERS.	253	240	-13	-5.14	8	-1	9	80
ALL OTHER RAIL VEHICLE OPERATORS	16	12	-4	-25.00	0	0	0	0
RAILROAD BRAKE, SIGNAL, SWITCH OPERS.	476	429	-47	-9.87	-3	-5	2	-30
WATER TRANSPORTATION & RELATED WORKERS	440	666	226	51.36	36	23	13	360
MATES AND ABLE SEAMEN	45	71	26	57.78	5	3	2	50
MATES, SHIP, BOAT, AND BARGE	3	5	2	66.67	0	0	0	0
CAPTAINS AND PILOTS, SHIP	59	94	35	59.32	6	4	2	60
SHIP ENGINEERS	19	32	13	68.42	2	1	1	20
AIRCRAFT PILOTS, FLIGHT ENGINEERS	314	464	150	47.77	23	15	8	230
OTHER TRANSPORTATION WORKERS	3,491	4,266	775	22.20	241	77	164	2,410
SERVICE STATION ATTENDANTS	2,455	2,982	527	21.47	174	53	121	1,740
PARKING LOT ATTENDANTS	56	70	14	25.00	14	1	13	140
ALL OTHER TRANSPORTATION WORKERS	980	1,214	234	23.88	53	23	30	530
MATERIAL MOVING EQUIPMENT OPERS.	15,095	15,353	258	1.71	418	27	391	4,180
OTHER MATERIAL MOVING EQUIP. OPERS.	1,672	1,991	319	19.08	83	32	51	830
EXCAVATION LOADING MACHINE OPERS.	980	1,185	205	20.92	31	21	10	310
GRADER, DOZER, SCRAPER OPERATORS	1,568	1,937	369	23.53	136	37	99	1,360

OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA (CONT'D)
1985 - 1995

OCCUPATIONS	ESTIMATED EMPLOY. 1985	PROJECTED EMPLOY. 1995	EMPLOY-MENT CHANGE 1985-1995	% CHANGE	ANNUAL			TOTAL OPENINGS
					OPENINGS	GROWTH	SEPA-RATIONS	
HOIST AND WINCH OPERATORS	169	196	27	15.98	19	3	16	190
CRANE AND TOWER OPERATORS	879	1,054	175	19.91	54	18	36	540
INDUSTRIAL TRUCK & TRACTOR OPERS.	7,434	6,255	-1,179	-15.86	0	-118	118	0
OPERATING ENGINEERS	1,057	1,225	168	15.89	39	17	22	390
ALL OTHER TRANSP., MAT. MOVING OPRS.	1,336	1,510	174	13.02	56	17	39	560
HELPERS, LABORERS, MAT. MOVERS, HAND	78,196	89,127	10,931	13.98	3,303	1,093	2,210	33,030
CONSTRUCTION-TRADES HELPERS	13,456	16,338	2,882	21.42	701	288	413	7,010
HELPERS, ALL OTHER CONSTRUCTION	13,456	16,338	2,882	21.42	701	288	413	7,010
MACHINE FEEDERS AND OFFBEARERS	7,579	7,466	-113	-1.49	74	-11	85	740
HAND FREIGHT, STOCK, MAT. MOVERS	57,161	65,323	8,162	14.28	2,528	816	1,712	25,280
REFUSE COLLECTORS	2,131	2,644	513	24.07	163	51	112	1,630
FREIGHT & MATERIAL MOVERS, HAND	16,112	18,338	2,226	13.82	701	223	478	7,010
HAND PACKERS AND PACKAGERS	8,353	9,936	1,583	18.95	364	158	206	3,640
VEHICLE, EQUIPMENT CLEANERS	3,593	4,365	772	21.49	202	77	125	2,020
ALL OTHER HELPERS, LABORERS, MOVERS	26,972	30,040	3,068	11.37	1,098	307	791	10,980

SOURCE: S. C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division

APPENDIX

GLOSSARY

Beneficiaries -- Claimants who are actually receiving UI benefit payments.

Benefit Year -- A period, generally 52 weeks, during which an individual UI claimant may receive his/her maximum potential benefit amount.

Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) -- A federal agency responsible for the gathering, analysis, and publication of labor market data.

Civilian Labor Force -- All non-institutionalized civilians, 16 years of age and older, who are classified as employed or unemployed by place of residence.

Comprehensive Employment and Training Act (CETA) of 1973 -- A federal decentralized, decategorized manpower program designed to serve the employment and training needs of all states, cities, counties, and combinations of local units with populations of 100,000 or more. The CETA program was replaced by the Job Training Partnership Act in October 1982.

Current Population Survey (CPS) -- A national survey of selected households conducted monthly by the Bureau of the Census to measure the labor force and population and to determine their personal and economic characteristics. The sample is based on activity of the households for the calendar week including the 12th of the month.

Dictionary of Occupational Titles (DOT) -- A reference work published by the United States Employment Service which categorizes occupational data. The latest edition available is the Fourth Edition, 1977.

Economically Disadvantaged -- An individual who: (a) receives, or is a member of a family who receives, cash welfare payments under a federal, state, or local program; or (b) has, or is a member of a family which has, received a total family income for the six-month period prior to application for the program involved (exclusive of welfare payments) which, in relation to family size, was not in excess of the poverty level determined in accordance with criteria established by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget; or (c) is receiving food stamps; or (d) is a foster child on behalf of whom state or local government payments are made; or (e) is a handicapped individual whose own income meets the requirements of (a) or (b) above, but who is a member of a family whose income does not meet such requirements.

Employment -- This is an estimated count of people, 16 years of age or older, who worked as paid employees; or in their own business, profession, or on their own farm; or who worked at least 15 hours as unpaid workers in a family-operated business during the calendar week including the 12th of the month. The count also includes those who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent.

Employment Security Automated Reporting System (ESARS) -- An automated data system which generates statistical reports based on applicants and openings filed in state Employment Service offices.

Employment and Training Administration (ETA) -- A division of the U.S. Department of Labor responsible for the implementation of the provisions of the Comprehensive Employment and Training Act, replaced by the Job Training Partnership Act of October 1982.

Exhaustees -- Claimants who are no longer receiving UI benefits because they have exhausted their benefit rights.

Initial Claim -- A notice filed by a worker at the beginning of a period of unemployment requesting a determination of insured status for UI benefits.

Insured Unemployment -- Represents the number of claims processed during the reference week for a week of partial or total unemployment covered by state law.

Job Service -- A nationwide system of public employment offices funded through the United States Employment Service (USES), as grantee state agencies, and the various offices of the state agencies.

Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) -- This act was signed into law in October 1982 and created a new training system to replace the Comprehensive Employment and Training Act (CETA) of 1973, which expired on September 30, 1982. The JTPA program is designed for individuals who are in special need of training to obtain productive employment.

Labor Market Information (LMI) -- A body of knowledge that describes the nature, characteristics, and operation of those mechanisms, institutions, and participants involved in the matching of labor supply with demand. LMI is made up of a variety of economic, social, and demographic information. The information describes current conditions and forecasts conditions at a future date. LMI is comprised of population data, labor force data, occupational data, general economic trends, and career data. LMI has many planning uses. The information can be used to determine policy and program needs, to allocate resources, and to establish program performance standards.

Labor Surplus Area -- A civil jurisdiction (all cities with a population of at least 25,000 and all counties) where the average unemployment rate was at least 1.20 times the average national rate during the previous two calendar years.

Labor Turnover -- The movement of wage and salary workers into and out of employed status, with respect to individual firms.

Long-Term Unemployment -- More than 15 consecutive weeks of unemployment.

Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) -- A city of 50,000 population; or an urbanized area of 50,000 population, or an urbanized area of 50,000 with a total metropolitan population of at least 100,000 qualified for recognition as a MSA.

National Occupational Information Coordinating Committee (NOICC) -- A committee created by Congress in 1976 to work on the development of a common denominator for occupational data and inter-agency communication and coordination.

National Systems Data Base Interface (NSDBI) -- A software system which allows for the input, maintenance, storage, and retrieval of job order and job applicant information.

Per Capita Personal Income -- Total personal income of a specific area (i.e., city, county, state, nation) divided by the midyear (July 1) total population residing in that area.

Personal Income -- Total money income received by all persons from all sources. It is the sum of wages and salaries, proprietor's income, rental income, dividends, interest, and transfer payments, less personal income for social security.

Poverty Level -- The annual income level at, or below, which families are considered to live in poverty, as annually determined by the Office of Management and Budget. The 1988 poverty guidelines for South Carolina are listed below:

Size of Family Unit	Income Level	
	Nonmetro	Metropolitan
1	$ 5,770	$ 5,770
2	7,730	7,730
3	9,690	10,170
4	11,780	12,560
5	13,900	14,820
6	16,260	17,330
7	18,620	19,840
8	20,980	22,350

For family units with more than eight members, add $2,360 for nonmetro and $2,510 for metro for each additional member.

Private Industry Council (PIC) -- A group of private sector employers (majority) and agency representatives appointed by the governor to provide policy and program guidance under the Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA).

Service Delivery Areas (SDA's) -- The districts within a state through which direct job training services are delivered. SDA's may include the entire state, or one or more general purpose local governments, but may not split local political jurisdictions. Each SDA has a private industry council (PIC). South Carolina is a statewide SDA.

Small Business -- As determined by the Small Business Administration, the actual criteria for consideration as a "small business" may vary according to the type of business. In South Carolina, around 95% of the private businesses have been categorized as small businesses.

South Carolina Occupational Information Coordinating Committee (SCOICC) -- An interagency consortium which was formed in accordance with a mandate of the Education Amendments of 1976. The committee oversees the South Carolina Occupational Information System, which has the main function of improving communication and coordination in the development and use of occupational information. In addition, the SCOIS serves to meet the career information needs of youth.

South Carolina Occupational Information System (SCOIS) -- A computer network which delivers occupational, educational, career, and job openings information to South Carolinians making career or job decisions.

Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual -- A reference work published by the Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, which was developed for classifying establishments on the basis of industrial activity.

State Occupational Information Coordinating Committees (SOICC's) -- Committees set up at a state level to work on developing common occupational data. The SCOICC is part of this network.

Targeted Jobs Tax Credit (TJTC) -- A tax credit program, created in 1979, which is designed to provide an incentive to employers to hire certain persons from targeted groups with particularly high unemployment rates or other special employment problems.

Unemployment -- An estimated count of people, 16 years of age or older, who did not work during the calendar week including the 12th of the month, but were able to work and were actively seeking work.

Unemployment Insurance (UI) -- The program which encompasses all state and federal unemployment compensation laws and related programs administered by the state and federal Unemployment Insurance Service.

Unemployment Rate -- The total number of unemployed persons as a percentage of the civilian labor force (employed and unemployed).

Wagner-Peyser Act -- An act passed by Congress on June 6, 1933, to provide for the establishment of a national employment service system, and for cooperation with the states in the promotion of such a system.

Work Incentive (WIN) Program -- An employment and training program aimed at helping employable welfare recipients find jobs and become self-sufficient.

SOURCE: Labor Market Information: A Handbook, U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, 1979. Employment and Training Administration Glossary of Program Terms and Definitions, U. S. Department of Labor, ETA, 1980. S. C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division.

CONTACTS FOR INFORMATION ON SOUTH CAROLINA

INFORMATION ON:	ORGANIZATION
Industrial Development Economic/Financial Environment	S.C. State Development Board Post Office Box 927 Columbia, S.C. 29202 (803) 734-1400
Economic Forecast Information Statistical Abstract Population & Personal Income	Research & Statistical Services 337 Dennis Building 1000 Assembly Street Columbia, S.C. 29201-3187 (803) 734-3793
Business Conditions Cost of Living General Information About the State	S.C. Chamber of Commerce Post Office Box 11278 Columbia, S.C. 29211 (803) 799-4601
Manufacturing Data OSHA Information Labor-Management Services	S.C. Labor Department Post Office Box 11329 Columbia, S.C. 29211 (803) 734-9612
Workmen's Compensation	S.C. Worker's Compensation Commission 1612 Marion Street Columbia, S.C. 29202 (803) 737-5700
Training, Jobs, & Human Resources; Administrative Entity for Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA)	Division of Employment & Training Governor's Office 1300 Pickens Street Columbia, S.C. 29201 (803) 734-8950
Health & Human Services	Health & Human Services Governor's Office 1205 Pendleton Street Columbia, S.C. 29202 (803) 734-0461
Job Classifications & Qualifications for State Government Jobs	Division of Human Resource Management Post Office Box 12547 Columbia, S.C. 29211 (803) 734-0208

CONTACTS FOR INFORMATION ON SOUTH CAROLINA (CONT'D)

INFORMATION ON:	ORGANIZATION
Housing & Land Opportunities	S.C. Real Estate Commission Capitol Center, AT&T Building 1201 Main Street, Suite 1500 Columbia, S.C. 29201 (803) 737-0700
Applicants & Job Openings Economic & Employment Statistics/ Outlook	S.C. Employment Security Commission Labor Market Information Division Post Office Box 995 Columbia, S.C. 29202 (803) 737-2660
Public Education	S.C. Department of Education Rutledge Building 1429 Senate Street Columbia, S.C. 29201 (803) 734-8497
Higher Education	S. C. Commission on Higher Education 1333 Main Street, Suite 650 Columbia, S. C. 29201 (803) 253-6260
Housing	Residential Home Builders Commission 221 Devine Street, Suite 530 Columbia, S.C. 29205 (803) 734-9178
Special Economic Impact Studies and Analysis	Academic Research Department (Contact Your Local Institution of Higher Education)
Available State Services	S.C. Program Assistance Line-"PAL" Office of the Lt. Governor Post Office Box 142 Columbia, S.C. 29202 (803) 734-2050 Statewide Toll-free 1-800-922-2221
Consumer Services	S.C. Department of Consumer Affairs 2801 Devine Street, 2nd Floor Columbia, S.C. 29250 (803) 734-9458

CONTACTS FOR INFORMATION ON SOUTH CAROLINA (CONT'D)

INFORMATION ON:	ORGANIZATION
Community Relations	S.C. Human Affairs Commission 2611 Forest Drive, Suite 200 Columbia, S.C. 29211 (803) 737-6570
Recreation & Tourism Industry	S.C. Department of Parks, Recreation, and Tourism 1205 Pendleton Street Suite 110, Edgar A. Brown Building Columbia, S.C. 29201 (803) 734-0166
Technical Education Programs Industrial and Economic Development	State Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education 111 Executive Center Drive Columbia, S.C. 29210 (803) 737-9320
Services for Women	S.C. Commission on Women 2221 Devine Street, Suite 408 Columbia, S.C. 29205 (803) 734-9143
Loans for Business	S.C. Bankers Association 2009 Park Street Columbia, S.C. 29201 (803) 779-0850
Business Assistance	S.C. Research Authority Keenan Building Columbia, S.C. 29201 (803) 799-4070
Small Business Resources Loans for Business	S.C. Jobs-Economic Development Authority (JEDA) #1 Main Building 1203 Gervais Street Columbia, S.C. 29201 (803) 734-1470

SMALL BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CENTERS

Small Business Development Center
College of Commerce and Industry
Sirrine Hall
Clemson University
Clemson, S.C. 29631
(803) 656-3227

Small Business Development Center
Media Building--Room 157, USCS
Spartanburg, S.C. 29303
(803) 578-6233

Small Business Development Center
College of Business Administration
University of South Carolina
Columbia, S.C. 29208
(803) 777-5118

Small Business Development Center
School of Business and Economics
4 Green Way
Charleston, S.C. 29424
(803) 792-4065

Small Business Development Center
School of Business Administration
Kinard Hall
Winthrop College
Rock Hill, S.C. 29733
(803) 323-2208

Small Business Development Center
Florence-Darlington Technical College
Post Office Box 8000
Florence, S.C. 29501
(803) 662-8151 ext. 249

Small Business Development Center
Department of Business Administration
Coastal Carolina College
Conway, S.C. 29526
(803) 347-3161

Minority Development Center
Department of Business Administration
South Carolina State College
Orangeburg, S.C. 29117
(803) 534-6894

Small Business Development Center
Beaufort Technical College
Post Office Box 1288
Beaufort, S.C. 29901
(803) 524-3380 ext. 258

Small Business Development Center
Newberry Vocational Education Ctr.
Post Office Box 799
Newberry, S.C. 29108
(803) 276-8300

Small Business Development Center
Fairfield County Court House
Winnsboro, S.C. 29180
(803) 635-1411

Small Business Development Center
Aiken Technical College
Post Office Box 696
Aiken, S.C. 29801
(803) 593-9231

Small Business Development Center
Lander College
Greenwood, S.C. 29646
(803) 227-6110

Small Business Development Center
Greenville City Hall
Greenville, S.C.
(803) 271-4259

Small Business Development Center
Sumter Technical College
505 North Guignard Drive
Sumter, S.C. 29150
(803) 778-1961

LABOR MARKET INFORMATION DATA
AVAILABLE BY TOPIC AND UNIT RESPONSIBLE

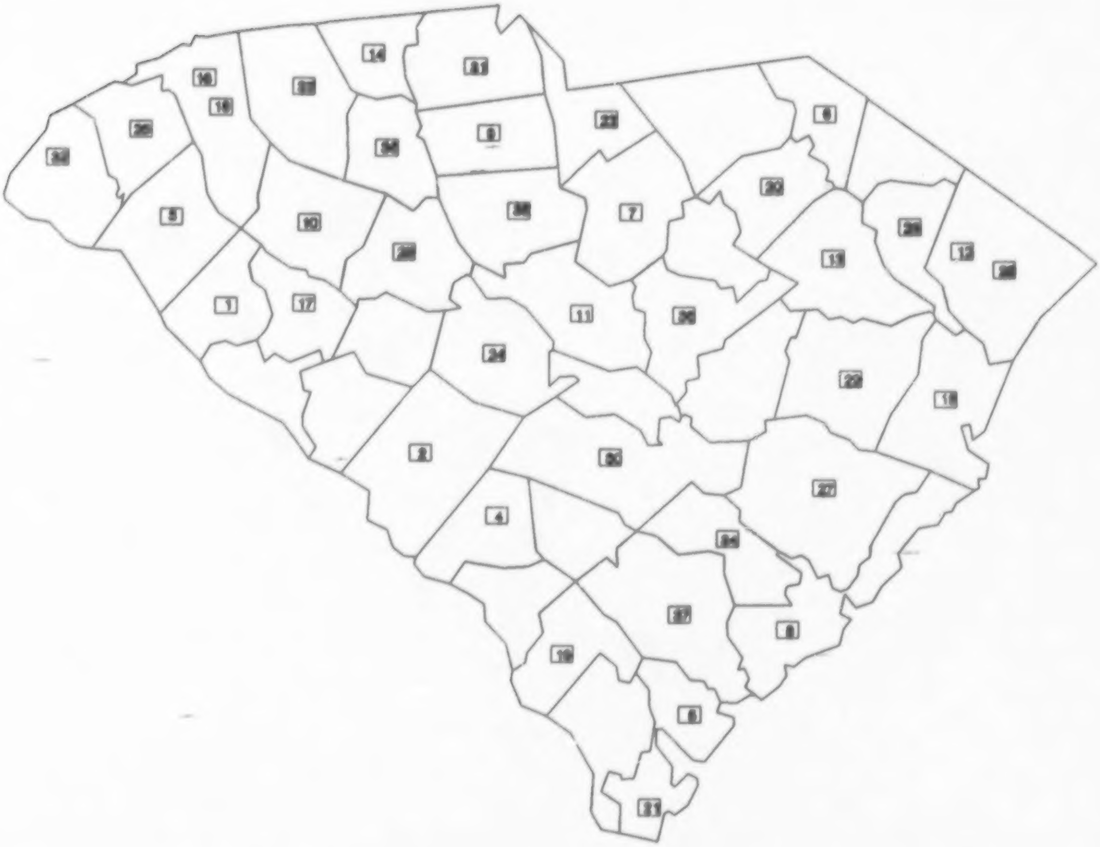
All SCESC Labor Market Information is produced under the direction of Mr. David L. Laird. For data on any of the topics listed, call (803) 737-2660 and ask for the appropriate unit.

UNIT RESPONSIBLE	TOPIC
Current Employment Statistics	Annual S.C. Nonfarm Employment, Hours and Earnings Publication
	Consumer Price Index (CPI)
	County Nonfarm Employment
	Current Employment Statistics
	"Employment Trends" Newsletter
	Female Employment Estimates
	Industry Employment Projections
	Metropolitan Area Employment, Hours, and Earnings
	Productivity Index
	Real Earnings
	SIC Assignment
	State Hours and Earnings
	State Nonagricultural Industry Employment
Economic Analysis	Annual *Labor Market Review* Publication
	Economic Information
	LMI Training
	LMI Special Analysis
	Local Office Assistance
	Quarterly *Labor Market Perspective* Publication
	Target Group Resources
ES-202	Annual *Employment and Wages* Publication
	Covered Employment and Wages
	Covered Employment by Industry and Area
ES/UI Statistics	Agricultural-Related Reports
	ESARS Data
	Labor Turnover
	Targeted Jobs Tax Credit (TJTC)
	UI Data
	Wage Rate Information
Local Area Unemployment Statistics	Affirmative Action (Minority Data)
	Areas of Substantial Unemployment
	County Labor Force Data
	Greenville/Spartanburg Employment

LABOR MARKET INFORMATION DATA AVAILABLE BY TOPIC AND UNIT RESPONSIBLE (CONT'D)

UNIT RESPONSIBLE	TOPIC
Local Areal Unemployment Statistics	Labor Surplus Areas Local Area Unemployment Statistics Sub-County Labor Force Data
Monitor Advocate/Validations	ES Complaint System ES Local Office Validations Services to Migrant & Seasonal Farm Workers
Occupational Employment Statistics	Industry/Occupation Monographs Occupational Employment/Projections Occupational Supply and Demand
Research/PMLPC	Dislocated Workers Early Warning Report of Unemployment Experience Rating Data Permanent Mass Layoffs and Plant Closings UI Financing, Projections, Research, and Legislation

S . C . Employment Security Commission
Job Service Offices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1. Abbeville
2. Aiken
3. Anderson
4. Barnwell
5. Beaufort
6. Bennettsville
7. Camden
8. Charleston
9. Chester
10. Clinton
11. Columbia
12. Conway
13. Florence
14. Gaffney
15. Georgetown
16. Greenville
17. Greenwood
18. Greer
19. Hampton
20. Hartsville
21. Hilton Head
22. Kingstree
23. Lancaster
24. Lexington
25. Liberty
26. Marion
27. Moncks Corner
28. Myrtle Beach
29. Newberry
30. Orangeburg
31. Rock Hill
32. Seneca
33. Spartanburg
34. Summerville
35. Sumter
36. Union
37. Walterboro
38. Winnsboro

SOUTH CAROLINA
EMPLOYMENT SECURITY COMMISSION
JOB SERVICE
LOCAL OFFICE DIRECTORY

LOCAL OFFICES	ADDRESSES	AREA DIRECTOR & PHONE	COUNTIES SERVED
Abbeville	County Office Building Highway 28 By-Pass Post Office Box 519 Abbeville, S.C. 29620	Wallace K. Scott (803) 459-5486	Abbeville McCormick
Aiken	1571 Richland Ave., E. Post Office Box 2418 Aiken, S.C. 29802	William J. Murphy (803) 648-7841	Aiken Edgefield
Anderson	309 W. Whitner Street Post Office Box 407 Anderson, S.C. 29622	William M. McCuen (803) 226-6273	Anderson
Barnwell	2214 Wall Street Post Office Drawer 1259 Barnwell, S.C. 29812	Phillip C. Calhoun (803) 259-7116	Barnwell Bamberg
Beaufort	914 Boundary Street Post Office Drawer 1067 Beaufort, S.C. 29901	Robert D. Craft (803) 524-3351	Beaufort Jasper
ES Office (Branch)	Hilton Head Co. Complex Post Office Box 1464 Hilton Head, S.C. 29925	Robert D. Craft (803) 681-4372	Beaufort
Bennettsville	232 E. Main Street Post Office Drawer 798 Bennettsville S.C. 29512	Marion M. Evans (803) 479-4081	Chesterfield Marlboro
Camden	205 East Dekalb Street Post Office Box 98 Camden S.C. 29020	Vicki H. Smith (803) 432-5153	Kershaw Lee
Charleston			
ES Office	1061 King Street Post Office Drawer N Charleston, S.C. 29402	Samuel L. Pike (803) 792-7026	Charleston Dorchester
ES Office (Branch)	101 Old Airport Entrance Hwy 78 Summerville, S. C. 29484	Samuel Pike (803) 792-7026	Charleston
UI Office	19 Shipwatch Square 3655 Rivers Avenue Post Office Box 70787 Charleston, S.C. 29415	Roy M. Ferguson (803) 747-3631	Berkeley Charleston
Chester	144 Center Street Post Office Drawer 520 Chester, S.C. 29706	Adeliene Culclasure (803) 377-8147	Chester

SOUTH CAROLINA
EMPLOYMENT SECURITY COMMISSION
JOB SERVICE
LOCAL OFFICE DIRECTORY (CONT'D)

LOCAL OFFICES	ADDRESSES	AREA DIRECTOR & PHONE	COUNTIES SERVED
Clinton	Route 3, Laurens Hwy. Post Office Drawer 485 Clinton, S.C. 29325	R. Gary DeLoach (803) 833-0142	Laurens
Columbia			
ES Office	700 Taylor Street Post Office Box 567 Columbia, S.C. 29202	J. Dillard Jacobs (803) 737-9919	Fairfield Lexington Richland
ES Office (Branch)	316 South Lake Drive Lexington, S.C. 29072	Joe G. Rush, Supv. (803) 359-6131	Lexington
ES Office (Branch)	122 Congress Street P. O. Drawer 859 Winnsboro, SC 29180	Woodrow J. Lankford (803) 635-2292	Fairfield
UI Office	701 Hampton Street Post Office Drawer 1449 Columbia, S.C. 29202	James C. Jones, Jr. (803) 737-3040	Fairfield Lexington Richland
Conway	201 Laurel Street Post Office Box 1700 Conway, S.C. 29526	William E. Shelley, Jr. (803) 248-4289	Horry
Florence	1558 West Evans Street Post Office Box F-10 Florence, S.C. 29501	William R. Eaddy (803) 669-4271	Florence Williamsburg(UI)
Gaffney	2128 N. Limestone Street Post Office Box 1270 Gaffney, S.C. 29342	Marion Henderson (803) 489-3112	Cherokee
Georgetown	Georgetown Plaza Hwy 701, P.O. Box 956 Georgetown, S.C. 29440	Jules C. Plouffe (803) 546-8581	Georgetown Williamsburg
ES Office (Branch)	Fitts Blvd. P. O. Box 727 Kingstree, S.C. 29556	Arthur J. Marsh, Supv. (803) 354-7436	Williamsburg
Greenville			
ES Office	23 Butler Avenue Post Office Box 328 Greenville, S.C. 29602	J. W. Ballard (803) 242-3531	Greenville
ES Office (Branch)	6 Middleton Place Greer, S.C. 29651	Crafton E. Barnett (803) 877-7614	Greenville
UI Office	Mulberry Square 1005 Buncombe Street Post Office Box 647 Greenville, S.C. 29602	Michael D. Wyatt (803) 232-3556	Greenville

SOUTH CAROLINA
EMPLOYMENT SECURITY COMMISSION
JOB SERVICE
LOCAL OFFICE DIRECTORY (CONT'D)

LOCAL OFFICES	ADDRESSES	AREA DIRECTOR & PHONE	COUNTIES SERVED
Greenwood	519 Monument Street Post Office Box 1427 Greenwood, S.C. 29646	Willie Herring, Jr. (803) 223-1681	Greenwood
Hampton	12 Walnut Street Post Office Box 368 Hampton, S.C. 29924	Julia Ann Kennedy (803) 943-3291	Allendale Hampton
Hartsville	107 N. Eighth Street Post Office Drawer 1170 Hartsville, S.C. 29550	Connie Ford (803) 332-1554	Darlington
Lancaster	705 N. White Street Post Office Box 1160 Lancaster, S.C. 29720	Beverly Horton (803) 285-6966	Lancaster
Liberty	16 S. Commerce Street Post Office Box 538 Liberty, S.C. 29657	Robert F. Kolb (803) 843-9512	Pickens
Marion	Mullins Hwy. #76 Post Office Box 1110 Marion, S.C. 29571	Jesse L. Hill, Jr. (803) 423-6900	Dillon Marion
Moncks Corner	225 N. Live Oak Drive Post Office Box 668 Moncks Corner, S.C. 29461	Helene Law (803) 761-4400	Berkeley
Myrtle Beach	1100 Legion Street Post Office Drawer 2569 Myrtle Beach, S.C. 29578	William M. Wood (803) 448-1677	Horry
Newberry	900 College Street Post Office Box 498 Newberry, S.C. 29108	Louise J. Cannon (803) 276-2110	Newberry Saluda
Orangeburg ES Office	555 Middleton Street, N.E. Post Office Drawer 1486 Orangeburg, S.C. 29115	Elizabeth R. Sheriff (803) 534-3336	Calhoun Orangeburg
UI Office	146 Waring Street Post Office Drawer 1486 Orangeburg, S.C. 29115	(803) 533-1360	Calhoun Orangeburg
Rock Hill	359 Park Avenue Post Office Box 11189 Rock Hill, S.C. 29730	William C. Salmond (803) 328-3881	York

SOUTH CAROLINA
EMPLOYMENT SECURITY COMMISSION
JOB SERVICE
LOCAL OFFICE DIRECTORY (CONT'D)

LOCAL OFFICES	ADDRESSES	AREA DIRECTOR & PHONE	COUNTIES SERVED
Seneca	103 N. Townville Street Post Office Box 1499 Seneca, S.C. 29679	Fred L. Dodson (803) 882-2259	Oconee
Spartanburg ES Office	364 S. Church Street Post Office Box 1250 Spartanburg, S.C. 29304	Paul L. Walker, Jr. (803) 573-7525	Spartanburg
UI Office	440 S. Church Street Post Office Box 1694 Spartanburg, S.C. 29304	Anne Bailey (803) 573-7231	Spartanburg
Sumter	127 E. Hampton Street Post Office Drawer 1978 Sumter, S.C. 29150	Porcher G. Rembert (803) 773-7359	Clarendon Sumter
Union	Duncan Highway Post Office Box 663 Union, S.C. 29379	Ethel J. Palmer (803) 427-5672	Union
Walterboro	112 Carn Street Post Office Drawer 530 Walterboro, S.C. 29488	M. Rochester Baldwin (803) 549-9422	Colleton